

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring CenturyLink SIP Trunking (Sonus Platform) with Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3, Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3, and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R6.2– Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the steps to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking between CenturyLink SIP Trunking (Sonus Platform) and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3.2, Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R6.2 and various Avaya endpoints.

CenturyLink is a member of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program. Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	INTF	RODUCTION	4
2.	GEN	ERAL TEST APPROACH AND TEST RESULTS	4
	2.1.	INTEROPERABILITY COMPLIANCE TESTING	4
	2.2.	Test Results	
	2.3.	SUPPORT	
2		ERENCE CONFIGURATION	
3.			
4.		IPMENT AND SOFTWARE VALIDATED	
5.	CON	FIGURE AVAYA AURA® COMMUNICATION MANAGER	11
	5.1.	LICENSING AND CAPACITY	11
	5.2.	System Features	12
	5.3.	IP NODE NAMES	13
	5.4.	CODECS	13
	5.5.	IP NETWORK REGION	15
	5.6.	SIGNALING GROUP	16
	5.7.	TRUNK GROUP	
	5.8.	CALLING PARTY INFORMATION	21
	5.9.	OUTBOUND ROUTING	22
6.	CON	FIGURE AVAYA AURA® SESSION MANAGER	25
	6.1.	SYSTEM MANAGER LOGIN AND NAVIGATION	
	6.2.	SPECIFY SIP DOMAIN	
	6.3.	ADD LOCATION	
	6.4.	ADD ADAPTATION MODULE	
	6.5.	ADD SIP ENTITIES	
	6.6.	ADD ENTITY LINKS	
	6.7.	ADD ROUTING POLICIES	
	6.8.	ADD DIAL PATTERNS	
	6.9.	ADD/VIEW SESSION MANAGER	
7.	CON	FIGURE AVAYA SESSION BORDER CONTROLLER FOR ENTERPRISE	
7.			
	7.1.	ACCESS MANAGEMENT INTERFACE	
	7.2.	VERIFY NETWORK CONFIGURATION AND ENABLE INTERFACES	
	7.3.	SIGNALING INTERFACE	
	7.4.	MEDIA INTERFACE	
	7.5.	Server Interworking	
		Server Interworking: Session Manager	
		Server Interworking: CenturyLink	
	7.6.	SERVER CONFIGURATION	
		Server Configuration: Session Manager	
		Server Configuration: CenturyLink	
	7.7.	SIGNALING RULES	
		Signaling Rules: Session Manager	
		Signaling Rule: CenturyLink	
	7.8.	MEDIA RULES	
	7.9.	ENDPOINT POLICY GROUPS	
		Endpoint Policy Group: Session Manager	
		Endpoint Policy Group: CenturyLink	
	7.10.	Routing	
	/.10.1	1. Routing: Session Manager	

ACM; Reviewed:
SPOC 9/6/2013

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.

2 of 83 CTL-CMSM63ASBCE

	7.10.2. Routing: CenturyLink	71
7	7.11. TOPOLOGY HIDING	72
	7.11.1. Topology Hiding: Session Manager	73
	7.11.2. Topology Hiding: CenturyLink	74
7	7.12. END POINT FLOWS	75
	7.12.1. End Point Flow: Session Manager	75
	7.12.2. End Point Flow: CenturyLink	77
8.	CENTURYLINK SIP TRUNKING CONFIGURATION	70
9.		
9. 10.	VERIFICATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING	79
	VERIFICATION AND TROUBLESHOOTING	79 81

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking between CenturyLink SIP Trunking (Sonus Platform) and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3, Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3, Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE) R6.2 and various Avaya endpoints.

Customers using this Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution with CenturyLink SIP Trunking service are able to place and receive PSTN calls via a broadband WAN connection and the SIP protocol. This converged network solution is an alternative to traditional PSTN trunks such as analog and/or ISDN-PRI.

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

A simulated enterprise site using Communication Manager, Session Manager and Avaya SBCE was connected to the public Internet using a broadband connection. The enterprise site was configured to connect to CenturyLink SIP Trunking service through the public IP network.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

To verify SIP Trunking interoperability, the following features and functionality were covered during the interoperability compliance test:

- Response to SIP OPTIONS queries.
- Incoming PSTN calls to H.323 and SIP telephones at the enterprise. All inbound PSTN calls were routed to the enterprise across the SIP trunk from the service provider.
- Outgoing PSTN calls from H.323 and SIP telephones at the enterprise. All outbound PSTN calls were routed from the enterprise across the SIP trunk to the service provider.
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls to/from softphones. Two Avaya soft phones were used in testing: Avaya one-X® Communicator (1XC) and Avaya Flare® Experience for Windows. 1XC supports two work modes (Computer and Other Phone). Each supported mode was tested. 1XC also supports two Voice Over IP (VoIP) protocols: H.323 and SIP. Both protocols were tested. Avaya Flare® Experience for Windows was used in testing as a simple SIP endpoint for basic inbound/outbound calls.
- SIP transport using UDP, TCP or TLS as supported.
- Direct IP-to-IP Media (also known as "Shuffling") over a SIP Trunk. Direct IP-to-IP Media allows Communication Manager to reconfigure the RTP path after call establishment directly between the Avaya phones and the Avaya SBCE releasing media processing resources on the Avaya Media Gateway.

ACM; Reviewed:	Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes	
SPOC 9/6/2013	©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.	C

- Various call types including: local, long distance, inbound and outbound toll-free, international, Operator (0) and Operator-Assisted calls (0 + 10-digits), and local directory assistance (411).
- G.729A.and G.711MU codecs.
- DTMF transmission using RFC 2833.
- Caller ID presentation and Caller ID restriction.
- Response to incomplete call attempts and trunk errors.
- Voicemail access and navigation using DTMF for inbound and outbound calls.
- Telephony supplementary features such as hold and resume, internal call forwarding, transfer, and conference.
- Off-net call forwarding, transfer, conference and EC500 mobility (extension to cellular).
- Call Center scenarios.
- SIP REFER for call redirection and User-To-User Information (UUI)
- T.38 faxing.
- Remote Worker which allows Avaya SIP endpoints to connect directly to the public Internet as enterprise phones for calls to/from the PSTN via the CenturyLink SIP Trunking service.

Items not supported or not tested included the following:

• The emergency (911) call was not tested.

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of CenturyLink SIP Trunking (Sonus Platform) was completed with successful results for all test cases with the exception of the observations/limitations noted below.

- **Transfer Inbound Calls To PSTN Using REFER** Some scenarios of transferring inbound calls to the PSTN failed. The failures occurred with the following transfer scenarios:
 - Blind transfer of inbound call to the PSTN (termed as "Attended/Consultative Transfer with Early Completion" by CenturyLink) where the enterprise transfer initiator completes the transfer before the outbound call to the PSTN transfer destination is answered.
 - Consultative transfer of inbound call to the PSTN by the enterprise SIP hard phone where the enterprise transfer initiator completes the call transfer after the outbound call to the PSTN destination is answered.
 - Blind or consultative transfer of inbound call to the PSTN by the H.323 one-X® Communicator softphone.

In all the above transfer failures, CenturyLink sent a NOTIFY to the enterprise, after accepting the REFER message, indicating "481 Call Leg/Transaction Does Not Exist".

The above problem was reported to CenturyLink for investigation/resolution. CenturyLink advised that Attended/Consultative Transfer with Early Completion (1st transfer scenario above) is not yet supported on the SIP Trunking service (Sonus Platform). Since transfer failures using REFER occurred with other transfer scenarios (2nd and 3rd scenarios above), it is recommended that use of REFER be turned off on Communication Manager (see **Section 5.7**) so that INVITE instead of REFER is used for call transfers until this problem is properly addressed (CenturyLink has opened a ticket with Sonus on this issue). In the compliance test, transfer of inbound calls to PSTN using INVITE was successfully verified.

- **SIP 1XC Conference with PSTN** Using the Conference button on 1XC UI for conferencing existing PSTN call with another PSTN party might cause poor audio or audio loss. The safe operating procedure is to place the existing PSTN call on hold first, make a separate call to the PSTN, then connect the 2 calls into a conference.
- Connected Party Display in PSTN Transfers After an existing call between a PSTN caller and an enterprise extension was transferred off-net to another PSTN party, the displayed connected party at both PSTN phones (the transferred party and the transfer-to party) showed the transferring party number (DID associated with the transferring extension) instead of the true connected-party number/ID. The true connected party information was conveyed by Communication Manager in SIP signaling messages (REFER, UPDATE) to the service provider, but this information was not used to update the true connected party number. The PSTN phone display is ultimately controlled by the PSTN carrier, thus this behavior is not necessarily indicative of a limitation of the CenturyLink SIP Trunking service. It is listed here simply as an observation.

2.3. Support

For technical support on CenturyLink SIP Trunk, contact CenturyLink using the Support link at http://www.CenturyLink.com

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates a sample Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution connected to CenturyLink SIP Trunking through a public Internet WAN connection.

For security purposes, any actual public IP addresses used in the compliance test were changed to 192.168.x.x throughout these Application Notes where the 3^{rd} and 4^{th} octets were retained from the real addresses.

The Avaya components used to create the simulated customer site included:

- Avaya S8800 Server running Communication Manager
- Avaya G450 Media Gateway
- Avaya S8800 Server running Session Manager
- Avaya S8800 Server running System Manager
- Avaya S8800 Server running voice messagng application (Avaya Aura® Messaging)
- Dell R210 V2 Server running Avaya SBCE
- Avaya 96x0-Series IP Telephones (H.323 and SIP)
- Avaya 96x1-Series IP Telephones (H.323 and SIP)
- Avaya 1600-Series IP Telephone (H.323)
- Avaya A175 Desktop Video Device a.k.a. Flare (used as a SIP voice endpoint)
- Avaya one-X® Communicator softphones (H.323 and SIP)
- Avaya Flare® Experience for Windows SIP softphone
- Windows HTTP server containing firmware for various Avaya IP phones to download

Located at the edge of the enterprise is the Avaya SBCE. It has a public interface that connects to the external network and a private interface that connects to the enterprise network. All SIP and RTP traffic entering or leaving the enterprise flows through this enterprise SBC. In this way, the SBC can protect the enterprise against any SIP-based attacks. The transport protocol between the enterprise SBC and CenturyLink across the public IP network is UDP; the transport protocol between the enterprise SBC and Session Manager across the enterprise IP network is TCP.

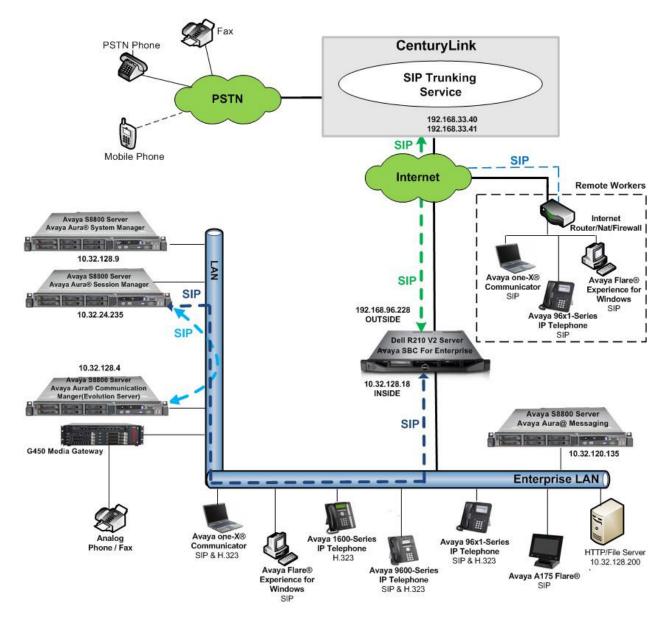


Figure 1: Avaya SIP Enterprise Solution Connecting To CenturyLink SIP Trunking

A separate trunk was created between Communication Manager and Session Manager to carry the service provider traffic. This was done so that any trunk or codec setting required by the service provider could be applied only to this specific trunk while not affecting other enterprise SIP traffic. This trunk carried both inbound and outbound traffic.

There are 2 SIP trunk groups from CenturyLink to the enterprise, therefore 2 access interfaces at CenturyLink SIP Trunking for the compliance test. CenturyLink SIP Trunking was configured to deliver TN (2-way DID numbers) calls to the enterprise from the interface at 192.168.33.40, and 8xx / RDID (1-way DID numbers) calls to the enterprise from the interface at 192.168.33.41. The enterprise was configured to send outbound calls to the CenturyLink SIP Trunking interface at 192.168.33.41.

Inbound calls flow from the service provider to Avaya SBCE then to Session Manager. Session Manager uses the configured Dial Patterns (or regular expressions) and Routing Policies to determine the recipient (in this case Communication Manager) and on which link to send the call. Once the call arrives at Communication Manager, further incoming call treatment, such as incoming digit translations and class of service restrictions may be performed.

Outbound calls to the PSTN are first processed by Communication Manager and may be subject to outbound feature treatment such as automatic route selection, digit manipulation and class of service restrictions. Once Communication Manager selects the proper SIP trunk, the call is routed to Session Manager. Session Manager once again uses the configured Dial Patterns (or regular expressions) and Routing Policies to determine the route to Avaya SBCE. From the enterprise SBC, the call is sent to CenturyLink SIP Trunking through the public IP network.

The compliance test used Avaya Aura® Messaging for testing voice mail access/navigation and MWI (Messaging Wait Indicator) on Avaya enterprise phones. Other voice messaging applications such as Communication Manager Messaging could have been used to satisfy this test purpose.

The enterprise endpoints include both local extensions and Remote Worker phones that connect directly to the public Internet. The same Avaya SBCE was configured to connect to both the service provider network and Remote Worker using separate sets of public / private interfaces (**Figure 1** only shows the public / private interfaces used for connecting to the service provider network).

The administration of Avaya Aura® Messaging, Remote Worker via Avaya SBCE, and endpoints on Communication Manager and Session Manager are standard. Since these configuration tasks are not directly related to the inter-operation with CenturyLink SIP Trunking service, they are not included in these Application Notes.

4. Equipment and Software Validated

Avaya IP Telephony Solution Components			
Equipment/Software	Release/Version		
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	6.3 SP0		
running on Avaya S8800 Server	(R016x.03.0.124.0-20553)		
Avaya G450 Media Gateway	31.20.0 /1		
– ICC	HW01 FW001		
– ANA	HW33 FW091		
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	6.3 SP2		
running on Avaya S8800 Server	(6.3.2.0.632023)		
Avaya Aura® System Manager	6.3.0 FP2		
running on Avaya S8800 Server	Build 6.3.0.8.5682-6.3.8.1627		
	Software Update Revision No: 6.3.2.4.1399		
Avaya Aura® Messaging	6.2 SP2 Patch2		
running on Avaya S8800 Server	(MSG-02.0.823.0-19926)		
Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise	6.2.0.Q36		
running on Dell R210 V2 Server			
Avaya 9640 IP Telephone (SIP)	Avaya one-X® Deskphone SIP Edition		
	2.6.10.1		
Avaya 9630 IP Telephone (H.323)	Avaya one-X [®] Deskphone Edition		
	3.2		
Avaya 9611 IP Telephone (H.323)	Avaya one-X® Deskphone Edition		
	6.2.4.08		
Avaya 9621 IP Telephone (SIP)	Avaya one-X® Deskphone Edition		
	6.2.2		
Avaya 1616 IP Telephone (H.323)	Avaya 1600 IP Deskphone Software Release		
	1.3 Maintenance Release 3		
Avaya A175 Flare® Desktop Video	Version 1.1.3		
Device (SIP telephone function)	(SIP_A175_1_1_3_021913)		
Avaya Flare® Experience for Windows	1.1 SP2 (1.1.2.11)		
Avaya one-X Communicator (H.323 & SIP)	6.1.8.06-SP8-40314		
Fax device	Ventafax Home Version 6.1.59.144		
CenturyLink SIP Tr			
Equipment/Software	Release/Version		
CenturyLink iQ® SIP Trunk	7.3.7		
Sonus NBS	7.3.7		

The specific hardware and software listed in the table above were used for the compliance testing. Note that this solution will be compatible with other Avaya Server and Media Gateway platforms running similar versions of Communication Manager and Session Manager.

5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section describes the procedure for configuring Communication Manager for CenturyLink SIP Trunking. It is assumed the general installation of Communication Manager, Avaya G450 Media Gateway and Session Manager has been previously completed and is not discussed here.

The configuration of Communication Manager was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). Some screens in this section have been abridged and highlighted for brevity and clarity in presentation. After the completion of the configuration, perform a **save translation** command to make the changes permanent.

5.1. Licensing and Capacity

Use the **display system-parameters customer-options** command to verify that the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** value on **Page 2** is sufficient to support the desired number of simultaneous SIP calls across all SIP trunks at the enterprise including any trunks to the service provider. The example shows that 4000 licenses are available and 60 are in use. The license file installed on the system controls the maximum values for these attributes. If a required feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative to add additional capacity.

display system-parameters customer-options		Page	2 of	11
OPTIONAL FEATURES				
IP PORT CAPACITIES		USED		
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks:	4000	36		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations:	2400	10		
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks:	4000	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations:	2400	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons:	68	0		
Max Concur Registered Unauthenticated H.323 Stations:	100	0		
Maximum Video Capable Stations:	2400	0		
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones:	2400	2		
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks:	4000	60		
Maximum Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports:	4000	0		
Maximum Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation:	80	0		
Maximum TN2501 VAL Boards:	10	0		
Maximum Media Gateway VAL Sources:	50	0		
Maximum TN2602 Boards with 80 VoIP Channels:	128	0		
Maximum TN2602 Boards with 320 VoIP Channels:	128	0		
Maximum Number of Expanded Meet-me Conference Ports:	300	0		
(NOTE: You must logoff & login to effect the pe	rmissi	on change	es.)	

5.2. System Features

Use the **change system-parameters feature** command to set the **Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** field to *all* to allow incoming calls from the PSTN to be transferred to another PSTN endpoint. If for security reasons, incoming calls should not be allowed to transfer back to the PSTN then leave the field set to *none*.

```
change system-parameters featuresPage1 of20FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS<br/>Self Station Display Enabled? n<br/>Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: allAutomatic Callback with Called Party Queuing? n<br/>Automatic Callback - No Answer Timeout Interval (rings): 3<br/>Call Park Timeout Interval (minutes): 10<br/>Off-Premises Tone Detect Timeout Interval (seconds): 20<br/>AAR/ARS Dial Tone Required? y1 of20
```

On **Page 9** verify that a text string has been specified to replace the Calling Party Number (CPN) for restricted or unavailable calls. This text string is entered in the two fields highlighted below. The compliance test used the value of *anonymous* for restricted and unavailable calls.

```
9 of 20
change system-parameters features
                                                                Page
                        FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS
CPN/ANI/ICLID PARAMETERS
  CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Restricted Calls: anonymous
  CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Unavailable Calls: anonymous
DISPLAY TEXT
                                       Identity When Bridging: principal
                                        User Guidance Display? n
Extension only label for Team button on 96xx H.323 terminals? n
INTERNATIONAL CALL ROUTING PARAMETERS
               Local Country Code:
          International Access Code:
SCCAN PARAMETERS
  Enable Enbloc Dialing without ARS FAC? n
CALLER ID ON CALL WAITING PARAMETERS
     Caller ID on Call Waiting Delay Timer (msec): 200
```

5.3. IP Node Names

Use the **change node-names ip** command to verify that node names have been previously defined for the IP addresses for Communication Manager (*procr*) and Session Manager (*sessionMgr*). These will be needed for defining the service provider signaling group in Section 5.6.

change node-nam	nes ip		Page	1 of	2
		IP NODE NAMES			
Name	IP Address				
ASBCE	10.32.128.18				
cmm	10.32.128.4				
default	0.0.0.0				
nwkSM	10.32.120.98				
procr	10.32.128.4				
procr6	::				
sessionMgr	10.32.24.235				
2					

5.4. Codecs

Use the **change ip-codec-set** command to define a list of codecs to use for calls between the enterprise and the service provider. For the compliance test, ip-codec-set 2 was used for this purpose. CenturyLink SIP Trunking supports G.729A and G.711MU. Thus, these codecs were included in this set. Enter *G.729A* and *G.711MU* in the Audio Codec column of the table in the order of preference. Default values can be used for all other fields.

```
change ip-codec-set 2
                                                           Page
                                                                  1 of
                                                                         2
                        IP Codec Set
   Codec Set: 2
   Audio
              Silence
                           Frames
                                    Packet
   Codec
               Suppression Per Pkt Size(ms)
1: G.729A
                            2
                                     20
                  n
                             2
2: G.711MU
                    n
                                      20
3:
```

On **Page 2**, set the **Fax Mode** to *t.38-standard* since T.38 faxing is supported by CenturyLink SIP Trunking.

change ip-codec-set	2			Page	2 of	2
	IP Codec Set					
	Allow Di	rect-IP Multimedia	? n			
	Mode	Redundancy				
FAX	t.38-standard	0	ECM:	У		
Modem	off	0				
TDD/TTY	US	3				
Clear-channel	n	0				

5.5. IP Network Region

Create a separate IP network region for the service provider trunk. This allows for separate codec or quality of service settings to be used (if necessary) for calls between the enterprise and the service provider versus calls within the enterprise or elsewhere. For the compliance test, IP-network-region 2 was chosen for the service provider trunk. Use the **change ip-network-region 2** command to configure region 2 with the following parameters:

- Set the **Authoritative Domain** field to match the SIP domain of the enterprise. In this configuration, the domain name is *avaya.com*. This name appears in the "From" header of SIP messages originating from this IP region.
- Enter a descriptive name in the **Name** field.
- Enable **IP-IP Direct Audio** (shuffling) to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between IP endpoints without using media resources in the Avaya Media Gateway. Set both **Intra-region** and **Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio** to *yes*. This is the default setting. Shuffling can be further restricted at the trunk level on the Signaling Group form.
- Set the **Codec Set** field to the IP codec set defined in **Section 5.4**.
- Default values can be used for all other fields.

```
change ip-network-region 2
                                                                 Page 1 of 20
                               IP NETWORK REGION
 Region: 2
Location: 1
                Authoritative Domain: avaya.com
   Name: SP Region Stub Network Region: n
MEDIA PARAMETERS
                               Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes

    Codec Set: 2
    Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes

    Data
    IP Audio Hairpinning? n

  UDP Port Min: 2048
                                         IP Audio Hairpinning? n
  UDP Port Max: 3329
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
Call Control PHB Value: 46
       Audio PHB Value: 46
       Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/Q PARAMETERS
Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
       Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
       Video 802.1p Priority: 5
                                  AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
                                                        RSVP Enabled? n
 H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
  Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
            Keep-Alive Count: 5Keep-Alive Count: 5
```

On **Page 4**, define the IP codec set to be used for traffic between region 2 and region 1. Enter the desired IP codec set in the **codec set** column of the row with destination region (**dst rgn**) 1. Default values may be used for all other fields. The example below shows the settings used for the compliance test. It indicates that codec set 2 will be used for calls between region 2 (the service provider region) and region 1 (the rest of the enterprise).

```
change ip-network-region 2
                                                    Page
                                                          4 of 20
Source Region: 2 Inter Network Region Connection Management I
                                                               М
                                                        G A
                                                               t
dst codec direct WAN-BW-limits Video Intervening Dyn A G
                                                               С
rgn set WAN Units Total Norm Prio Shr Regions
                                                    CAC R L
                                                               е
1
    2
        y NoLimit
                                                        n
                                                               t.
2
    2
                                                          all
3
```

5.6. Signaling Group

Use the **add signaling-group** command to create a signaling group between Communication Manager and Session Manager for use by the service provider trunk. This signaling group is used for inbound and outbound calls between the service provider and the enterprise. For the compliance test, signaling group 5 was used for this purpose and was configured using the parameters highlighted below.

- Set the **Group Type** field to *sip*.
- Set the **IMS Enabled** field to *n*. This specifies that Communication Manager will serve as an Evolution Server for Session Manager.
- Set the **Transport Method** to *tcp*. The transport method specified here is used between Communication Manager and Session Manager. TCP was chosen for ease of tracing/debugging signaling between Communication Manager and Session Manager. In production environment, the default value of *tls* (Transport Layer Security) is recommended.
- Set the Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port to a valid unused port instead of the default well-known port value. (For TLS, the well-known port value is 5061 and for TCP the well-known port value is 5060). This is necessary for Session Manager to distinguish this trunk from the trunk used for other enterprise SIP traffic. The compliance test was conducted with the Near-end Listen Port and Far-end Listen Port set to 5068.
- Set the **Peer Detection Enabled** field to *y*. The **Peer-Server** field will initially be set to *Others* and cannot be changed via administration. Later, the **Peer-Server** field will automatically change to *SM* once Communication Manager detects its peer as a Session Manager.
- Set the Near-end Node Name to *procr*. This node name maps to the IP address of Communication Manager as defined in Section 5.3.
- Set the **Far-end Node Name** to *sessionMgr*. This node name maps to the IP address of Session Manager as defined in **Section 5.3**
- Set the **Far-end Network Region** to the IP network region defined for the service provider in **Section 5.5**.

ACM; Reviewed:	Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes	
SPOC 9/6/2013	©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.	СТ

- Set the **Far-end Domain** to the domain of the enterprise.
- Set **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections** to *y*. This field will enable media shuffling on the SIP trunk allowing Communication Manager to redirect media traffic directly between the SIP trunk and the enterprise endpoint. If this value is set to **n**, then the Avaya Media Gateway will remain in the media path of all calls between the SIP trunk and the endpoint. Depending on the number of media resources available in the Avaya Media Gateway, these resources may be depleted during high call volume preventing additional calls from completion.
- Set the **DTMF over IP** field to *rtp-payload*. This setting directs Communication Manager to send DTMF transmissions using RFC 2833.
- Set the Alternate Route Timer to *15*. This defines the number of seconds Communication Manager will wait for a response (other than 100 Trying) to an outbound INVITE before canceling the call.
- Set Initial IP-IP Direct Media to *n*.
- Default values may be used for all other fields.

```
add signaling-group 5
                                                              Page 1 of 2
                               SIGNALING GROUP
 Group Number: 5
                             Group Type: sip
  IMS Enabled? n
                       Transport Method: tcp
       Q-SIP? n
    IP Video? n
                                                  Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? y
 Peer Detection Enabled? y Peer Server: SM
 Prepend '+' to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Public Numbers? y
Remove '+' from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Numbers? n
   Near-end Node Name: procr
                                            Far-end Node Name: sessionMgr
 Near-end Listen Port: 5068
                                          Far-end Listen Port: 5068
                                       Far-end Network Region: 2
                                  Far-end Secondary Node Name:
Far-end Domain: avaya.com
                                            Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
                                                   RFC 3389 Comfort Noise? n
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: eliminate
        DTMF over IP: rtp-payload
                                             Direct IP-IP Audio Connections? y
Session Establishment Timer(min): 3
                                                       IP Audio Hairpinning? n
       Enable Layer 3 Test? y
                                                Initial IP-IP Direct Media? n
H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media? n
                                                Alternate Route Timer(sec): 15
```

5.7. Trunk Group

Use the **add trunk-group** command to create a trunk group for the signaling group created in **Section 5.6**. For the compliance test, trunk group 5 was configured using the parameters highlighted below.

- Set the **Group Type** field to *sip*.
- Enter a descriptive name for the **Group Name**.
- Enter an available trunk access code (TAC) that is consistent with the existing dialplan in the **TAC** field.
- Set the **Service Type** field to *public-ntwrk*.
- Set Member Assignment Method to *auto*.
- Set the **Signaling Group** to the signaling group created in **Section 5.6**.
- Set the **Number of Members** field to the number of trunk members in the SIP trunk group. This value determines how many simultaneous SIP calls can be supported by this trunk.
- Default values were used for all other fields.

add trunk-group 5 Page 1 of 21				
	TRUNK GROUP			
Group Number: 5	Group Type: sip	CDR Reports: y		
Group Name: A-SP-Trunk	COR: 1	TN: 1 TAC: 1005		
Direction: two-way	Outgoing Display? n			
Dial Access? n	Night	Service:		
Queue Length: 0				
Service Type: public-ntwrk	Auth Code? n			
		ssignment Method: auto Signaling Group: 5 umber of Members: 10		

On Page 2, set the Redirect On OPTIM Failure timer to the same amount of time as the Alternate Route Timer on the signaling group form in Section 5.6. Note that the Redirect On OPTIM Failure timer is defined in milliseconds. Verify that the Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval is set to a value acceptable to the service provider. This value defines the interval that re-INVITEs must be sent to keep the active session alive. For the compliance test, the value of *600* seconds was used.

```
add trunk-group 5

Group Type: sip

TRUNK PARAMETERS

Unicode Name: auto

Redirect On OPTIM Failure: 15000

SCCAN? n

Digital Loss Group: 18

Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval(sec): 600

XOIP Treatment: auto

Delay Call Setup When Accessed Via IGAR? n
```

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved. On **Page 3**, set the **Numbering Format** field to *private*. This field specifies the format of the calling party number (CPN) sent to the far-end. Beginning with Communication Manager 6.0, public numbers are automatically preceded with a + sign (E.164 numbering format) when passed in the SIP From, Contact and P-Asserted Identity headers. The compliance test used 10 digit numbering format. Thus, **Numbering Format** was set to **private** and the **Numbering Format** field in the route pattern was set to **unk-unk** (see Section 5.9).

Set the **Replace Restricted Numbers** and **Replace Unavailable Numbers** fields to *y*. This will allow the CPN displayed on enterprise endpoints to be replaced with the value set in **Section 5.2**, if the inbound call enabled CPN block. For outbound calls, these same settings request that CPN block be activated on the far-end destination if an enterprise user requests CPN block on a particular call routed out this trunk. Default values were used for all other fields.

add trunk-group 5 TRUNK FEATURES	Page 3 of 21
ACA Assignment? n	Measured: none Maintenance Tests? y
Numbering	Format: private UUI Treatment: service-provider
	Replace Restricted Numbers? y Replace Unavailable Numbers? y
	Modify Tandem Calling Number: no
Show ANSWERED BY on Display? y	
DSN Term? n	SIP ANAT Supported? n

On **Page 4**, the **Network Call Redirection** field can be set to *n* (default setting) or *y*. Setting the **Network Call Redirection** flag to *y* enables use of the SIP REFER message for call transfer; otherwise the SIP INVITE message will be used for call transfer. Set the **Send Diversion Header** field to *y*. This field provides additional information to the network if the call has been re-directed. This is needed to support call forwarding of inbound calls back to the PSTN and Extension to Cellular (EC500) call scenarios. Set the **Telephone Event Payload Type** to *101*, the value preferred by CenturyLink.

Note that due to the problem of **Transfer Inbound Calls To PSTN Using REFER** as documented in **Section 2.2**, the flag **Network Call Redirection** should be set to *n* if this is an important call scenario in the customer's production environment.

add trunk-group 5	Page 4 of 21
PROTOCOL VARIATIONS	
Mark Users as Phone?	
Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number?	n
Send Transferring Party Information?	n
Network Call Redirection?	n
Build Refer-To URI of REFER From Contact For NCR?	n
Send Diversion Header?	У
Support Request History?	n
Telephone Event Payload Type:	
Shuffling with SDP? n	
•·····································	
Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media?	V
Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates?	-
Identity for Calling Party Display:	-
Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE?	
Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination?	
Enable Q-SIP?	n

5.8. Calling Party Information

The calling party number is sent in the SIP "From", "Contact" and "PAI" headers. Since private numbering was selected to define the format of this number (Section 5.7), use the change **private-numbering** command to create an entry for each extension which has a DID assigned. The DID numbers are provided by the SIP service provider. Each DID number is assigned to one enterprise internal extension or Vector Directory Numbers (VDNs). It is used to authenticate the caller.

The screen below shows a subset of the DID numbers assigned for testing. These 5 numbers were mapped to the 5 enterprise extensions 40000, 41011, 41012, 41014 and 41016. These same 10-digit numbers were used in the outbound calling party information on the service provider trunk when calls were originated from these 5 extensions.

chai	nge private-num	bering O		Page 1 of 2	
		NU	MBERING - PRIVATE	FORMAT	Γ
Ext	Ext	Trk	Private	Total	
Len	Code	Grp(s)	Prefix	Len	
5	3			5	Total Administered: 31
5	4			5	Maximum Entries: 540
5	40000	5	3036157106	10	
5	41011	5	3036157105	10	
5	41012	5	3036157107	10	
5	41014	5	3036157104	10	
5	41016	5	3036157108	10	

In a real customer environment, normally the DID number is comprised of the local extension plus a prefix. If this is true, then a single private numbering entry can be applied for all extensions. In the example below, all stations with a 5-digit extension beginning with 4 will send the calling party number as the **Private Prefix** plus the extension number.

chai	nge private-num		MBERING - PRIVATE	FORMA	2	of	2
Len	Ext Code 8	Trk Grp(s)	Private Prefix	Total Len	Total Administered:	10	
5	4	5	51675	10	Maximum Entries:		

5.9. Outbound Routing

In these Application Notes, the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature is used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk to the service provider. In the sample configuration, the single digit 9 is used as the ARS access code. Enterprise callers will dial 9 to reach an "outside line". This common configuration is illustrated below with little elaboration. Use the **change dialplan analysis** command to define a dialed string beginning with 9 of length 1 as a feature access code (**fac**).

change dial	plan an	alysis		NT 7 NT 7 X		Page	1 of	12
				AN ANALY: ocation:		ercent Fi	ıll: 3	
Dialed String		Call h Type	Dialed String		Dialed String	Total Length		
1 3	4 5	dac ext	-	-	 -	-		
4 5	5 5	ext ext						
8 9	1 1	fac fac						
* #	3 3	fac fac						

Use the **change feature-access-codes** command to configure *9* as the **Auto Route Selection** (ARS) – Access Code 1.

```
change feature-access-codes
                                                              Page
                                                                     1 of 11
                              FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)
        Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code:
        Abbreviated Dialing List2 Access Code:
        Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code:
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code:
                     Announcement Access Code:
                      Answer Back Access Code:
                        Attendant Access Code:
     Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code: 8
                                                   Access Code 2:
   Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1: 9
               Automatic Callback Activation:
                                                    Deactivation:
Call Forwarding Activation Busy/DA: *01 All: *02 Deactivation: *03
                                         Act:
  Call Forwarding Enhanced Status:
                                                     Deactivation:
                        Call Park Access Code:
                      Call Pickup Access Code:
CAS Remote Hold/Answer Hold-Unhold Access Code:
                 CDR Account Code Access Code:
                       Change COR Access Code:
                  Change Coverage Access Code:
           Conditional Call Extend Activation:
                                                    Deactivation:
                  Contact Closure Open Code:
                                                       Close Code:
```

Use the **change ars analysis** command to configure the routing of dialed digits following the first digit 9. The example below shows a subset of the dialed strings tested as part of the compliance test. See **Section 2.1** for the complete list of call types tested. All dialed strings are mapped to route pattern 55 which contains the SIP trunk to the service provider (as defined next).

change ars analysis O	A	-	GIT ANALYS	Page Percent F	1 of ull: 3	2		
Dialed String 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 7 32 1800 1877 1908 411	Tot Min 1 8 11 2 9 10 11 11 11 11 3	al Max 1 8 11 2 17 18 11 11 11 3	Route Pattern 55 deny 55 2 deny 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	Call Type op op iop intl fnpa fnpa fnpa svcl	Node Num	ANI Reqd n n n n n n n n n n		

The route pattern defines which trunk group will be used for the call and performs any necessary digit manipulation. Use the **change route-pattern** command to configure the parameters for the service provider trunk route pattern in the following manner. The example below shows the values used for route pattern 55 during the compliance test.

- **Pattern Name**: Enter a descriptive name.
- **Grp No**: Enter the outbound trunk group for the SIP service provider. For the compliance test, trunk group *5* was used.
- **FRL**: Set the Facility Restriction Level (**FRL**) field to a level that allows access to this trunk for all users that require it. The value of *0* is the least restrictive level.
- **Pfx Mrk**: The Prefix Mark of *1* will prefix any FNPA 10-digit number with a 1 and leave numbers of any other length unchanged. This will ensure 1 + 10 digits are sent to the service provider for long distance North American Numbering Plan (NANP) numbers. All HNPA 10 digit numbers are left unchanged.
- **Numbering Format**: Enter *unk-unk*. All calls using this route pattern will use the private numbering table. See setting of the **Numbering Format** in the trunk group form for full details in **Section 5.7**.

3
IXC
user
AR
one
ו ר ר

6. Configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager

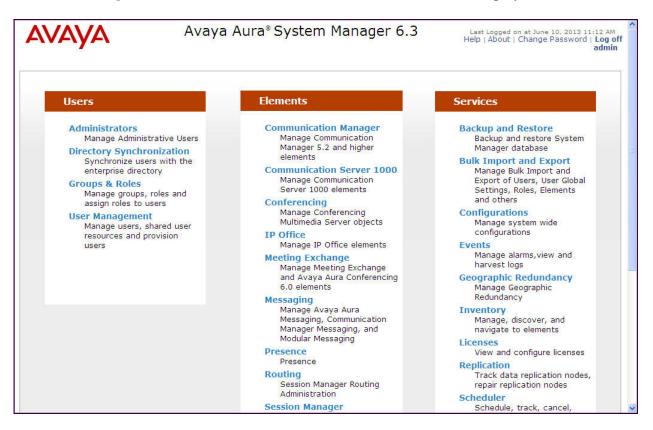
This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The procedures include the following items:

- Specify SIP Domain
- Add logical/physical Location that can be occupied by SIP Entities at the enterprise site
- Add Adaptation module to perform dial plan manipulation
- Add SIP Entities corresponding to Communication Manager, Avaya SBCE and Session Manager
- Add Entity Links, which define the SIP trunk parameters used by Session Manager when routing calls to/from SIP Entities
- Add Routing Policies, which define route destinations and control call routing between the SIP Entities
- Add Dial Patterns, which specify dialed digits and govern to which SIP Entity a call is routed
- Add/View Session Manager, corresponding to the Session Manager to be managed by System Manager.

It may not be necessary to create all the items above when configuring a connection to the service provider since some of these items would have already been defined as part of the initial Session Manager installation. This includes items such as certain SIP Domains, Locations, SIP Entities, and Session Manager itself. However, each item should be reviewed to verify proper configuration.

6.1. System Manager Login and Navigation

Session Manager configuration is accomplished by accessing the browser-based GUI of System Manager, using the URL "https://<ip-address>/SMGR", where "<ip-address>" is the IP address of System Manager. At the **System Manager Log On** screen, provide the appropriate credentials and click on **Login** (not shown). The initial screen shown below is then displayed.



Most of the configuration items are performed in the Routing Element. Click on **Routing** in the **Elements** column to bring up the **Introduction to Network Routing Policy** screen.

The navigation tree displayed in the left pane will be referenced in subsequent sections to navigate to items requiring configuration.

AVAYA	Avaya Aura [®] System Manager 6.3 Last Logged on at June 10, 2013 11:12 AM Help About Change Password Log of								
	admin Routing [×] Home								
• Routing	Home /Elements / Routing								
Domains	Help ?								
Locations	Introduction to Network Routing Policy								
Adaptations	Network Routing Policy consists of several routing applications like "Domains", "Locations", "SIP Entities", etc.								
SIP Entities	The recommended order to use the routing applications (that means the overall routing workflow) to configure								
Entity Links	your network configuration is as follows:								
Time Ranges	Step 1: Create "Domains" of type SIP (other routing applications are referring domains of type SIP).								
Routing Policies	Step 2: Create "Locations"								
Dial Patterns	Step 3: Create "Adaptations"								
Regular Expressions									
Defaults	Step 4: Create "SIP Entities"								
	- SIP Entities that are used as "Outbound Proxies" e.g. a certain "Gateway" or "SIP Trunk"								
	- Create all "other SIP Entities" (Session Manager, CM, SIP/PSTN Gateways, SIP Trunks)								
	- Assign the appropriate "Locations", "Adaptations" and "Outbound Proxies"								
	Step 5: Create the "Entity Links"								
	- Between Session Managers								
	- Between Session Managers and "other SIP Entities"								
	Step 6: Create "Time Ranges"								
	- Align with the tariff information received from the Service Providers								

6.2. Specify SIP Domain

Create a SIP Domain for each domain of which Session Manager will need to be aware in order to route calls. For the compliance test, this includes the enterprise domain (*avaya.com*). Navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **Domains** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

- Name: Enter the domain name that matches the Authoritative Domain setting in Section 5.5.
- **Type:** Select **sip** from the pull-down menu.
- Notes: Add a brief description (optional).

Click **Commit**. The screen below shows the entry for the enterprise domain.

Home /Elements / Routing / Domains			
Domain Management		Commit Cancel	Help ?
1 Item Refresh Name	Туре	Notes	Filter: Enable
* avaya.com	sip 🔽	Enterprise Domain	
E		Commit Cancel)

6.3. Add Location

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for purposes of bandwidth management and call admission control. To add a Location, navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow Locations in the left-hand navigation pane and click the New button in the right pane (not shown).

In the **General** section, enter the following values:

- Name: Enter a descriptive name for the Location.
- Notes: Add a brief description (optional).

In the **Location Pattern** section (see 2nd screen below), click **Add** and enter the following values:

- **IP Address Pattern:** An IP address pattern used to identify the Location.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

Displayed below are the top and bottom halves of the screen for addition of the *Location 1* Location, which includes all equipment on the enterprise network. Click **Commit** to save.

Home /Elements / Routing / Locations		
Location Details	Commit Cancel	Help ?
General		
* Name:	Location 1	
Notes:	Enterprise Site for SP Testing	
Dial Plan Transparency in Survivabl	e Mode	
Enabled:		
Listed Directory Number:		
Associated CM SIP Entity:	×.	
Overall Managed Bandwidth		
Managed Bandwidth Units:	Kbit/sec 💌	
Total Bandwidth:		
Multimedia Bandwidth:		
Audio Calls Can Take Multimedia Bandwidth:		

Per-Call Bandwidth Parameters							
Maximum Multimedia Bandwidth (Intra- Location):		Kbit/Sec					
Maximum Multimedia Bandwidth (Inter- Location):		Kbit/Sec					
* Minimum Multimedia Bandwidth:	64	Kbit/Sec					
* Default Audio Bandwidth:	* Default Audio Bandwidth: 80 Kbit/sec 👻						
Alarm Threshold							
Overall Alarm Threshold:	80 💉 9	6					
Multimedia Alarm Threshold:	80 💙 9	6					
* Latency before Overall Alarm Trigger:	5 Minu	tes					
* Latency before Multimedia Alarm	5 Minu	tes					
Trigger:							
Location Pattern							
Add Remove							
5 Items Refresh				Filter: Enable			
E.			N-1	Ther, Enable			
IP Address Pattern		A	Notes				
■ * 10.1.2.*			Trenton CM 5.2.1 Environment				
10.32.120.*			AAM and other CPE devices				
* 10.32.128.*			Princeton CM and other CPE devices				
10.32.24.235			SM (devcon-asm)				
192.168.49.*			CPE endpoints				

Note that call bandwidth management parameters should be set per customer requirement.

Also note that the "10.1.2.*" entry in the Lacation Pattern table above was not used by the compliance test. This entry was configured for other test projects.

6.4. Add Adaptation Module

Session Manager can be configured with Adaptation modules that can modify SIP messages before or after routing decisions have been made. A generic Adaptation module **DigitConversionAdapter** supports digit conversion of telephone numbers in specific headers of SIP messages. Other Adaptation modules are built on this generic, and can modify other headers to permit interoperability with third party SIP products.

For interoperability with CenturyLink SIP Trunking, one Adaptation is needed. This Adaptation is applied to the Communication Manager SIP Entity and maps inbound DID numbers from CenturyLink to local Communication Manager extensions.

To create an Adaptation, navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **Adaptations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown).

In the General section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- Adaptation Name: Enter a descriptive name for the Adaptation.
- Module Name: Enter *DigitConversionAdapter*

To map inbound DID numbers from CenturyLink to Communication Manager extensions, scroll down to the **Digit Conversion for Outgoing Calls from SM** section. Create an entry for each DID to be mapped. Click **Add** and enter the following values for each mapping. Use default values for all remaining fields:

 Matching Pattern: 	Enter a digit string used to match the inbound DID number.

- Min: Enter a minimum dialed number length used in the match criteria.
- Max: Enter a maximum dialed number length used in the match criteria.
- **Delete Digits** Enter the number of digits to delete from the beginning of the received number.
- Insert Digits: Enter the number of digits to insert at the beginning of the received number.
- Address to modify: Select *destination*.

Click **Commit** to save.

Adapta	Adaptation Details Commit Cancel											
Gene	ral											
	*	Adapt	ation na	me: CTL	CM-ES							
		M	odule na	me: Digit	Conversion	Adapter	~					
	,	lodule	parame	ter:								
	Egres	s URI	Paramet	ers:								
					ies to CM S	ID Entity						
			NO	Co. Appl		An Entity						
Digit	Conversion fo	r Inco	mina	Calls to 9	SM							
Add	Remove	Inco	, ining .		5111							
											-11-	2 PR
0 Ite	ms Refresh					22400				1 an anna		: Enable
Taran	Matching Pattern	Min	Max	Phone Context	Dele Digit		Insert Digits	Addr modi	ess to ify	Adaş Data	otation	Notes
Add	Conversion fo Remove	r Out	going (Calls from	n SM						Filter	: Enable
1274					Phone	Delete			Addres	s to		
	Matching Patter	n 🔺	Min	Max	Context	Digits	Insert [Digits	modify		Adaptat	ion Data
	* 3036157104		* 10	* 10		* 10	41014		destinat			
	* 3036157105		* 10	* 10		* 10	41011		destinat			
	* 3036157106		* 10	* 10		* 10	40000		destinat	tion 💌		
	* 3036157107		* 10	* 10		* 10	41012		destinat	tion 💌		
	* 3036157108		* 10	* 10		* 10	41016		destinat	tion 👻		

In the example shown above, if a user on the PSTN dials 303-615-7107, Session Manager will convert the number to 41012 in the Request URI before sending out the SIP INVITE to Communication Manager. As such, it would not be necessary to use the incoming call handling table of the receiving Communication Manager trunk group to convert the DID number to its corresponding extension. For an outbound call, the Communication Manager private-numbering table was configured with an entry to convert the calling number from 41012 to 3036157107 in the From and other appropriate headers of outbound INVITE sent on the trunk group to Session Manager (as shown in **Section 5.8**).

During compliance testing, the digit conversions (or number mappings) in Session Manager Adaptation were varied to route inbound calls to various destinations (including access number to Avaya Aura® Messaging and Communication Manager Vector Directory Numbers) for different test cases.

6.5. Add SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for Session Manager and for each SIP telephony system connected to it which includes Communication Manager and Avaya SBCE. Navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **SIP Entities** in the left navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown).

In the General section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

• Name:	Enter a descriptive name.
• FQDN or IP Address:	Enter the FQDN or IP address of the SIP Entity that is used for SIP
	signaling.
• Type:	Select Session Manager for Session Manager, CM for
	Communication Manager and SIP Trunk for Avaya SBCE.
 Adaptation: 	This field is only present if Type is not set to <i>Session Manager</i> .
	If applicable, select the Adaptation name created in Section 6.4
	that will be applied to this entity.
• Location:	Select the Location defined previously.
• Time Zone:	Select the time zone for the Location above.

The following screen shows the addition of the Session Manager SIP Entity. The IP address of the Session Manager signaling interface is entered for **FQDN or IP Address**.

Home /Elements / Routing / SIP Entiti	es	
		Help ?
SIP Entity Details	Commit	ncel
General		
* Name:	devcon-asm	
* FQDN or IP Address:	10.32.24.235	
Туре:	Session Manager 💌	
Notes:	Session Manager for SP testing	
Location:	Location 1	
Outbound Proxy:	×	
Time Zone:	America/New_York	
Credential name:		
SIP Link Monitoring		
	Use Session Manager Configuration 💌	

To define the ports used by Session Manager, scroll down to the **Port** section of the **SIP Entity Details** screen. This section is only present for the **Session Manager** SIP Entity.

In the **Port** section, click **Add** and enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

• Port:	Port number on which the Session Manager can listen for SIP	
	requests.	

- **Protocol:** Transport protocol used for SIP messages.
- **Default Domain:** The domain used for the enterprise.

Defaults can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

The compliance test used 2 Port entries:

- **5060** with **TCP** for connecting to Avaya SBCE
- 5068 with TCP for connecting to Communication Manager

In addition, port 5060 with TCP was also used by a separate SIP Link between Session Manager and Communication Manager for Avaya SIP telephones and SIP soft clients. This SIP Link was part of the standard configuration on Session Manager and was not directly relevant to the inter-operability with CenturyLink SIP Trunking.

Other entries defined (for other projects) as shown in the screen were not used.

	ailover port: ailover port:				
dd	Remove				
7 Items Refresh Filter: Enable					
	Port 🔺	Protocol	Default Domain	Notes	
	5060	ТСР 💙	avaya.com 🔽		
	5060	UDP 👻	avaya.com 💌		
	5061	TLS 🔽	avaya.com 💌		
	5062	TCP 💌	avaya.com 💌		
	5066	TCP 💙	avaya.com 💌		
	5068	TCP 💌	avaya.com 💌		
	5080	TCP 💌	avaya.com 💙		

The following screen shows the addition of the Communication Manager SIP Entity. In order for Session Manager to send SIP service provider traffic on a separate Entity Link to Communication Manager, it is necessary to create a separate SIP Entity for Communication Manager in addition to the one created at Session Manager installation for use with all other SIP traffic within the enterprise. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of Communication Manager. For the **Adaptation** field, select the Adaptation module previously defined for digit manipulation in **Section 6.4**.

Home /Elements / Routing / SIP Entities				
SIP Entity Details		Commit	Help ?	
General				
* Name:	sp5-cm			
* FQDN or IP Address:	10.32.128.4			
Туре:	CM			
Notes:	Princeton CM w/ trunk grp 5			
Adaptation	CTL CM-ES			
Adaptation:	CTL CM-ES			
	Location 1			
Time Zone:	America/New_York			
Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:	5□			
* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):	4			
Credential name:				
Call Detail Recording:	none 💌			
Loop Detection Loop Detection Mode:	Off			
SIP Link Monitoring				
SIP Link Monitoring:	Use Session Manager Configuration 💌			

The following screen shows the addition of the SIP Entity for Avaya SBCE. The **FQDN or IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the SBC's inside network interface (see **Figure 1**).

Home /Elements / Routing / SIP Entities				
SIP Entity Details	Commit Cancel	Help ?		
General				
* Name:	ASBCE			
* FQDN or IP Address:	10.32.128.18			
Type:	SIP Trunk			
Notes:	Avaya SBCE			
Adaptation:	×			
Location:	Location 1			
Time Zone:	America/New_York			
Override Port & Transport with DNS SRV:	⁵ □			
* SIP Timer B/F (in seconds):	4			
Credential name:				
Call Detail Recording:	egress 💌			
Loop Detection Loop Detection Mode:	Off			
SIP Link Monitoring				
SIP Link Monitoring:	Use Session Manager Configuration 💌			

6.6. Add Entity Links

A SIP trunk between Session Manager and a telephony system is described by an Entity Link. Two Entity Links were created; one to Communication Manager for use only by service provider traffic and the other to Avaya SBCE. To add an Entity Link, navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **Entity Links** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Fill in the following fields in the new row that is displayed:

• Name: Enter a descriptive name. • SIP Entity 1: Select the Session Manager SIP Entity. • Protocol: Select the transport protocol used for this link. • Port: Port number on which Session Manager will receive SIP requests from the far-end. For Communication Manager, this must match the Far-end Listen Port defined on the Communication Manager signaling group in Section 5.6. • SIP Entity 2: Select the name of the other SIP Entity as defined in Section 6.5. • Port: Port number on which the other system receives SIP requests from the Session Manager. For Communication Manager, this must match the Near-end Listen Port defined on the Communication Manager signaling group in Section 5.6. • Connection Select Trusted. Note: If this selection is not made, calls from the **Policy:** associated SIP Entity specified in Section 6.5 will be denied.

Click Commit to save.

The following screens illustrate the Entity Links to Communication Manager and Avaya SBCE. It should be noted that in a customer environment the Entity Link to Communication Manager would normally use TLS. TCP, as was set for the compliance test, can be used to aid in troubleshooting since the signaling traffic would not be encrypted. The protocol and ports defined here must match the values used on the Communication Manager signaling group form in **Section 5.6**.

ome /Elements / Rout ntity Links	ng / Entity Links			Comm	it Can	icel	Hel	lp ?
1 Item Refresh							Filter: Enabl	e
Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2		Port	Connection Policy	_
] * devcon-asm_sp5-	devcon-asm 💌		* 5068	* sp5-cm	~	* 5068	trusted	
Select : All, None								

Entity Link to Communication Manager:

Entity Link to Avaya SBC for Enterprise:

Hom	e /Elements / Routing	/ Entity Links							
Entity	/ Links				Comn	nit Car	ncel	Help	?
1 It	em Refresh							Filter: Enable	ŧ
	Name	SIP Entity 1	Protocol	Port	SIP Entity 2		Port	Connection Policy	
<	* devcon-asm_ASBCE	* devcon-asm 💌	TCP 💙	* 5060	* ASBCE	~	* 5060	trusted >	
Sele	ect : All, None								
0									
					Comn	nit Car	ncel		

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved. Note that a separate Entity Link existed between Communication Manager and Session Manager using port 5060 and TCP (not shown). This separate Entity Link carries SIP traffic between Session Manager and Communication Manager that is not necessarily related to calls to and from the service provider, such as traffic related to SIP endpoints registered to Session Manager, or traffic related to messaging application, which has SIP integration to Session Manager.

6.7. Add Routing Policies

Routing Policies describe the conditions under which calls will be routed to the SIP Entities specified in Section 6.5. Two Routing Policies must be added: one for Communication Manager and the other for Avaya SBCE. To add a Routing Policy, navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **Routing Policies** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the New button in the right pane (not shown). The following screen is displayed. Fill in the following:

In the General section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

- Name: Enter a descriptive name.
- Notes: Add a brief description (optional).

In the **SIP Entity as Destination** section, click **Select**. The **SIP Entity List** page opens (not shown). Select the appropriate SIP Entity to which this Routing Policy applies and click **Select**. The selected SIP Entity displays on the Routing Policy Details page as shown below. Use default values for remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

Routing Policy for Communication Manager:

Home /Elemen	ts / Routing	/ Routin	g Polic	ies							
Routing Policy D	etails								Commit	Cancel	Help ?
General											
		* N	ame:	sp5-cm-	route						
		Disa	bled:								
		* Re	tries:	D							
		N	otes:	Inbound	SP DID	to sp5	-cm				
SIP Entity as	Destination	1									
Select											
Name	FQDN or IP	Address				Туре		No	tes		
sp5-cm	10.32.128.4					CM		Prin	nceton CM w/ trur	ik grp 5	
Time of Day	e Viev	v Gaps/Ov	verlaps								
1 Item Refres	ı										Filter: Enable
Ranking	🔺 Name	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Start Time	End Time	Notes
0	24/7	¥	V		1	V	V	4	00:00	23:59	Time Range 24/7
Select : All, Nor	e										

Routing Policy for Avaya SBCE:

Home /Elements /	Routing	/ Routin	ıg Polic	ies							
Routing Policy Detail	5								Commit	Cancel	Help ?
General											
		* r	Name:	ASBCE-r	oute						
		Disa	abled:								
		* Re	tries:	0							
		r	Notes:	Outboun	id to AS	BCE fo	r SP tes	ting			
SIP Entity as Des		n or IP Add	dress					Ty	уре	Notes	
ASBCE	10.32.1	28.18						SI	P Trunk	Avaya SBCE	
Time of Day Add Remove 1 Item Refresh	Viev	v Gaps/O	verlaps								Filter: Enable
🗌 Ranking 🔺	Name	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Start Time	End Time	Notes
	24/7	1	v	\checkmark			4		00:00	23:59	Time Range 24/7
Select : All, None											

6.8. Add Dial Patterns

Dial Patterns are needed to route calls through Session Manager. For the compliance test, Dial Patterns were needed to route calls from Communication Manager to CenturyLink and vice versa. Dial Patterns specify which Routing Policy (that defines the route destination) will be selected for a particular call based on the dialed digits, destination SIP Domain and originating Location. To add a Dial Pattern, navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **Dial Patterns** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). Fill in the following, as shown in the screens below:

In the General section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

Pattern: Enter a dial string that will be matched against the Request-URI of the call.
Min: Enter a minimum length used in the match criteria.
Max: Enter a maximum length used in the match criteria.
SIP Domain: Enter the destination SIP Domain used in the match criteria.
Notes: Add a brief description (optional).

In the **Originating Locations and Routing Policies** section, click **Add**. From the **Originating Locations and Routing Policy List** that appears (not shown), select the appropriate originating Location for use in the match criteria. Lastly, select the Routing Policy from the list that will be used to route all calls that match the specified criteria. Click **Select**.

Default values can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

Two examples of the Dial Patterns used for the compliance test are shown below, one for outbound calls from the enterprise to the PSTN and one for inbound calls from the PSTN to the enterprise. Other Dial Patterns (e.g., 411 directory assistance call, 011 international call, etc.) were similarly defined.

The first example shows that 11-digit dialed numbers that begin with *I* and have a destination SIP Domain of *avaya.com* use the *ASBCE-route* Routing Policy as defined in **Section 6.7**.

Iome /Elements / Routing / Dial Pat						Help ?
Dial Pattern Details				Commit	Cancel	
General						
* Patt	tern: 1					
*	Min: 11					
*1	Max: 11					
Emergency	Call: 🔲					
Emergency Prio	rity: 1					
Emergency T	ype:					
SIP Don	nain: avaya.com	i 💌				
No	otes: PSTN call	via ASBCE to	SP			
Originating Locations and Routin	g Policies					
1 Item Refresh						Filter: Enable
Originating Location Name	Originating Location Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes

Note that the compliance test did not restrict outbound calls to specific US area codes. In real deployments, appropriate restriction can be exercised (e.g., use Dial Pattern 1908, 1732, etc. with 11 digits) per customer business policies.

Also note that **-***ALL***-** was selected for Originating Location. This selection was chosen to accommodate certain off-net call forward scenarios where the inbound call was re-directed outbound back to the PSTN. For straight-forward outbound calls, like 411 local directory call, the enterprise Location *Location 1* could have been selected.

The second example shows that inbound 10-digit numbers that start with *303615710* use Routing Policy *sp5-cm-route* as defined in **Section 6.7**. This Dial Pattern matches the DID numbers assigned to the enterprise by CenturyLink.

Home /Elements / Routing / Dial Patt	erns					
Dial Pattern Details				Commit	Cancel	Help ?
General						
* Patte	rn: 303615710)				
* N	lin: 10					
* M	ax: 10					
Emergency C	all: 🔲					
Emergency Prior	ity: 1					
Emergency Ty	pe:					
SIP Doma	in: avaya.com	~				
Not	es: CTL inbour	nd DID numbers				
Originating Locations and Routing Add Remove 1 Item Refresh	Policies					Filter: Enable
	riginating ocation Notes	Routing Policy Name	Rank	Routing Policy Disabled	Routing Policy Destination	Routing Policy Notes
-ALL-		sp5-cm-route			sp5-cm	Inbound SP DID to sp5-cm
Select : All, None						

6.9. Add/View Session Manager

The creation of a Session Manager Element provides the linkage between System Manager and Session Manager. This was most likely done as part of the initial Session Manager installation. To add a Session Manager Element, navigate to Home \rightarrow Elements \rightarrow Session Manager \rightarrow Session Manager Administration in the left navigation pane and click on the New button in the right pane (not shown). If the Session Manager Element already exists, select the Session Manager of interest then click View (not shown) to view or Edit (not shown) to edit the configuration. Enter/verify the data as described below and shown in the following screen:

In the **General** section, enter the following values:

• SIP Entity Name:	Select the SIP Entity created for Session Manager.
 Description: Management Access Point Host Name/IP: 	Add a brief description (optional). Enter the FQDN of the Session Manager or the IP address of the Session Manager management interface.

The screen below shows the Session Manager values used for the compliance test.

Home /Elements / Session Manager / Session Manager Administration	
F Contraction of the second	lelp ?
View Session Manager Return	
General Security Module NIC Bonding Monitoring CDR Personal Profile Manager (PPM) - Connection Settings Event Server Expand All Collapse All	
General 🖲	
SIP Entity Name devcon-asm	
Description	
Management Access Point Host Name/IP 10.32.24.233	
Direct Routing to Endpoints Enable	
VMware Virtual Machine 🛛	

In the **Security Module** section, enter the following values:

• SIP Entity IP Address:	Should be filled in automatically based on the SIP Entity
	name. Otherwise, enter IP address of the Session Manager
	signaling interface.
• Network Mask:	Enter the network mask corresponding to the IP address of
	Session Manager.
Default Gateway:	Enter the IP address of the default gateway for Session
	Manager.

In the **Monitoring** section, enter a desired value for **Proactive cycle time** (secs) which determines the interval at which Session Manager sends out OPTIONS messages to the connected SIP Entities for checking reachability.

Use default values for the remaining fields. Click **Save** (not shown) to add this Session Manager. The screen below shows the remaining Session Manager values used for the compliance test.

Security Module 💌	
Security Module	
SIP Entity IP Address	10.32.24.235
Network Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.32.24.1
Call Control PHB	46
QOS Priority	6
Speed & Duplex	Auto
VLAN ID	
NIC Bonding * Enable Bonding Driver Monitoring Mode ARP Interval (msecs) 100 ARP Target IP ARP Target IP ARP Target IP	ARP
Monitoring 💌	
Enable Monitoring	
Proactive cycle time (secs)	120
Reactive cycle time (secs)	120
Number of Retries	1

7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

Starting with Release 6.2, the Avaya SBCE supports both SIP Trunking to/from the service provider and Remote Worker. This section describes the configuration for SIP Trunking. Remote Worker configuration, not directly related to interoperability with the service provider, is not included. For Remote Worker configuration on Avaya SBCE, refer to the product documentation for the Avaya SBCE in **Section 11**. Note that Standard and Advanced Session Licenses are required for Remote Worker. Contact an authorized Avaya representative for assistance if additional licensing is required.

In the sample configuration, an Avaya SBCE is used as the CPE edge device between the Avaya enterprise site and CenturyLink SIP Trunking service.

These Application Notes assume that the installation of the SBC and the assignment of a management IP Address have already been completed.

7.1. Access Management Interface

Use a WEB browser to access the web management interface of Avaya SBCE by entering URL https://<ip-addr>, where <ip-addr> is the management LAN IP address assigned during installation. Log in as "ucsec" using proper login credentials.

A\ /A\ /A	Log In
AVAYA	Username:
	Password:
Session Border Controller for Enterprise	Log In This system is restricted solely to authorized users for legitimate business purposes only. The actual or attempted unauthorized access use or modifications of this system is strictly prohibited. Unauthorized users are subject to company disciplinary procedures and or crimina and civil penalties under state, federal or other applicable domestic and foreign laws.
	The use of this system may be monitored and recorded fo administrative and security reasons. Anyone accessing this syster expressly consents to such monitoring and recording, and is advise that if it reveals possible evidence of criminal activity, the evidence o such activity may be provided to law enforcement officials.
	All users must comply with all corporate instructions regarding the protection of information assets.
	such activity may be provided to law enforcement official All users must comply with all corporate instructions

Once logged in, a Dashboard screen will be presented. The following image illustrates the menu items available on the left-side of the Dashboard screen.

Session Borde	er Controll	er for Ente	rprise		AVAYA
Dashboard	Dashboard				2
Administration		Information		Installed	Devices
Backup/Restore	System Time	01:28:25 PM GMT	Refresh	EMS	2
System Management	Version	6.2.0.Q36		sp-ucsec1	1
 Global Parameters Global Profiles 	Build Date	Thu Feb 14 23:25:50 U	TC 2013		
SIP Cluster		Alarms (past 24 hours)		Incidents (pa	ast 24 hours)
 Domain Policies TLS Management 	None found.			sp-ucsec1: No Server Flow M Message	Aatched for Incoming
Device Specific Settings				sp-ucsec1: No Subscriber Fl	ow Matched
				sp-ucsec1: No Subscriber Fl	ow Matched
					Add

7.2. Verify Network Configuration and Enable Interfaces

To view the network information provided during installation, navigate to **System Management**. In the right pane, click the **View** link for the Avaya SBCE device on the right.

Session Borde	er Controller for Enterprise AVAYA
Dashboard Administration Backup/Restore	System Management Devices Updates SSL VPN Licensing
System Management Global Parameters Global Profiles	Device Name Management (Serial Number) IP Version Status
 SIDDA Fromes SIP Cluster Domain Policies TLS Management Device Specific Settings 	sp-ucsec1 (IFCS31030012) 10.32.101.10 6.2.0.Q36 Commissioned Reboot Shutdown Restart Application View Edit Delete

A System Information page will appear showing the information provided during installation. In the **Appliance Name** field is the name of the device (**sp-ucsec1**). This name will be referenced in other configuration screens. The highlighted Interfaces **A1** and **B1** represent the private and public interfaces of the Avaya SBCE for SIP Trunking. Each of these interfaces must be enabled after installation. Note that the Management IP is in a different sub-net than the A1 private interface, as required by Avaya SBCE.

The other Interface entries in Network Configration were configured for Remote Worker.

	System	Information: sp-ucsec1		
General Configur	ation ———	Device Con	figuration ———	
Appliance Name	sp-ucsec1	HA Mode	No	
Вох Туре	SIP	Two Bypass	Mode No	
Deployment Mode	Proxy			
Network Configu				
IP	Public IP	Netmask	Gateway	Interfac
10.32.128.18	10.32.128.18	255.255.255.0	10.32.128.254	A1
192.168.96.228	192.168.96.228	255.255.255.224	192.168.96.254	B1
10.10.00.200	10001001000.2000	255.255.255.224	192.168.96.254	B1
18.418.23	1280.1421.080.22281	255.255.255.224	192.168.96.254	B1
10.32.128.19	10.32.128.19	255.255.255.0	10.32.128.254	A1
DNS Configuratio	n	——— Manageme	nt IP(s)	
Primary DNS	10.32.128.200	IP.	10.32.101.10	
Secondary DNS				
DNS Location	DMZ			
DNS Client IP	10.32.128.18			

To enable the interfaces, first navigate to **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Network Management** in the left pane and select the device being managed in the center pane. The right pane will show the same A1 and B1 interfaces displayed in the previous screen. Click on the **Interface Configuration** tab.

Dashboard 🧹	Network Mana	agement: sp-ucsec	1				
Administration							
Backup/Restore	Devices						
System Management		Network Configuration	Interface Configuratio	n			
Global Parameters	sp-ucsec1			sociated data require an applic	ation restart befor	e taking e	ffect.
Global Profiles		Application restarts ca	n be issued from <u>System Ma</u>	<u>inagement</u> .			
SIP Cluster		A1 Netmask	A2 Netmask	B1 Netmask	B2 Netmask		-
Domain Policies		255.255.255.0		255.255.255.224			
TLS Management		Add				Save	Clea
 Device Specific Settings 		IP Address	Public IP	Gateway	Inte	rface	
Network Management	-	10.32.128.18		10.32.128.254	A1	~	Delete
Media Interface		192.168.96.228		192.168.96.254	B1	~	Delete
Signaling Interface		En estat setter a setter a setter				Committee	
Signaling Forking		11.000.0100.0000		192.168.96.254	B1	*	Delete
End Point Flows		1200-2402-000-2220		192,168,96,254	B1	~	Delete
Session Flows		Land an interaction		102.100.00.204			201010
Relay Services		10.32.128.19		10.32.128.254	A1	*	Delete
SNMP				Total A		10 - 154	
Syslog Management	-						

In the **Interface Configuration** tab, verify the **Administrative Status** is **Enabled** for both the **A1** and **B1** interfaces. If not, click the **Toggle State** button to enable the interface.

Devices	Network Configuration Interface	Configuration	
sp-ucsec1	Name	Administrative S	tatus
	A1	Enabled	Toggle
	A2	Disabled	Toggle
	B1	Enabled	Toggle
	B2	Disabled	Toggle

7.3. Signaling Interface

A signaling interface defines an IP address, protocols and listen ports that the Avaya SBCE can use for signaling. Create separate signaling interfaces for the internal and external sides of the Avaya SBCE.

To create a new interface, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Signaling Interface** in the left pane. In the center pane, select the Avaya SBCE device to be managed (**sp-ucsec1**) and click the **Add** button in the right pane. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new interface, followed by a series of pop-up windows in which the interface parameters can be configured. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane.

For the compliance test, the signaling interface **Int_Sig_Intf** was created for the Avaya SBCE internal interface for SIP Trunking. When configuring the interface, configure the parameters as follows:

- Set **Name** to a descriptive name.
- Set the **Signaling IP** to the IP address associated with the private interface (A1) as shown in **Section 7.2**.
- Set **TCP port** to the port the Avaya SBCE will listen on for SIP requests from Session Manager.

The signaling interface **Ext_Sig_Intf** was created for the Avaya SBCE external interface for SIP Trunking. When configuring the interface, configure the parameters as follows:

- Set **Name** to a descriptive name.
- Set the **Signaling IP** to the IP address associated with the public interface (B1) as shown in **Section 7.2**.
- Set **UDP port** to the port the Avaya SBCE will listen on for SIP requests from the service provider.

Dashboard 🐴	Signaling Interf	face: sp-ucsec1							
Administration									
Backup/Restore	Devices	Changeling Interferen							
System Management		Signaling Interface							
Global Parameters	sp-ucsec1								Add
Global Profiles		Name	Signaling IP	TCP	UDP	TLS	TLS Profile		
SIP Cluster		Ivame	Signaling iP	Port	Port	Port	TLS Prolite		
Domain Policies		Int_Sig_Intf	10.32.128.18	5060	1000	20000	None	Edit	Delete
TLS Management		Ext_Sig_Intf	192.168.96.228	5060	5060		None	Edit	Delete
Device Specific Settings		RW_Sig_Outside_229	10.010.000	5060	8 222 3	5061	AvayaSBCServer	Edit	Delete
Network Management		RW_Sig_Inside_19	10.32.128.19	5060		5061	AvayaSBCServer	Edit	Delete
Media Interface									
Signaling Interface									
Signaling Forking									

The other configuration entries shown in the screen are for Remote Worker.

7.4. Media Interface

A media interface defines an IP address and port range for transmitting media. Create separate media interfaces for the internal and external sides of the Avaya SBCE.

To create a new interface, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Media Interface** in the left pane. In the center pane, select the Avaya SBCE device to be managed (**sp-ucsec1**). In the right pane, click the **Add** button. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new interface, followed by a series of pop-up windows in which the interface parameters can be configured. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane.

For the compliance test, the media interface **Int_Media_Intf** was created for the Avaya SBCE internal interface for SIP Trunking. When configuring the interface, configure the parameters as follows:

- Set **Name** to a descriptive name.
- Set the **Media IP** to the IP address associated with the private interface (A1) as shown in **Section 7.2**.
- Set **Port Range** to a range of ports acceptable to both the Avaya SBCE and Session Manager. For the compliance test, the port range used was selected arbitrarily.

The media interface **Ext_Media_Intf** was created for the Avaya SBCE external interface for SIP Trunking. When configuring the interface, configure the parameters as follows:

- Set **Name** to a descriptive name.
- Set the **Media IP** to the IP address associated with the public interface (B1) as shown in **Section 7.2**.
- Set **Port Range** to a range of ports acceptable to both the Avaya SBCE and the service provider. For the compliance test, the port range used was selected arbitrarily.

Dashboard	Media Interfa	ice: sp-ucsec1				
Administration						
Backup/Restore	Deviewe					
System Management	Devices	Media Interface				
Global Parameters	sp-ucsec1		ng media interface will require an	application restart before taking	effect. Applica	ation
Global Profiles		restarts can be issued from S	<u>rstem Management</u> .			
SIP Cluster						Add
Domain Policies		Name	Media IP	Port Range		
> TLS Management		Int Media Intf	10.32.128.18	35000 - 40000	Edit	Delete
 Device Specific Settings 			192.168.96.228	25000 40000		Delete
Network		Ext_Media_Intf	192.100.90.220	35000 - 40000	Edit	Delete
Management		RW_Med_Outside_229	1(10), (41), 801, (10)	35000 - 40000	Edit	Delete
Media Interface		RW Med Inside 19	10.32.128.19	35000 - 40000	Edit	Delete
Signaling Interface						
Signaling Forking						

The other configuration entries shown in the screen are for Remote Worker.

7.5. Server Interworking

A server interworking profile defines a set of parameters that aid in interworking between the Avaya SBCE and a connected server. Create a server interworking profile for Session Manager and a server interworking profile for the service provider SIP server. These profiles will be applied to the appropriate servers in **Section 7.6.1** and **7.6.2**.

To create a new profile, navigate to **Global Profiles** \rightarrow **Server Interworking** in the left pane. In the center pane, click **Add**. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new profile, followed by a series of pop-up windows in which the profile parameters can be configured. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane. Alternatively, a new server interworking profile may be created by selecting an existing profile in the center pane and clicking the **Clone** button in the right pane. This will create a copy of the selected server interworking profile which can then be edited as needed. To view the settings of an existing profile, select the profile from the center pane. The settings will appear in the right pane.

Dashboard	^	Interworking	Profiles: Avaya-SM	
Administration		Add		Rename Clone Delete
Backup/Restore		Interworking		
System Management		Profiles		Click here to add a description.
Global Parameters		cs2100	General Timers URI Ma	nipulation Header Manipulation Advanced
 Global Profiles 		avava-ru		General
Domain DoS Fingerprint	m	OCS-Edge-Ser	Hold Support	RFC2543
Server		cisco-ccm	180 Handling	None
Interworking		cups	181 Handling	None
Phone Interworking		and the second second	182 Handling	None
Media Forking		Sipera-Halo	183 Handling	None
Routing		OCS-FrontEnd		1000000
Server Configuration		Avaya-SM	Refer Handling	No
Topology Hiding		SP-General	3xx Handling	No
Signaling			Diversion Header Support	No
Manipulation		CM	Delayed SDP Handling	No
URI Groups	~	default		×

7.5.1. Server Interworking: Session Manager

For the compliance test, a server interworking profile **Avaya-SM** was created for Session Manager. Shown below are the **General** and the **Advanced** tabs of the **Avaya-SM** server interworking profile. The parameters in all other tabs may retain default settings.

The General tab:

eneral Timers URI Manipulation	Header Manipulation	Advanced
	General	
Hold Support	RFC2543	
180 Handling	None	
181 Handling	None	
182 Handling	None	
183 Handling	None	
Refer Handling	No	
3xx Handling	No	
Diversion Header Support	No	
Delayed SDP Handling	No	
T.38 Support	Yes	
URI Scheme	SIP	
Via Header Format	RFC3261	
	Privacy	
Privacy Enabled	No	
User Name		
P-Asserted-Identity	No	
P-Preferred-Identity	No	
Privacy Header		
	DTMF	
DTMF Support	None	
	Edit	

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved. 54 of 83 CTL-CMSM63ASBCE

The **Advanced** tab:

General	Timers	URI Manipulation	Header Manipulation	Advanced
Record F	Record Routes		Both	
Topology	/ Hiding: Cł	nange Call-ID	No	
Call-Info	NAT		No	
Change	Max Forwa	rds	Yes	
Include E	End Point IF	^o for Context Lookup	No	
OCS Ext	tensions		No	
AVAYA	Extensions		Yes	
NORTEL	. Extension	s	No	
Diversior	n Manipulat	ion	No	
Metaswit	tch Extensi	ons	No	
Reset or	n Talk Spur	i .	No	
Reset SI	RTP Conte:	t on Session Refresh	No	
Has Ren	note SBC		Yes	
Route Response on Via Port		No		
Cisco Ex	tensions		No	

7.5.2. Server Interworking: CenturyLink

For the compliance test, the server interworking profile **SP-General** was similarly created for the CenturyLink SIP server. The **General** and **Advanced** tabs for this server interworking profile are shown below. The parameters in all other tabs may retain default settings.

The General tab:

eneral Timers URI Manipulation	Header Manipulation Advanced
	General
Hold Support	NONE
180 Handling	None
181 Handling	None
182 Handling	None
183 Handling	None
Refer Handling	No
3xx Handling	No
Diversion Header Support	No
Delayed SDP Handling	No
T.38 Support	Yes
URI Scheme	SIP
Via Header Format	RFC3261
	Privacy
Privacy Enabled	No
User Name	
P-Asserted-Identity	No
P-Preferred-Identity	No
Privacy Header	
	DTMF
DTMF Support	None
	Edit

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved. 56 of 83 CTL-CMSM63ASBCE

The Advanced tab:

General	Timers	URI Manipulation	Header Manipulation	Advanced
Record F	Routes		Both	
Topology	Hiding: Ch	nange Call-ID	Yes	
Call-Info	NAT		No	
Change I	Max Forwa	rds	Yes	
Include E	End Point IF	o for Context Lookup	No	
OCS Ext	tensions		No	
AVAYA	Extensions		No	
NORTEL	. Extension	s	No	
Diversior	ı Manipulat	ion	No	
Metaswit	tch Extensi	ons	No	
Reset or	i Talk Spurt	t	No	
Reset SI	RTP Contex	t on Session Refresh	No	
Has Ren	Has Remote SBC		Yes	
Route Re	Route Response on Via Port		No	
Cisco E>	tensions		No	
			Edit	

7.6. Server Configuration

A server configuration profile defines the attributes of the physical server. Create a call server configuration profile for Session Manager and a trunk server configuration profile for the service provider SIP server.

To create a new profile, navigate to **Global Profiles** \rightarrow **Server Configuration** in the left pane. In the center pane, click **Add**. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new profile, followed by a series of pop-up windows in which the profile parameters can be configured. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane. Alternatively, a new server profile may be created by selecting an existing profile in the center pane and clicking the **Clone** button in the right pane. This will create a copy of the selected server profile which can then be edited as needed. To view the settings of an existing profile, select the profile from the center pane. The settings will appear in the right pane.

Dashboard	^	Server Config	uration: Avaya-SM		
Administration		Add			Rename Clone Delete
Backup/Restore		Server Profiles	General Authentication	Heartbeat Advanced	
System Management			General Authentication	Heartbeat Advanced	
Global Parameters		Avaya-SM	Server Type	Call Server	
 Global Profiles 		10.00	IP Addresses / FQDNs	10.32.24.235	
Domain DoS		P Coleman	Supported Transports	TCP	
Fingerprint					
Server Interworking			TCP Port	5060	
Phone Interworking		1010.000		Edit	
Media Forking		SP distant			
Routing		of the street			
Server					
Configuration		10 (10 mil)			
Topology Hiding		10100-028			
Signaling Manipulation		107-04			
URI Groups	-42	SP Tenderco			
SIP Cluster		SP Carllon			
Domain Policies	~	(Filippe)			

7.6.1. Server Configuration: Session Manager

For the compliance test, the server configuration profile **Avaya-SM** was created for Session Manager. When creating the profile, configure the **General** tab parameters as follows:

- Set Server Type to Call Server.
- Set IP Addresses / FQDNs to the IP address of the Session Manager signaling interface.
- Set **Supported Transports** to the transport protocol used for SIP signaling between Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE.
- Set **TCP Port** to the port Session Manager will listen on for SIP requests from the Avaya SBCE.

General	Authentication	Heartbeat	Advanced
Server Ty	/pe	Ca	II Server
IP Addre	sses / FQDNs	10.	.32.24.235
Supporte	d Transports	TC	P
TCP Por	t	50	60
			Edit

On the **Advanced** tab, set **Interworking Profile** to the interworking profile for Session Manager defined in **Section 7.5.1**.

General	Authentication	Heartbeat	Advanced
Enable [DoS Protection		
Enable (Grooming		
Interwork	king Profile	Avay	ya-SM
Signaling	g Manipulation Scrip	t Non	e
TCP Cor	nnection Type	SUE	BID
			Edit

7.6.2. Server Configuration: CenturyLink

For the compliance test, the server configuration profile **SP-CLink** was created for the service provider SIP server. When creating the profile, configure the **General** tab parameters as follows:

- Set Server Type to *Trunk Server*.
- Set **IP Addresses / FQDNs** to the IP addresses of the 2 CenturyLink SIP Trunking access interfaces, separated by comma.
- Set **Supported Transports** to the transport protocol used for SIP signaling between CenturyLink and the Avaya SBCE.
- Set **UDP Port** to the port CenturyLink will listen on for SIP requests from the Avaya SBCE.

General	Authentication	Heartbeat	Advanced				
Server T	уре	Trur	nk Server				
IP Addre	esses / FQDNs	67.1	67.148.33.40, 67.148.33.41				
Supporte	Supported Transports		P				
UDP Por	UDP Port		0				
			Edit				

On the **Advanced** tab, set **Interworking Profile** to the interworking profile for CenturyLink defined in **Section 7.5.2**.

General	Authentication	Heartbeat	Advanced
Enable D	oS Protection		
Enable C	Grooming		
Interwork	king Profile	SP	-General
Signaling	g Manipulation Scrip	t Nor	ie
UDP Cor	nnection Type	SUI	BID
			Edit

7.7. Signaling Rules

A signaling rule defines the processing to be applied to the selected signaling traffic. A signaling rule is one component of the larger endpoint policy group defined in **Section 7.9**.

To create a new signaling rule, navigate to **Domain Policies** \rightarrow **Signaling Rules** in the left pane. In the center pane, click **Add**. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new rule, followed by a series of pop-up windows in which the rule parameters can be configured. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane. Alternatively, a new rule may be created by selecting an existing rule in the center pane and clicking the **Clone** button in the right pane. This will create a copy of the selected rule which can then be edited as needed. To view the settings of an existing rule, select the rule from the center pane. The settings will appear in the right pane.

Dashboard	Signaling Rule	es: SessMgr_SigRules			
Administration	Add	Filter By Device		Rename	Clone Delete
Backup/Restore	Signaling Rules			J	
System Management		C	lick here to add a desc	nption.	
Global Parameters	default	General Requests Responses	Request Headers	Response Headers	Signaling QoS
Global Profiles	Nac-Dententi Rup		Inbound	eli til.	^
SIP Cluster	Frontian, Stafficien	Descurate	Allow		
 Domain Policies 	SessMgr_SigR	Requests			
Application Rules	Sessingi_Sigk	Non-2XX Final Responses	Allow		
Border Rules	Shifts 1_Shiphulase	Optional Request Headers	Allow		
Media Rules	0456-02	Optional Response Headers	Allow		
Security Rules	THE DISTLANS		0011100		
Signaling Rules	The second second		Outbound		
Time of Day Rules	THE BURTLINES	Requests	Allow		
End Point Policy	Sendings SigRa	Non-2XX Final Responses	Allow		
Groups Session Policies		Optional Request Headers	Allow		
 TLS Management 		Optional Response Headers	Allow		
Device Specific Settings			Content-Type Policy		

7.7.1. Signaling Rules: Session Manager

The proprietary AV-Correlation-ID and Endpoint-View headers are sent in various SIP messages from Session Manager. These headers contain the enterprise private network IP addresses and therefore should not be exposed external to the enterprise. For simplicity, these headers were simply removed (blocked) from both request and response messages originated from Session Manager.

Navigate to **Domain Policies** \rightarrow **Signaling Rules** to configure Signaling Rules.

Click the Add button (not shown) to add a new signaling rule. In the **Rule Name** field, enter an appropriate name, such as *SessMgr_SigRules*.

	Signaling Rule	x
Rule Name	<mark>}essMgr_SigRule</mark> s	
	Next	

In the subsequent screen (not shown), click **Next** to accept defaults. In the Signaling QoS screen, click **Finish** (not shown).

ieneral	Requests	Responses	Request Headers	Response Headers	s Signaling QoS
			Inbound	1	
Requests			Allow		
Non-2XX F	inal Respon	ses	Allow		
Optional R	equest Hea	ders	Allow		
Optional R	esponse He	aders	Allow		
			Outbour	ıd	
Requests			Allow		
Non-2XX F	inal Respon	ses	Allow		
Optional R	equest Hea	ders	Allow		
Optional R	esponse He	aders	Allow		
			Content-Type	Policy	
Enable Co	ntent-Type (Checks	5	2	
Action		Allow	М	ultipart Action A	sllow
Exception	List		E	xception List	
			Edit		

After this configuration, the new "SessMgr_SigRules" rule will appear as follows in its **General** tab:

Select the **Request Headers** tab, and select the **Add In Header Control** button (not shown). In the displayed Add Header Control window, check the **Proprietary Request Header** checkbox. In the **Header Name** field, type *Endpoint-View*. Select *ALL* as the **Method Name**. For **Header Criteria**, select *Forbidden*. Retain the *Remove header* selection for **Presence Action**. The intent is to remove the Endpoint-View header which is inserted by Session Manager, but not needed by CenturyLink SIP Trunking service.

	Add Header Control	x
Proprietary Request Header		
Header Name	Endpoint-View	
Method Name	ALL 💌	
Header Criteria	 Forbidden Mandatory Optional 	
Presence Action	Remove header 🛩 486 Busy Here	
	Finish	

Similarly, configure an additional header control rule to remove the AV-Correlation-ID header in the inbound INVITE (coming from Session Manager).

Once complete, the **Request Headers** tab appears as follows.

Gener	al Requests	Responses	Request	Headers	Response He	aders	Signal	ing QoS
				Add In He	eader Control	Add Out	Header	Control
Row	Header Name	Method Name	Header Criteria	Action	Proprietary	Direction		
1	AV-Correlation-ID	INVITE	Forbidden	Remove Header	Yes	IN	Edit	Delete
2	Endpoint-View	ALL	Forbidden	Remove Header	Yes	IN	Edit	Delete

Select the Response Headers tab and repeat the above configuration steps to

- Remove the Endpoint-View header in the 2XX response to ALL methods
- Remove the Endpoint-View header in the 1XX response to the INVITE method

Once configuration is completed, the **Response Headers** tab for the "SessMgr_SigRules" signaling rule appears as follows.

Gener	al Reque	sts Respo	nses	Request Hea	aders <mark>F</mark>	Response He	aders	Signali	ing QoS
				A	dd In Heac	ler Control	Add Out	Header	Control
Row	Header Name	Response Code	Method Name	Header Criteria	Action	Proprietary	Direction		
1	Endpoint- View	2XX	ALL	Forbidden	Remove Header	Yes	IN	Edit	Delete
2	Endpoint- View	1XX	INVITE	Forbidden	Remove Header	Yes	IN	Edit	Delete

7.7.2. Signaling Rule: CenturyLink

The compliance test did not require creation of a new signaling rule specifically for CenturyLink.

7.8. Media Rules

A media rule defines the processing to be applied to the selected media. A media rule is one component of the larger endpoint policy group defined in **Section 7.9**.

To create a new rule, navigate to **Domain Policies** \rightarrow **Media Rules** in the left pane. In the center pane, click **Add**. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new rule, followed by a series of pop-up windows in which the rule parameters can be configured. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane. Alternatively, a new rule may be created by selecting an existing rule in the center pane and clicking the **Clone** button in the right pane. This will create a copy of the selected rule which can then be edited as needed. To view the settings of an existing rule, select the rule from the center pane. The settings will appear in the right pane.

Dashboard	Media Rules: m	odified-dft-	-low-med				
Administration	Add	Filter By Device	e 💙			Rename	Clone Delete
Backup/Restore	Media Rules	1			4 7 9 8	<u></u>	
System Management				Click here to ad	d a description.		
Global Parameters	default-low-med	Media NAT	Media Encryption	Media Anomaly	Media Silencing	Media QoS	
Global Profiles	default-low-med-enc		20				
SIP Cluster	default-high	Media NAT		Learn Med	lia IP dynamically		
 Domain Policies 	default-high-enc			E	dit		
Application Rules	delautenigneene						
Border Rules	avaya-low-med-enc						
Media Rules	modified-dft-low						
Security Rules							
Signaling Rules							

For the compliance test, a single media rule **modified-dft-low-med** was created that was applied to both the Session Manager and the CenturyLink SIP servers. It was created by cloning the existing rule **default-low-med** which uses unencrypted media and then disabling **Media Anomaly Detection** on the Media Anomaly tab as shown below. This was done to prevent some false media errors from impacting the RTP media stream.

Media NAT	Media Encryption	Media Anomaly	Media Silencing	Media QoS	
Media Anon	naly Detection				
		E	dit		

7.9. Endpoint Policy Groups

An endpoint policy group is a set of policies that will be applied to traffic between the Avaya SBCE and a signaling endpoint (connected server). Thus, separate endpoint policy groups must be created for Session Manager and the service provider SIP server. The endpoint policy group is applied to the traffic as part of the endpoint flow defined in **Section 7.12**.

To create a new group, navigate to **Domain Policies** \rightarrow **End Point Policy Groups** in the left pane. In the center pane, click **Add**. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new group, followed by a series of pop-up windows in which the group parameters can be configured. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane. To view the settings of an existing group, select the group from the center pane. The settings will appear in the right pane.

Dashboard	Policy Groups	s: SM								
Administration	Add	Filter By D	evice	~				Ren	ame	Delete
Backup/Restore	Policy Groups				Cliek be	ere to add a	deperietien	<u></u>		
System Management	Constant and the second	1			GICK HE	re to aud a	description.			2
Global Parameters	default-low	- ę			Hover over a	a row to see	its description.			
Global Profiles	default-low-enc									
SIP Cluster	default-med	Policy Gr	oup							
 Domain Policies 	default-med-enc							Su	mmary	Add
Application Rules	deladit-med-enc					•		Time of		
Border Rules	default-high	Order	Application	Border	Media	Security	Signaling	Day		
Media Rules	default-high-enc		default	default	modified- dft-low-	default-	SessMgr SigRules	default	Edit	Clone
Security Rules	OCS-default-high		delault	uerauit	med	low	Sessivigi_SigRules	derault	Eult	Cione
Signaling Rules										
Time of Day Rules	avaya-def-low-enc									
End Point Policy	SM									
Groups	Fruitier									
Session Policies	0 100									
TLS Management	General-SP									
Device Specific Settings	1281/85-11									

7.9.1. Endpoint Policy Group: Session Manager

For the compliance test, the endpoint policy group **SM** was created for Session Manager. Default values were used for each of the rules which comprise the group with the exception of **Media** and **Signaling**. For **Media**, select the media rule created in **Section 7.8**; for **Signaling**, select the signaling rule created in **Section 7.7**.

Policy Gro	oup					Su	mmary	Add
Order	Application	Border	Media	Security	Signaling	Time of Day		
1	default	default	modified- dft-low- med	default- low	SessMgr_SigRules	default	Edit	Clone

7.9.2. Endpoint Policy Group: CenturyLink

For the compliance test, the endpoint policy group **General-SP** was created for the CenturyLink SIP server. Default values were used for each of the rules which comprise the group with the exception of **Media**. For **Media**, select the media rule created in **Section 7.8**.

Policy Gro	oup					Sun	nmary	Add
Order	Application	Border	Media	Security	Signaling	Time of Day	8	
1	default	default	modified- dft-low- med	default-low	default	default	Edit	Clone

7.10. Routing

A routing profile defines where traffic will be directed based on the contents of the URI. A routing profile is applied only after the traffic has matched an end point flow defined in **Section 7.12**. Create separate routing profiles for Session Manager and the service provider SIP server.

To create a new profile, navigate to **Global Profiles** \rightarrow **Routing** in the left pane. In the center pane, click **Add**. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new profile, followed by a series of pop-up windows in which the profile parameters can be configured. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane. Alternatively, a new routing profile may be created by selecting an existing profile in the center pane and clicking the **Clone** button in the right pane. This will create a copy of the selected profile which can then be edited as needed. To view the settings of an existing profile, select the profile from the center pane. The settings will appear in the right pane.

Dashboard	Routing Profile	es: To_SM						
Administration	Add					Rename	Clone	Delete
Backup/Restore	Routing Profiles			Click here to add a desci	intion			
System Management Global Parameters 	default	Routing Profile	1					
 Global Profiles 	To_SM							Add
Domain DoS	To_Trunks							Auu
Fingerprint Server Interworking	To_NHOW To_PHOW	Priority 1 *	URI Group	Next Hop Server 1 10.32.24.235	9 <u>00</u> 9	Next Hop Server 2	View	Edit
Phone Interworking Media Forking	To, PHON							
Routing Server Configuration	To_NextChil							
Topology Hiding	Te_DM_RW							
Signaling Manipulation URI Groups	Brief, RW							

7.10.1. Routing: Session Manager

For the compliance test, the routing profile **To_SM** was created for Session Manager. When creating the profile, configure the parameters as follows:

- Set **URI Group** to the wild card * to match on any URI.
- Set Next Hop Server 1 field to the IP address of the Session Manager signaling interface.
- Enable Routing Priority based on Next Hop Priority.
- Set **Outgoing Transport** to **TCP**.

	Next Hop Routing
URI Group	*
Next Hop Server 1 IP, IP:Part, Domain, or Domain:Port	10.32.24.235
Next Hop Server 2 IP, IP:Port, Domain, or Domain:Port	
Routing Priority based on Next Hop Server	
Use Next Hop for In Dialog Messages	
Ignore Route Header for Messages Outside Dialog	
NAPTR	
SRV	
Outgoing Transport	O TLS ⊙ TCP O UDP
	Finish

Once complete, the **To_SM** routing profile appears as follows:

Routing Profile					
					Add
Priority	URI Group	Next Hop Server 1	Next Hop Server 2		
1 *		10.32.24.235	1221	View	Edit

7.10.2. Routing: CenturyLink

For the compliance test, the routing profile **To_Trunks** was created for CenturyLink. When creating the profile, configure the parameters as follows:

- Set **URI Group** to the wild card * to match on any URI.
- Set **Next Hop Server 1** field to the IP address of the CenturyLink SIP Trunking interface for receiving calls from the enterprise.
- Enable Routing Priority based on Next Hop Priority.
- Set **Outgoing Transport** field to **UDP**.

	Next Hop Routing
URI Group	*
Next Hop Server 1 IP, IP:Part, Damsin, or Damsin:Part	192.168.33.41
Next Hop Server 2 IP, IP:Port, Domain, or Domain:Port	
Routing Priority based on Next Hop Server	
Use Next Hop for In Dialog Messages	
Ignore Route Header for Messages Outside Dialog	
NAPTR	
SRV	
Outgoing Transport	O TLS O TCP
	Finish

Once complete, the **To_Trunks** routing profile appears as follows:

Routing Profile	2				
					Add
Priority	URI Group	Next Hop Server 1	Next Hop Server 2		
1 *		192.168.33.41	100	View	Edit

Solution & Interoperability Test Lab Application Notes ©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.

7.11. Topology Hiding

Topology hiding allows the host part of some SIP message headers to be modified in order to prevent private network information from being propagated to the untrusted public network. It can also be used as an interoperability tool to adapt the host portion of these same headers to meet the requirements of the connected servers. The topology hiding profile is applied as part of the endpoint flow in **Section 7.12**.

To create a new profile, navigate to **Global Profiles** \rightarrow **Topology Hiding** in the left pane. In the center pane, click **Add**. A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new profile, followed by a pop-up window in which a header can be selected and configured. Additional headers can be added in this window. Alternatively, a new topology hiding profile may be created by selecting an existing profile in the center pane and clicking the **Clone** button in the right pane. This will create a copy of the selected profile which can then be edited as needed. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane. To view the settings of an existing profile from the center pane. The settings will appear in the right pane.

Dashboard	Topology Hid	ing Profiles: PR1	-Domain		
Administration	Add			R	ename Clone Delete
Backup/Restore	Topology Hiding	41 1-	05.1.1		
System Management	Profiles		Click here t	o add a description.	
Global Parameters	default	Topology Hiding			
 Global Profiles 	cisco th profile	Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value
Domain DoS Fingerprint	(3) ² -Carneral	Request-Line	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
Server Interworking	NUMPE Charman	Via	IP/Domain	Auto	
Phone Interworking	PRT-Domain	То	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
Media Forking	SP-CLink	Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto	
Routing	SP-CLINK	From	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
Server Configuration Topology Hiding		SDP	IP/Domain	Auto	
Signaling Manipulation				Edit	
URI Groups					
SIP Cluster					
Domain Policies	-1.0				

7.11.1. Topology Hiding: Session Manager

For the compliance test, the topology hiding profile **PRT-Domain** was created for Session Manager. This profile was applied to traffic from the Avaya SBCE to Session Manager. When creating the profile, configure the parameters as follows:

- Set **Header** to the header whose host part of the URI is to be modified.
- Set **Criteria** to *IP/Domain* to indicate that the host part should be modified if it is an IP address or a domain.
- Set **Replace Action** to *Auto* for all headers except **Request-Line**, **From** and **To** which should be set to *Overwrite*.
- For those headers to be overwritten, the **Overwrite Value** is set to the enterprise domain (*avaya.com*).

Topology Hiding			
Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value
Request-Line	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
Via	IP/Domain	Auto	(.)
То	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto	
From	IP/Domain	Overwrite	avaya.com
SDP	IP/Domain	Auto	
		Edit	

7.11.2. Topology Hiding: CenturyLink

For the compliance test, the topology hiding profile **SP-CLink** was created for CenturyLink. This profile was applied to traffic from the Avaya SBCE to the service provider network. When creating the profile, configure the parameters as follows:

- Set **Header** to the header whose host part of the URI is to be modified.
- Set **Criteria** to *IP/Domain* to indicate that the host part should be modified if it is an IP address or a domain.
- Set **Replace Action** to *Auto* for all headers except **Request-Line** and **To** which should be set to *Overwrite*.
- For those headers to be overwritten, the **Overwrite Value** is set to the CenturyLink SIP Trunking access interface IP address (*192.168.33.41*) for receiving calls from the enterprise.

Header	Criteria	Replace Action	Overwrite Value
Request-Line	IP/Domain	Overwrite	192.168.33.41
Via	IP/Domain	Auto	
То	IP/Domain	Overwrite	192.168.33.41
Record-Route	IP/Domain	Auto	
From	IP/Domain	Auto	
SDP	IP/Domain	Auto	

7.12. End Point Flows

Endpoint flows are used to determine the signaling endpoints involved in a call in order to apply the appropriate policies. When a packet arrives at the Avaya SBCE, the content of the packet (IP addresses, URIs, etc) is used to determine which flow it matches. Once the flow is determined, the flow points to policies and profiles which control processing, privileges, authentication, routing, etc. Once routing is applied and the destination endpoint is determined, the policies for the destination endpoint are applied. Thus, two flows are involved in every call: the source end point flow and the destination end point flow. In the case of SIP trunking, the signaling endpoints are Session Manager and the service provider SIP server.

To create a new flow for a server endpoint, navigate to **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow End Point Flows in the left pane. In the center pane, select the Avaya SBCE device (sp-ucsec1) to be managed. In the right pane, select the Server Flows tab and click the Add button in the upper portion of the screen (not shown). A pop-up window (not shown) will appear requesting the name of the new flow and the flow parameters. Once complete, the settings are shown in the right pane.

Dashboard	End Point Flows: sp-ucsec1
Administration	
Backup/Restore	Devices Subscriber Flows Server Flows
System Management	
Global Parameters	sp-ucsec1 Server Configuration: SP-CLink
Global Profiles	End URI Received Signaling Point Routing
SIP Cluster	Priority Flow Name Group Interface Interface Politic Fouring
Domain Policies	Group
TLS Management	1 SP-CLink * Int_Sig_Intf Ext_Sig_Intf General- To_SM View Clone Edit Delete
Device Specific Settings	
Network	- Terrer Configuration 107 Carlic Infi
Management	200
Media Interface	Provide Marce Course Marchine Printing Provide Provide
Signaling Interface	Torus
Signaling Forking	1 If the state of the late the late of the late of the later of the la
End Point Flows	Comparison and the second seco
Session Flows	
Relav Services 🛛 👱	٢

7.12.1. End Point Flow: Session Manager

For the compliance test, the end point flow **Avaya-SM** was created for Session Manager. All traffic from Session Manager will match this flow as the source flow and use the specified **Routing Profile** "To_Trunks" to determine the destination server and corresponding destination flow. The **End Point Policy Group** and **Topology Hiding Profile** will be applied as appropriate. When creating the flow, configure the parameters as follows:

- For **Flow Name**, enter a descriptive name.
- For Server Configuration, select the Session Manager server created in Section 7.6.1.
- To match all traffic, set URI Group, Transport and Remote Subnet to *.
- Set **Received Interface** to the external signaling interface specified in **Section 7.3**.
- Set **Signaling Interface** to the internal signaling interface specified in **Section 7.3**.
- Set Media Interface to the internal media interface specified in Section 7.4.
- Set **End Point Policy Group** to the end point policy group defined for Session Manager in **Section 7.9.1**.
- Set **Routing Profile** to the routing profile defined in **Section 7.10.2** used to direct traffic to the CenturyLink SIP server.
- Set **Topology Hiding Profile** to the topology hiding profile defined for Session Manager in **Section 7.11.1**.

	Edit Flow: Avaya-SM X
Flow Name	Avaya-SM
Server Configuration	Avaya-SM 👻
URI Group	*
Transport	*
Remote Subnet	*
Received Interface	Ext_Sig_Intf 💌
Signaling Interface	Int_Sig_Intf
Media Interface	Int_Media_Intf 💌
End Point Policy Group	SM
Routing Profile	To_Trunks 💌
Topology Hiding Profile	PRT-Domain 💌
File Transfer Profile	None 💌
	Finish

Once complete, the **Avaya-SM** end point flow appears as the highlighted entry in the screen below. The other flow entry was configured for Remote Worker.

Update										
Priority	Flow Name	URI Group	Received Interface	Signaling Interface	End Point Policy Group	Routing Profile				
1	RVV- Avaya- SM	*	RW_Sig_Outside_229	RW_Sig_Inside_19	Remote_User	default	View	Clone	Edit	Delete
2	Avaya- SM	*	Ext_Sig_Intf	Int_Sig_Intf	SM	To_Trunks	View	Clone	Edit	Delet

7.12.2. End Point Flow: CenturyLink

For the compliance test, the end point flow **SP-CLink** was created for the CenturyLink SIP server. All traffic from CenturyLink will match this flow as the source flow and use the specified **Routing Profile** "To_PrtSM" to determine the destination server and corresponding destination flow. The **End Point Policy Group** and **Topology Hiding Profile** will be applied as appropriate. When creating the flow, configure the parameters as follows:

- For the **Flow Name**, enter a descriptive name.
- For Server Configuration, select the CenturyLink SIP server created in Section 7.6.2.
- To match all traffic, set URI Group, Transport and Remote Subnet to *.
- Set **Received Interface** to the internal signaling interface specified in **Section 7.3**.
- Set **Signaling Interface** to the external signaling interface specified in **Section 7.3**.
- Set Media Interface to the external media interface specified in Section 7.4.
- Set **End Point Policy Group** to the end point policy group defined for CenturyLink in **Section 7.9.2**.
- Set **Routing Profile** to the routing profile defined in **Section 7.10.1** used to direct traffic to Session Manager.
- Set **Topology Hiding Profile** to the topology hiding profile defined for CenturyLink in **Section 7.11.2**.

	Edit Flow: SP-CLink	Х
Flow Name	SP-CLink	
Server Configuration	SP-CLink	
URI Group	*	
Transport	* •	
Remote Subnet	*	
Received Interface	Int_Sig_Intf	
Signaling Interface	Ext_Sig_Intf 🗸	
Media Interface	Ext_Media_Intf 💌	
End Point Policy Group	General-SP	
Routing Profile	To_SM	
Topology Hiding Profile	SP-CLink 👻	
File Transfer Profile	None 🕶	
	Finish	

Once complete, the **SP-CLink** end point flow appears as follows.

C Server	Configuration: S	P-CLink	6 7							
Priority	Flow Name	URI Group	Received Interface	Signaling Interface	End Point Policy Group	Routing Profile				
1	SP-CLink	*	Int_Sig_Intf	Ext_Sig_Intf	General- SP	To_SM	View	Clone	Edit	Delete

8. CenturyLink SIP Trunking Configuration

To use CenturyLink SIP Trunking, a customer must request the service from CenturyLink using the established sales and provisioning processes. The process can be started by contacting CenturyLink and requesting information via the online sales links or telephone numbers.

CenturyLink is responsible for the configuration of its SIP Trunking service. The customer will need to provide the IP address used to reach the Avaya SBCE at the enterprise side. CenturyLink will provide the customer with the necessary information to configure the SIP connection from enterprise to the CenturyLink network. The information provided by CenturyLink includes:

- IP address and port number used for signaling through security devices (if any).
- IP address and port number used for media through security devices (if any).
- CenturyLink SIP domain. In the compliance test, CenturyLink preferred to use IP address as URI-Host.
- CPE SIP domain. In the compliance testing, CenturyLink preferred to use IP address of the Avaya SBCE as URI-Host.
- Supported codecs and order of preference.
- DID numbers.

The sample configuration between CenturyLink and the enterprise for the compliance test is a static configuration. There is no registration on the SIP trunk implemented on either CenturyLink or enterprise side.

9. Verification and Troubleshooting

This section provides verification steps that may be performed in the field to verify that the solution is configured properly. This section also provides a list of useful troubleshooting commands that can be used to troubleshoot the solution.

Verification Steps:

- 1. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can place calls to the PSTN and that the call remains active with 2-way audio path.
- 2. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can receive calls from the PSTN and that the call can remain active with 2-way audio path.
- 3. Verify that the user on the PSTN can end an active call by hanging up.
- 4. Verify that an endpoint at the enterprise site can end an active call by hanging up.

Troubleshooting:

- 1. Communication Manager:
 - **list trace station** <extension number> Traces calls to and from a specific station.
 - **list trace tac** <trunk access code number> Trace calls over a specific trunk group.

- **status station** <extension number> Displays signaling and media information for an active call on a specific station.
- **status trunk** <trunk group number> Displays trunk group information.
- **status trunk** <trunk group number/channel number> Displays signaling and media information for an active trunk channel.
- 2. Session Manager:
 - System State At System Manager, navigate to Home → Elements → Session Manager, as shown below. Verify that for the Session Manager of interest, a green check mark is placed under Tests Pass and the Service State is Accept New Service.

Ses	sion Manager Instance	es									
	Service State •	Shutdowi	n System 🔹	As of 3:21 PM							
				,	.00						
4 Ite	ms Refresh Show ALL 😪								F	ilter: Enabl	e
	Session Manager 🔷 👻	Туре	Tests Pass	Alarms	Security Module	Service State	Entity Monitoring	Active Call Count	Registrations	Data Replicati	io
	<u>devcon-asm</u>	Core	~	24/46/1429	Up	Accept New Service	4/15	0	6/6	~	1
	Dawk SW	Con	Man Connection								
	00200-0000	Con.	file Commercification								
	BREEDE STR	Core.		56/171/363	184	Second Second	1.75		6/9		

- Call Routing Test The Call Routing Test verifies the routing for a particular source and destination. To run the routing test, navigate to Home → Elements → Session Manager → System Tools → Call Routing Test. Enter the requested data to run tests.
- **traceSM x** Session Manager command line tool for traffic analysis. Log into an SSH or Telnet session with the Session Manager management interface to run this command.
- 3. Avaya SBCE
 - **OPTIONS** Use a network sniffer tool like Wireshark to verify that the service provider network will receive OPTIONS forwarded by the Avaya SBCE from the enterprise site as a result of the SIP Entity Monitoring configured for Session Manager. Reversely, when the service provider network responds to the OPTIONS from Session Manager, the Avaya SBCE will pass the response to Session Manager.

• **Incidents** – From the admin web interface of the Avaya SBCE, open the Incidents Viewer by clicking the **Incidents** menu button in the menu bar. Verify that no abnormal incidents are listed

10. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the configuration necessary to connect Avaya Aura® Communication Manager R6.3, Avaya Aura® Session Manager R6.3.2 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise R6.2 to CenturyLink SIP Trunking service (Sonus Platform). CenturyLink SIP Trunking is a SIP-based Voice over IP solution for customers ranging from small businesses to large enterprises. CenturyLink SIP Trunking provides businesses a flexible, cost-saving alternative to traditional hardwired telephony trunks.

11. References

The Avaya product documentation is available at <u>http://support.avaya.com</u> unless otherwise noted.

Avaya Aura® Session Manager/System Manager

- [1] Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 6.3, Issue 2, June 2013
- [2] Maintaining and Troubleshooting Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 6.3, Issue 2, May 2013
- [3] Administering Avaya Aura® System Manager, Release 6.3, Issue 2, May 2013

Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

- [4] *Administering Avaya Aura*® *Communication Manager*, Document ID 03-300509, Release 6.3, Issue 8, May 2013
- [5] *Programming Call Vectoring Features in Avaya Aura*® *Call Center Elite*, Release 6.3, Issue 1, May 2013

Avaya Endpoints

- [6] Avaya one-X® Deskphone SIP 9621G/9641G User Guide for 9600 Series IP Telephones, Document ID 16-603596, Issue 1, August 2012
- [7] Avaya one-X® Deskphone H.323 9608 and 9611G User Guide, Document ID 16-603593, Issue 3, February 2012
- [8] Avaya one-X® Deskphone SIP for 9640/9640G IP Telephone User Guide Guide, Document ID 16-602403, June 2013
- [9] Avaya one-X® Deskphone H.323 for 9630 and 9630G IP Deskphone User Guide, Document ID 16-300700, June 2013
- [10] Avaya one-X® Deskphone Value Edition 1616 IP Deskphone User Guide, Document ID 16-601448, June 2013
- [11] Using the Avaya A175 Desktop Video Device with the Avaya Flare® Experience, Document ID 16-603733, Issue 2, December 2011
- [12] Using Avaya one-X® Communicator Release 6.1, October 2011
- [13] Using Avaya Flare® Experience for Windows, Document ID 18-604158, Release 1.1, Issue 2, February 2013

Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

- [1] Administering Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 6.2, Issue 2, March 2013
- [2] Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Overview and Specification, Issue 2, March 2013

©2013 Avaya Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Avaya and the Avaya Logo are trademarks of Avaya Inc. All trademarks identified by ® and TM are registered trademarks or trademarks, respectively, of Avaya Inc. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners. The information provided in these Application Notes is subject to change without notice. The configurations, technical data, and recommendations provided in these Application Notes are believed to be accurate and dependable, but are presented without express or implied warranty. Users are responsible for their application of any products specified in these Application Notes.

Please e-mail any questions or comments pertaining to these Application Notes along with the full title name and filename, located in the lower right corner, directly to the Avaya DevConnect Program at <u>devconnect@avaya.com</u>.