

Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring Iristel SIP Trunk Service with Avaya Aura® Communication Manager 7.0, Avaya Aura® Session Manager 7.0 and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 7.1 – Issue 1.0

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the steps to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking between Iristel and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager 7.0, Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager 7.0, Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise 7.1 and various Avaya endpoints.

Readers should pay attention to **Section 2**, in particular the scope of testing as outlined in **Section 2.1** as well as the observations noted in **Section 2.2**, to ensure that their own use cases are adequately covered by this scope and results.

Iristel is a member of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program. Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

Table of Contents

1.	INT	RODUCTION	4
2.	GE	NERAL TEST APPROACH AND TEST RESULTS	4
	2.1.	INTEROPERABILITY COMPLIANCE TESTING	4
	2.2.	TEST RESULTS	5
	2.3.	SUPPORT	5
3.	RE	FERENCE CONFIGURATION	6
4.	EQ	UIPMENT AND SOFTWARE VALIDATED	7
5.	CO	NFIGURE AVAYA AURA® COMMUNICATION MANAGER	9
	5.1.	LICENSING AND CAPACITY	
	5.2.	System Features	
	5.3.	IP NODE NAMES	
	5.4.	CODECS	
	5.5.	IP NETWORK REGION FOR MEDIA GATEWAY, MEDIA SERVER	
	5.6.	CONFIGURE IP INTERFACE FOR PROCR	
	5.7.	SIGNALING GROUP	
	5.8.	TRUNK GROUP	
	5.9.	CALLING PARTY INFORMATION	
	5.10.	OUTBOUND ROUTING	
	5.11.	INCOMING CALL HANDLING TREATMENT	
	5.12.	CONTACT CENTER CONFIGURATION	
		2.2. ACD Configuration for Call Queued for Handling by Agent	
	5.12	AVAYA AURA® COMMUNICATION MANAGER STATIONS	
	5.14.	SAVE AVAYA AURA® COMMUNICATION MANAGER CONFIGURATION CHANGES	34
6.	CO	NFIGURE AVAYA AURA® SESSION MANAGER	35
	6.1.	AVAYA AURA® SYSTEM MANAGER LOGIN AND NAVIGATION	
	6.2.	SPECIFY SIP DOMAIN	
	6.3.	ADD LOCATION	
	6.4.	ADD SIP ENTITIES	
		1. Configure Session Manager SIP Entity	
		2. Configure Communication Manager SIP Entity	
		3. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise SIP Entity	
	6.5.	ADD ENTITY LINKS	
	6.6.	CONFIGURE TIME RANGES	
	6.7. 6.8.	ADD ROUTING POLICIES	
_			
7.		NFIGURE AVAYA SESSION BORDER CONTROLLER FOR ENTERPRISE	
	7.1.	LOG IN TO AVAYA SESSION BORDER CONTROLLER FOR ENTERPRISE	
	7.2.	GLOBAL PROFILES.	
		1. Configure Server Interworking Profile - Avaya Site	
		2. Configure Server Interworking Profile – Iristel SIP Trunk Site	
		3. Configure Server – Avaya Site	
		4. Configure Server – Iristel SIP Trunk	
		5. Configure Routing – Avaya Site	
		6. Configure Routing – Iristel SIP Trunk Site	
	7.2.	DEVICE SPECIFIC SETTINGS	
	1.5.	DEVICE DI ECHTO DEL TIMOS	04

	7.3.	1. Manage Network Settings	64
		2. Create Media Interfaces	
		3. Create Signaling Interfaces	
		4. Configuration Server Flows	
		.3.4.1 Create End Point Flows – SMVM Flow	69
	7	.3.4.2 Create End Point Flows – Iristel SIP Trunk Flow	70
8.	IRIS	STEL SIP TRUNK CONFIGURATION	71
9.	VEI	RIFICATION STEPS	71
10.	CO	NCLUSION	72
11.	REF	FERENCES	73
12.	APF	PENDIX A – REMOTE WORKER CONFIGURATION	74
	12.1.	NETWORK MANAGEMENT ON AVAYA SBCE	76
	12.2.	MEDIA INTERFACE ON AVAYA SBCE	
	12.3.	SIGNALING INTERFACE ON AVAYA SBCE	
	12.4.	SERVER INTERWORKING CONFIGURATION ON AVAYA SBCE	
	12.5.	SERVER CONFIGURATION ON AVAYA SBCE	81
	12.6.	ROUTING PROFILE ON AVAYA SBCE	82
	12.7.	USER AGENT ON AVAYA SBCE	84
	12.8.	RELAY SERVICES ON AVAYA SBCE	86
	12.9.	MAPPING PROFILES ON AVAYA SBCE	
	12.10.	APPLICATION RULES ON AVAYA SBCE	
	12.11.	MEDIA RULES ON AVAYA SBCE	
	12.12.	END POINT POLICY GROUPS ON AVAYA SBCE	
	12.13.	END POINT FLOWS ON AVAYA SBCE	
		3.1. Subscriber Flow	
	12.1	3.2. Server Flow on Avaya SBCE	95
		2.13.2.1 Remote Worker Server Flow	
	•	2.13.2.2 Trunking Server Flow on Avaya SBCE	
	12.14.	0 10 12.11 1 1 1 1 0 2 1 t	
		4.1. Modify Session Manager Firewall: Elements → Session Manager → Network Configuration ¬	
		wall	
		4.2. Disable PPM Limiting: Elements → Session Manager → Session Manager Administration	
	12.15.	REMOTE WORKER CLIENT CONFIGURATION	
	CID	Clobal Vattings Vancon	100

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the steps to configure Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking between Iristel and an Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution. The Avaya solution consists of Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager 7.0, Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager 7.0, Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE) 7.1 and various Avaya endpoints.

Customers using this Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution with Iristel SIP Trunk are able to place and receive PSTN calls via a broadband WAN connection and the SIP protocol. This converged network solution is an alternative to traditional PSTN trunks such as ISDN-PRI.

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

The general test approach was to connect a simulated enterprise site to Iristel SIP Trunk via the public Internet and exercise the features and functionality listed in **Section 2.1**. The simulated enterprise site was comprised of Communication Manager, Session Manager and the Avaya SBCE with various types of Avaya phones.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

To verify SIP trunking interoperability, the following features and functionality were covered during the interoperability compliance test.

- Response to SIP OPTIONS queries
- Incoming PSTN calls to various Avaya deskphone types including H.323, SIP, digital, and analog at the enterprise. All inbound PSTN calls were routed to the enterprise across the SIP trunk from the service provider
- Outgoing PSTN calls from various Avaya deskphone types including H.323, SIP, digital, and analog at the enterprise. All outbound PSTN calls were routed from the enterprise across the SIP trunk to the service provider
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls to/from softphones. Two Avaya soft phones were used in testing: Avaya one-X® Communicator (1XC) and Avaya Communicator for Windows. 1XC supports two work modes (Computer and Other Phone). Each supported mode was tested. 1XC also supports two Voice over IP (VoIP) protocols: H.323 and SIP. Both protocols were tested. Avaya Communicator for Windows was used in testing as a simple SIP endpoint for basic inbound and outbound calls
- SIP transport using UDP, port 5060, between the Avaya enterprise and Iristel

- Direct IP-to-IP Media (also known as "Shuffling") over a SIP Trunk. Direct IP-to-IP
 Media allows Communication Manager to reconfigure the RTP path after call
 establishment directly between the Avaya phones and the Avaya SBCE releasing media
 processing resources on the Avaya Media Gateway or Avaya Media Server
- Various call types including: local, long distance, inbound toll-free, outbound toll-free, local directory assistance 411
- Codec G.711MU, G.711A, G.729A
- Caller ID presentation and Caller ID restriction
- Response to incomplete call attempts and trunk errors
- Voicemail navigation for inbound and outbound calls
- User features such as hold and resume, internal call forwarding, transfer, and conference
- Off-net call transfer, conference, off-net call forwarding, forwarding to Avaya Aura[®]
 Messaging and EC500 mobility (extension to cellular)
- Use of SIP re-Invite/Update in call transfer
- SIP Diversion Header in off-net call forward
- Call Center scenarios
- Fax G.711 pass-through and T.38 modes
- DTMF RFC2833
- Remote Worker.

Items not supported included the following:

- Registration and authentication
- TLS/SRTP
- Network Call Redirection (NCR) & User-To-User Information (UUI)
- SIP Refer
- Outbound Assisted Operator calls.

Items not tested because Iristel services are not available during the compliance test:

- Outbound International Calls
- Emergency Calls (e.g., 911 in US/Canada).

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of Iristel SIP Trunk was completed successfully.

2.3. Support

For technical support on the Iristel SIP Trunk Service, please contact customer service at 1-866-779-IRIS (4747) or visit: http://www.iristel.ca/wholesale-services/

Avaya customers may obtain documentation and support for Avaya products by visiting http://support.avaya.com. Alternatively, in the United States, (866) GO-AVAYA (866-462-8292) provides access to overall sales and service support menus.

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 illustrates a sample Avaya SIP-enabled enterprise solution connected to Iristel SIP Trunk. This is the configuration used for compliance testing.

For confidentiality and privacy purposes, actual public IP addresses used in this testing have been masked out and replaced with fictitious IP addresses throughout the document. The 10.10.98.X network has been subdivided and the inside of the SBCE is connected to the 10.10.98.0/24 network while the outside of the SBCE is connected to the 10.10.98.96/27 network.

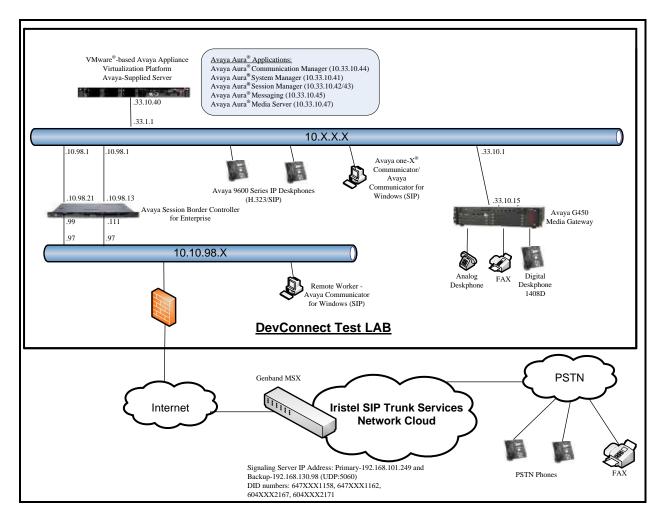


Figure 1: Avaya IP Telephony Network and Iristel SIP Trunk

4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software were used for the sample configuration provided:

Avaya IP Telephony Solution Components									
Equipment/Software	Release/Version								
Avaya Aura® Communication Manager	7.0.1.0.0-FP1								
running on VMware®- based Avaya appliance	(Patch-00.0.441.0-23012)								
Avaya G450 Media Gateway	37.21								
- MM711AP Analog	HW46 FW096								
– MM712AP Digital	HW10 FW014								
- MM710AP	HW05 FW020								
Avaya Aura® Session Manager	7.0.0.0.700007								
running on VMware [®] - based Avava appliance	Build No: 7.0.0.0.700001 - 7.0.0.0								
Avaya Aura® System Manager	7.0.0.0								
running on VMware®- based Avaya appliance	Build No: 7.0.0.0.16266 - 7.0.0.3929								
Avaya Aura® Messaging	N6.3-69.0 - 335								
running on VMware®- based Avaya appliance									
Avaya Aura® Media Server	7.7.0.226								
running on VMware®- based Avaya appliance									
Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise	7.1.0.0-04-11122								
running on Dell R210 V2 Server									
Avaya 9621G IP Deskphone (SIP)	Avaya Deskphone SIP 7.0.0.39								
Avaya 9621G IP Deskphone (H.323)	Avaya IP Deskphone								
	6.6115								
Avaya 9641 IP Deskphone (H.323)	Avaya IP Deskphone								
	6.6115								
Avaya Digital Deskphone (1408D)	R40								
Avaya Communicator for Windows	2.1.3.80-SP3								
Avaya one-X® Communicator (H.323 & SIP)	6.2.11.03-SP11								
Avaya Analog Deskphone	N/A								
HP Officejet 4500 Fax	N/A								
Iristel SIP Trun	k Components								
Equipment/Software	Release/Version								
Genband MSX	8.3								

Table 1: Equipment and Software Tested

The specific configuration above was used for the compliance testing. Note that this solution will be compatible with other Avaya Server and Media Gateway platforms running similar versions of Communication Manager and Session Manager.

Note: From Release 7.0, Avaya uses the VMware[®]- based Avaya Appliance Virtualization Platform to provide virtualization for Avaya Aura[®] applications in Avaya appliance offer. Avaya-appliance offer includes:

- Common Servers: Dell[™] PowerEdge[™] R610, Dell[™] PowerEdge[™] R620, HP ProLiant DL360 G7 (It was used for the compliance testing), and HP ProLiant DL360p G8.
- S8300D and S8300E.

Appliance Virtualization Platform is the customized OEM version of VMware[®] ESXi 5.5. With Appliance Virtualization Platform, customers can run any combination of supported applications such as Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager, Avaya Aura[®] System Manager, Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager, Avaya Aura[®] Messaging, and Avaya Aura[®] Media Server on Avaya-supplied servers. Appliance Virtualization Platform provides greater flexibility in scaling customer solutions to individual requirements. Appliance Virtualization Platform is available only in an Avaya-appliance offer. Avaya-appliance offer does not support VMware tools, such as vCenter and vSphere Client. You can configure and manage Appliance Virtualization Platform by using Solution Deployment Manager that is part of System Manager, or by installing the Solution Deployment Manager client.

It is assumed the general installation of VMware[®]- based Avaya Appliance Virtualization Platform, Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager, Avaya Aura[®] System Manager, Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager, Avaya Aura[®] Messaging, Avaya Aura[®] Media Server and Avaya Media Gateway has been previously completed and is not discussed in this document.

5. Configure Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

This section describes the procedure for configuring Communication Manager for Iristel SIP Trunk.

The Communication Manager configuration was performed using the System Access Terminal (SAT). Some screens in this section have been abridged and highlighted for brevity and clarity in presentation.

5.1. Licensing and Capacity

Use the **display system-parameters customer-options** command to verify that the **Maximum Administered SIP Trunks** value on **Page 2** is sufficient to support the desired number of simultaneous SIP calls across all SIP trunks at the enterprise including any trunks to the service provider. The example shows that 4000 SIP trunks are available and 100 are in use. The license file installed on the system controls the maximum values for these attributes. If a required feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative to add additional capacity.

display system-parameters customer-options OPTIONAL FEATURES	Page	2 of	11	
IP PORT CAPACITIES		USED		
Maximum Administered H.323 Trunks:	4000	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP Stations:	2400	2		
Maximum Administered Remote Office Trunks:	4000	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered Remote Office Stations:	2400	0		
Maximum Concurrently Registered IP eCons:	68	0		
Max Concur Registered Unauthenticated H.323 Stations:	100	0		
Maximum Video Capable Stations:	2400	0		
Maximum Video Capable IP Softphones:	2400	5		
Maximum Administered SIP Trunks:	4000	100		
Maximum Administered Ad-hoc Video Conferencing Ports:	4000	0		
Maximum Number of DS1 Boards with Echo Cancellation:	80	0		

Figure 2: System-Parameters Customer-Options Form – Page 2

```
4 of 11
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                               Page
                                OPTIONAL FEATURES
    Abbreviated Dialing Enhanced List? n
                                                 Audible Message Waiting? y
        Access Security Gateway (ASG)? n
                                                     Authorization Codes? y
       Analog Trunk Incoming Call ID? y
                                                              CAS Branch? n
                                                                 CAS Main? n
A/D Grp/Sys List Dialing Start at 01? y
Answer Supervision by Call Classifier? y
                                                        Change COR by FAC? n
                                 ARS? y Computer Telephony Adjunct Links? y
                ARS/AAR Partitioning? y
                                          Cvg Of Calls Redirected Off-net? y
                                                              DCS (Basic)? y
          ARS/AAR Dialing without FAC? n
          ASAI Link Core Capabilities? y
                                                        DCS Call Coverage? y
          ASAI Link Plus Capabilities? y
                                                       DCS with Rerouting? y
       Async. Transfer Mode (ATM) PNC? n
  Async. Transfer Mode (ATM) Trunking? n
                                           Digital Loss Plan Modification? y
             ATM WAN Spare Processor? n
                                                                  DS1 MSP? y
                                ATMS? y
                                                    DS1 Echo Cancellation? y
                 Attendant Vectoring? Y
```

Figure 3: System-Parameters Customer-Options Form – Page 4

On Page 6, verify that Private Networking and Processor Ethernet are set to y.

```
display system-parameters customer-options
                                                                       6 of 11
                                                                Page
                                OPTIONAL FEATURES
               Multinational Locations? n
                                                      Station and Trunk MSP? y
Multiple Level Precedence & Preemption? n
                                               Station as Virtual Extension? y
                    Multiple Locations? n
                                            System Management Data Transfer? n
                                                        Tenant Partitioning? y
         Personal Station Access (PSA)? y
                                                Terminal Trans. Init. (TTI)? y
                       PNC Duplication? n
                  Port Network Support? n
                                                        Time of Day Routing? y
                                               TN2501 VAL Maximum Capacity? y
                       Posted Messages? y
                                                       Uniform Dialing Plan? y
                    Private Networking? y
                                             Usage Allocation Enhancements? y
              Processor and System MSP? y
                    Processor Ethernet? y
                                                         Wideband Switching? y
                                                                    Wireless? n
                         Remote Office? y
         Restrict Call Forward Off Net? y
                 Secondary Data Module? y
```

Figure 4: System-Parameters Customer-Options Form – Page 6

5.2. System Features

Use the **change system-parameters features** command to set the **Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer** field to **all** for allowing inbound calls from the PSTN to be transferred to another PSTN endpoint. If for security reasons, incoming calls should not be allowed to be transferred back to the PSTN then leave the field set to **none**.

```
change system-parameters features

FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS

Self Station Display Enabled? n

Trunk-to-Trunk Transfer: all

Automatic Callback with Called Party Queuing? n

Automatic Callback - No Answer Timeout Interval (rings): 3

Call Park Timeout Interval (minutes): 10

Off-Premises Tone Detect Timeout Interval (seconds): 20

AAR/ARS Dial Tone Required? y
```

Figure 5: System-Parameters Features Form – Page 1

On **Page 9**, verify that a text string has been defined to replace the Calling Party Number (CPN) for restricted or unavailable calls. This text string is entered in the two fields highlighted below. The compliance test used the value of **anonymous** for both. The value of **anonymous** is replaced for restricted numbers and unavailable numbers (refer to **Section 5.8**).

```
Page 9 of 19
change system-parameters features
                        FEATURE-RELATED SYSTEM PARAMETERS
CPN/ANI/ICLID PARAMETERS
  CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Restricted Calls: anonymous
  CPN/ANI/ICLID Replacement for Unavailable Calls: anonymous
DISPLAY TEXT
                                       Identity When Bridging: principal
                                       User Guidance Display? n
Extension only label for Team button on 96xx H.323 terminals? n
INTERNATIONAL CALL ROUTING PARAMETERS
               Local Country Code:
         International Access Code:
SCCAN PARAMETERS
  Enable Enbloc Dialing without ARS FAC? n
CALLER ID ON CALL WAITING PARAMETERS
     Caller ID on Call Waiting Delay Timer (msec): 200
```

Figure 6: System-Parameters Features Form – Page 9

5.3. IP Node Names

Use the **change node-names ip** command to verify that node names have been previously defined for the IP addresses as below:

- Messaging: Name: AAMVM, IP Address: 10.33.10.45
- Media Server: Name: AMS, IP Address: 10.33.10.47
- Session Manager: Name: bvwasm2, IP Address: 10.33.10.43
- Communication Manager: Name: procr, IP Address: 10.33.10.44

These node names will be needed for defining the service provider signaling group in **Section 5.7**.

change node-na	mes ip		Page	1 of	2
		IP NODE NAMES			
Name	IP Address				
AAMVM	10.33.10.45				
AMS	10.33.10.47				
bvwasm2	10.33.10.43				
default	0.0.0.0				
procr	10.33.10.44				
procr6	::				

Figure 7: Node-Names IP Form

5.4. Codecs

Use the **change ip-codec-set** command to define a list of codecs to use for calls between the enterprise and the service provider. In the compliance test, **ip-codec-set 1** was used for this purpose. Iristel supports the **G.711MU**, **G.711A**, and **G.729A** codecs. Default values can be used for all other fields.

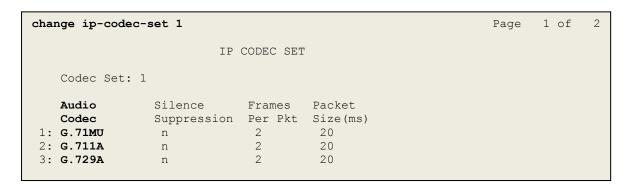


Figure 8: IP-Codec-Set Form – Page 1

On **Page 2**, set the **FAX Mode** to **t.38-standard** or **t.38-G711-fallback**. In the compliance test, Iristel supports both Fax G.711 pass-through and T.38 modes.

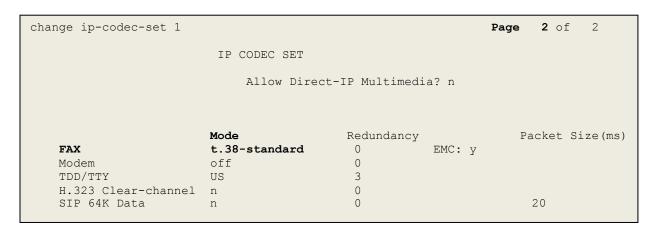


Figure 9: IP-Codec-Set Form - Page 2

5.5. IP Network Region for Media Gateway, Media Server

Network region provide a means to logically group resources. In the shared Communication Manager configuration used for the testing, both Avaya G450 Media Gateway and Avaya Media Server were tested and used region 1. For the compliance test, IP network region 1 was chosen for the service provider trunk.

Use the **change ip-network-region 1** command to configure region 1 with the following parameters:

- Set the **Authoritative Domain** field to match the SIP domain of the enterprise. In this configuration, the domain name is **bvwdev.com**. This name appears in the From header of SIP messages originating from this IP region.
- Enter a descriptive name in the **Name** field.
- Enable IP-IP Direct Audio (shuffling) to allow audio traffic to be sent directly between IP endpoints without using media resources in the Avaya G450 Media Gateway or Avaya Media Server. Set both Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio and Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio to yes. Shuffling can be further restricted at the trunk level on the Signaling Group form in Section 5.7.
- Set the Codec Set field to the IP codec set defined in Section 5.4.
- Default values can be used for all other fields.

```
change ip-network-region 1
                                                                Page 1 of 20
                              IP NETWORK REGION
 Region: 1
Location: 1 Authoritative Domain: bvwdev.com
   Name: procr
                               Stub Network Region: n
MEDIA PARAMETERS
                               Intra-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
                         Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
Inter-region IP-IP Direct Audio: yes
     Codec Set: 1
  UDP Port Min: 2048
                                          IP Audio Hairpinning? n
  UDP Port Max: 3329
DIFFSERV/TOS PARAMETERS
Call Control PHB Value: 46
       Audio PHB Value: 46
       Video PHB Value: 26
802.1P/O PARAMETERS
Call Control 802.1p Priority: 6
      Audio 802.1p Priority: 6
                                 AUDIO RESOURCE RESERVATION PARAMETERS
       Video 802.1p Priority: 5
H.323 IP ENDPOINTS
                                                        RSVP Enabled? n
 H.323 Link Bounce Recovery? y
 Idle Traffic Interval (sec): 20
  Keep-Alive Interval (sec): 5
            Keep-Alive Count: 5
```

Figure 10: IP-Network-Region Form

The following display command shows that **media-gateway 1** is an Avaya G450 Media Gateway configured for **Network Region 1**. It can also be observed that the **Controller IP Address** is the Avaya Processor Ethernet (**10.33.10.44**), and that the gateway **MGP IPv4 Address** is **10.33.10.15**. These fields are not configured in this screen, but just display the current information for the Media Gateway.

```
display media-gateway 1
                                                      Page 1 of
                        MEDIA GATEWAY 1
                 Type: g450
                Name: g450
            Serial No: 12TG18000244
   Network Region: 1
                                      Location: 1
                                     Site Data:
         Recovery Rule: none
           Registered? y
  FW Version/HW Vintage: 37 .21 .0 /1
      MGP IPV4 Address: 10.33.10.15
      MGP IPV6 Address:
  Controller IP Address: 10.33.10.44
          MAC Address: 3c:3a:73:17:c5:a8
  Mutual Authentication? n
```

Figure 11: Media Gateway – Page 1

The following screen shows Page 2 for Media Gateway 1. The gateway has an MM712 media module supporting Avaya digital phones in slot V1, an MM711 supporting analog phones on slot V2, and the capability to provide announcements and music on hold via "gatewayannouncements" in logical slot V9.

```
display media-gateway 1
                                                                 Page 2 of
                             MEDIA GATEWAY 1
                                 Type: g450
Slot Module Type
V1: MM712
                                                      DSP Type FW/HW version MP80 144 7
                              DCP MM
                                                     MP80
V2: MM711
                             ANA MM
V3:
 V4:
 V5:
 V6:
 V7:
 V8:
                                                     Max Survivable IP Ext: 8
 V9:
       gateway-announcements ANN VMM
```

Figure 12: Media Gateway – Page 2

The following display command shows that **media-server 1** is an Avaya Media Server configured for **Network Region 1**. It can also be observed that the **Node Name: AMS** (Defined in **Section 5.3**) and the **Signaling Group: 11** (Defined in **Section 5.7**) have been used. These fields are not configured in this screen, but just display the current information for the Media Server.

```
display media-server 1

MEDIA SERVER

Media Server ID: 1

Signaling Group: 11

Voip Channel License Limit: 10
Dedicated Voip Channel Licenses: 10

Node Name: AMS
Network Region: 1
Location: 1
Announcement Storage Area:
```

Figure 13: Media Server

5.6. Configure IP Interface for procr

Use the **change ip-interface procr** command to change the Processor Ethernet (procr) parameters. The following screen shows the parameters used in the sample configuration. While the focus here is the use of the procr for SIP Trunk signaling, observe that the Processor Ethernet will also be used for registrations from H.323 IP Telephones. Ensure **Enable Interface** is **y** and **Network Region** is **1**.

```
change ip-interface procr

IP INTERFACES

Type: PROCR

Target socket load: 4800

Enable Interface? y

Allow H.323 Endpoints? y
Allow H.248 Gateways? y
Gatekeeper Priority: 5

IPV4 PARAMETERS

Node Name: procr
Subnet Mask: /24

IP Address: 10.33.10.44
```

Figure 14: IP-Interface Form

5.7. Signaling Group

Use the **add signaling-group** command to create signaling groups between Communication Manager and Session Manager. For the compliance test, signaling group **20** was used for both outbound and inbound calls between the service provider and the enterprise. It was configured using the parameters highlighted below. Note: The signaling group between Communication Manager and Session Manager used for SIP phones is not mentioned in these Application Notes.

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**.
- Set the **IMS Enabled** field to **n**. This specifies the Communication Manager will serve as an Evolution Server for Session Manager.
- Set the **Transport Method** to the value of **tls** (Transport Layer Security). The transport method specified here is used between Communication Manager and Session Manager.
- Set the **Peer Detection Enabled** field to **y**. The **Peer-Server** field will initially be set to **Others** and cannot be changed via administration. Later, the **Peer-Server** field will automatically change to **SM** once Communication Manager detects its peer as a Session Manager.
- Set the **Near-end Node Name** to **procr**. This node name maps to the IP address of Communication Manager as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Far-end Node Name** to **bvwasm2**. This node name maps to the IP address of Session Manager as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Near-end Listen Port** and **Far-end Listen Port** to a valid unused port for TLS, such as **5061**.

- Set the **Far-end Network Region** to the IP network region defined for the service provider in **Section 5.5**.
- Set the **Far-end Domain** to **bvwdev.com**, the enterprise domain.
- Set **Direct IP-IP Audio Connections** to **y**. This setting will enable media shuffling on the SIP trunk so that Communication Manager will re-route media traffic directly between the SIP trunk and the enterprise endpoint. Note that the Avaya G450 Media Gateway or Avaya Media Server will not remain in the media path of all calls between the SIP trunk and the endpoint.
- Set the **Alternate Route Timer** to **6**. This defines the number of seconds Communication Manager will wait for a response (other than 100 Trying) to an outbound INVITE before selecting another route. If an alternate route is not defined, then the call is cancelled after this interval.
- Default values may be used for all other fields.

```
Page 1 of
add signaling-group 20
                                     SIGNALING GROUP
 Group Number: 20 Group Type: signs Enabled? n Transport Method: tls
                                  Group Type: sip
        Q-SIP? n
     IP Video? n
                                                          Enforce SIPS URI for SRTP? y
  Peer Detection Enabled? y Peer Server: SM
 Prepend '+'to Outgoing Calling/Alerting/Diverting/connected Public Numbers? y
Remove '+'from Incoming Called/Calling/Alerting/Diverting/connected Numbers? n
  Near-end Node Name: procr
                                                  Far-end Node Name: bvwasm2
 Near-end Listen Port: 5061
                                                 Far-end Listen Port: 5061
                                           Far-end Network Region: 1
                                       Far-end Secondary Node Name:
Far-end Domain: bvwdev.com
                                                   Bypass If IP Threshold Exceeded? n
Incoming Dialog Loopbacks: eliminate

DTMF over IP: rtp-payload

Session Establishment Timer(min): 3

Enable Layer 3 Test? y

H.323 Station Outgoing Direct Media? n
```

Figure 15: Signaling-Group 20

For the compliance test, signaling group 11 was used for the signaling group between Communication Manager and Media Server. It was configured using the parameters highlighted below.

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**.
- Set the **Transport Method** to the value of **tcp** (Transmission Control Protocol). The transport method specified here is used between Communication Manager and Media Server.
- Set the **Peer Detection Enabled** field to **n** and **Peer Server** to **AMS**.

- Set the **Near-end Node Name** to **procr**. This node name maps to the IP address of Communication Manager as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Far-end Node Name** to **AMS**. This node name maps to the IP address of Media Server as defined in **Section 5.3**.
- Set the **Near-end Listen Port** and **Far-end Listen Port** to a valid unused port for TCP, as **5060**.
- Set the **Far-end Network Region** to the IP network region defined for the service provider in **Section 5.5**.
- Set the **Far-end Domain** to **10.33.10.47**.

```
change signaling-group 11

SIGNALING GROUP

Group Number: 11

Group Type: sip
Transport Method: tcp

Peer Detection Enabled? n Peer Server: AMS

Near-end Node Name: procr
Near-end Listen Port: 5060
Far-end Network Region: 1

Far-end Domain: 10.33.10.47
```

Figure 16: Signaling-Group 11

5.8. Trunk Group

Use the **add trunk-group** command to create trunk groups for the signaling groups created in **Section 5.7**.

For the compliance test, trunk group **20** was used for both outbound and inbound calls to the service provider. It was configured using the parameters highlighted below.

- Set the **Group Type** field to **sip**.
- Enter a descriptive name for the **Group Name**.
- Enter an available trunk access code (TAC) that is consistent with the existing dial plan in the **TAC** field. (i.e. *020). Note: Refer to **Section 5.10** for adding * in dialing plan.
- Set Class of Restriction (**COR**) to **1**.
- Set **Direction** to **two-way** for trunk group **20**.
- Set the **Service Type** field to **public-ntwrk**.
- Set Member Assignment Method to auto.
- Set the **Signaling Group** to the signaling group configured in **Section 5.7**. Trunk group **20** was associated to signaling group **20**.

- Set the **Number of Members** field to the number of trunk members in the SIP trunk group. This value determines how many simultaneous SIP calls can be supported by this trunk.
- Default values were used for all other fields.

```
add trunk-group 20

Group Number: 20

Group Type: sip

CDR Reports: y

COR: 1 TN: 1 TAC: *020

Direction: two-way

Dial Access? n

Queue Length: 0

Service Type: public-ntwrk

Member Assignment Method: auto

Signaling Group: 20

Number of Members: 50
```

Figure 17: Trunk-Group – Page 1

On Page 2, set the Redirect On OPTIM Failure timer to the same amount of time as the Alternate Route Timer on the signaling group form in Section 5.7. Note that the Redirect On OPTIM Failure timer is defined in milliseconds. Verify that the Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval (sec) is set to a value acceptable to the service provider. This value defines the interval that UPDATEs must be sent to keep the active session alive. For the compliance test, the value of 600 seconds was used.

```
add trunk-group 20
Group Type: sip

TRUNK PARAMETERS

Unicode Name: auto

Redirect On OPTIM Failure: 6000

SCCAN? n

Digital Loss Group: 18

Preferred Minimum Session Refresh Interval (sec): 600

Disconnect Supervision - In? y Out? y

XOIP Treatment: auto Delay Call Setup When Accessed Via IGAR? n
```

Figure 18: Trunk-Group – Page 2

On **Page 3**, set the **Numbering Format** field to **public**. This field specifies the format of the calling party number (CPN) sent to the far-end (refer to **Section 5.9** for the public-unknown-numbering format). The compliance test used 10 digit numbering format. Thus, **Numbering Format** was set to **public** and the **Numbering Format** field in the route pattern was set to **public** unk (see **Section 5.10**).

Set the **Replace Restricted Numbers** and **Replace Unavailable Numbers** fields to **y**. This will allow the CPN displayed on local endpoints to be replaced with the value set in **Section 5.2** if the inbound call enabled CPN block. For outbound calls, these same settings request that CPN block be activated on the far-end destination if an enterprise user requests CPN block on a particular call routed out this trunk. Default values were used for all other fields.

```
add trunk-group 20
TRUNK FEATURES
ACA Assignment? n

Measured: none

Maintenance Tests? y

Numbering Format: public

UUI Treatment: service-provider

Replace Restricted Numbers? y
Replace Unavailable Numbers? y

Hold/Unhold Notifications? y

Modify Tandem Calling Number: no
```

Figure 19: Trunk-Group – Page 3

On **Page 4**, the **Network Call Redirection** field should be set to **n** (default setting) so that the SIP Refer is not sent in redirected calls. Note: In the compliance test, Iristel does not support SIP Refer in redirected calls.

Set the **Send Diversion Header** field to **y** and the **Support Request History** field to **y**. The **Send Diversion Header** and **Support Request History** fields provide additional information to the network if the call has been redirected. These settings are needed to support call forwarding of inbound calls back to the PSTN and some Extension to Cellular (EC500) call scenarios.

```
4 of 21
add trunk-group 20
                                                                    Page
                              PROTOCOL VARIATIONS
                                      Mark Users as Phone? n
Prepend '+' to Calling/Alerting/Diverting/Connected Number? n
                      Send Transferring Party Information? n
                                 Network Call Redirection? n
                                     Send Diversion Header? y
                                   Support Request History? y
                             Telephone Event Payload Type: 101
                       Convert 180 to 183 for Early Media? n
                 Always Use re-INVITE for Display Updates? n
                       Identity for Calling Party Display: P-Asserted-Identity
           Block Sending Calling Party Location in INVITE? n
                Accept Redirect to Blank User Destination? n
                                             Enable Q-SIP? n
          Interworking of ISDN Clearing with In-Band Tones: keep-channel-active
```

Figure 20: Trunk-Group - Page 4

5.9. Calling Party Information

The calling party number is sent in the SIP "From", "Contact" and "PAI" headers. Since public numbering was selected to define the format of this number (**Section 5.8**), use the **change public-unknown-numbering** command to create an entry for each extension which has a DID assigned. The DID numbers are provided by the SIP service provider. Each DID number is assigned to one enterprise internal extension or Vector Directory Numbers (VDNs), and it is used to authenticate the caller.

In a real customer environment, normally the DID number is comprised of the local extension plus a prefix. If this is true, then a single public-unknown-numbering entry can be applied for all extensions. In the compliance test, all stations with a 4-digit extension beginning with 11 or 21 will send the calling party number as the **CPN Prefix** plus the extension number.

cha	<pre>change public-unknown-numbering 0</pre>												
Len	Ext Code 11 21	Trk Grp(s) 20 20	CPN Prefix 647XXX 604XXX	Total CPN Len 10 10	Total Administered: 2 Maximum Entries: 24	_							

Figure 21: Public-Unknown-Numbering Form

5.10. Outbound Routing

In these Application Notes, the Automatic Route Selection (ARS) feature is used to route outbound calls via the SIP trunk to the service provider. In the sample configuration, the single digit 6 is used as the ARS access code. Enterprise callers will dial 6 to reach an "outside line". This configuration is illustrated below. Use the **change dialplan analysis** command to define the **Dialed String** as following:

• **Dialed String** beginning with **6** for feature access code (**fac**).

change dialplan analysis		Page 1 of 12
	DIAL PLAN ANALYSIS TABLE Location: all	Percent Full: 2
Dialed Total Call String Length Type	Dialed Total Call String Length Type	Dialed Total Call String Length Type
11 4 ext 181 4 udp	soling longer lipe	soring longon lips
21 4 ext 6 1 fac		
800 4 ext * 4 dac		
1 440		

Figure 22: Dialplan-Analysis Form

Use the **change feature-access-codes** command to configure **6** as the **Auto Route Selection** (**ARS**) – **Access Code 1**.

```
change feature-access-codes
                                                              Page 1 of 11
                              FEATURE ACCESS CODE (FAC)
        Abbreviated Dialing List1 Access Code:
        Abbreviated Dialin3g List2 Access Code:
        Abbreviated Dialing List3 Access Code:
Abbreviated Dial - Prgm Group List Access Code:
                     Announcement Access Code: *111
                      Answer Back Access Code:
                        Attendant Access code:
     Auto Alternate Routing (AAR) Access Code:
   Auto Route Selection (ARS) - Access Code 1: 6
                                                   Access Code 2:
               Automatic Callback Activation: Deactivation:
Call Forwarding Enhanced Status: Act: Deactivation:
                        Call Park Access Code:
                      Call Pickup Access Code:
CAS Remote Hold/Answer Hold-Unhold Access Code:
                 CDR Account Code Access Code:
                       Change COR Access Code:
                  Change Coverage Access Code:
           Conditional Call Extend Activation:
                                                     Deactivation:
                  Contact Closure Open Code:
                                                     Close Code:
```

Figure 23: Feature–Access-Codes Form

Use the **change ars analysis** command to configure the routing of dialed digits following the first digit **6**. The example below shows a subset of the dialed strings tested as part of the compliance test. See **Section 2.1** for the complete list of call types tested. All dialed strings are mapped to **Route Pattern 20** which contains the SIP trunk to the service provider (as defined next).

change ars analysis	s 0						Page	1 of	2
	Percent Fi	ıll: 1							
Dialed	Tot	al	Route	Call	Node	ANI			
String	Min	Max	Pattern	Type	Num	Reqd			
1604	11	11	20	pubu		n			
1613	11	11	20	pubu		n			
1647	11	11	20	pubu		n			
1800	11	11	20	pubu		n			
411	3	3	20	pubu		n			

Figure 24: ARS-Analysis Form

The route pattern defines which trunk group will be used for the call and performs any necessary digit manipulation. Use the **change route-pattern** command to configure the parameters for the service provider trunk route pattern in the following manner. The example below shows the values used in route pattern **20** for the compliance test.

- Pattern Name: Enter a descriptive name.
- **Grp No**: Enter the outbound trunk group for the SIP service provider. For the compliance test, trunk group **20** was used.
- FRL: Set the Facility Restriction Level (FRL) field to a level that allows access to this trunk for all users that require it. The value of 0 is the least restrictive level.
- **Numbering Format**: Set this field to **pub-unk** since public-unknown-numbering format should be used for this route (see **Section 5.8**).

char	nge :	rout	e-pa	tter	n 20									Page	1	of	3
					Patte	rn Nu	ımbeı	r: 5	Pat	ttern	Name:	SP					
						5	SCCA	1? n	(h	Secure	e SIP?	n					
	${\tt Grp}$	FRL	NPA	Pfx	Hop T	oll N	No.	Inser	rted						DCS	/ I	XC
	No			Mrk	Lmt L	ist I	Del	Digit	S						QSI	G	
						Ι	Ogts								Int	W	
1:	20	0													n	us	ser
2:															n	us	ser
3:															n	us	ser
4:															n	us	ser
5:															n	us	ser
6:															n	us	ser
	вс	C VA	LUE	TSC	CA-TS	С	ITC	BCIE	Serv	vice/E	Featur	e PARM	No.	Numbe	ring	LAI	R
	0 1	2 M	4 W		Reque	st							Dgts	Forma	t		
												Sul	baddr	ess			
1:	УУ	у у	y n	n			rest	ī.						pub-u	nk	nor	ne
2:	УУ	у у	y n	n			rest	5								nor	ne
3:	УУ	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								nor	ne
4:	УУ	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								nor	ne
5:	у у	У У	y n	n			rest	5								nor	ne
6:	УУ	УУ	y n	n			rest	5								nor	ne

Figure 25: Route-Pattern Form

Use the **change cor 1** command to change the Class of Restriction (COR) for the outbound call over SIP trunk. Set **Calling Party Restriction**: **none**. This setting allows the outbound call using feature access code (fac) 6 over SIP trunks.

```
1 of 23
change cor 1
                                                                  Page
                               CLASS OF RESTRICTION
               COR Number: 1
          COR Description:
                                                              APLT? y
  Can Be Service Observed? n
                                      Calling Party Restriction: none
Can Be A Service Observer? n
                                        Called Party Restriction: none
                                  Forced Entry of Account Codes? n
        Priority Queuing? n
        Time of Day Chart: 1
     Priority Queuing? n Direct Agent Calling? n Restriction Override: none Facility Access Trunk Test? n
     Restricted Call List? n
                                              Can Change Coverage? n
            Access to MCT? y
                                         Fully Restricted Service? n
Group II Category For MFC: 7
                                         Hear VDN of Origin Annc.? n
         Send ANI for MFE? n
                                         Add/Remove Agent Skills? n
            MF ANI Prefix:
                                         Automatic Charge Display? n
Hear System Music on Hold? y PASTE (Display PBX Data on Phone)? n
                         Can Be Picked Up By Directed Call Pickup? n
                                     Can Use Directed Call Pickup? n
                                     Group Controlled Restriction: inactive
```

Figure 26: Class of Restriction Form

5.11. Incoming Call Handling Treatment

In general, the incoming call handling treatment for a trunk group can be used to manipulate the digits received for an incoming call if necessary. Since Session Manager is present, Session Manager can be used to perform digit conversion, and digit manipulation via the Communication Manager incoming call handling table may not be necessary. If the DID number sent by the service provider is unchanged by Session Manager, then the DID number can be mapped to an extension using the incoming call handling treatment of the receiving trunk-group 20. Use the change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group 20 to convert incoming DID numbers as followings:

- The incoming DID number **604XXX2171** to **8000** by deleting **10** of the incoming digits for voicemail testing purpose.
- The incoming DID number **604XXX** or **647XXX** to 4 digit extension by deleting **6** of the incoming digits for inbound call testing purpose.
- The incoming DID number **844XXX1368** to 1158 by deleting **10** of the incoming digits for inbound toll-free testing purpose.

<pre>change inc-call-handling-trmt trunk-group 20</pre> Page 1 of 3											
	INCOM	ING CALL HANDLIN	G TREATMENT								
Service/	Number	Number	Del Inser	ît							
Feature	Len	Digits									
public-ntwrk	10	604XXX2171	10 8000								
public-ntwrk	10	604XXX	6								
public-ntwrk	10	647XXX	6								
public-ntwrk	10	844XXX1368	10 1158								
-											

Figure 27: Inc-Call-Handling-Trmt Form

5.12. Contact Center Configuration

This section describes the basic commands used to configure Announcements, Hunt-Groups, Vector Directory Numbers (VDNs) and corresponding vectors. These vectors contain steps that invoke Communication Manager to perform various call-related functions.

5.12.1. Announcements

Various announcements will be used within the vectors. In the sample configuration, these announcements were sourced by the Avaya G450 Media Gateway. The following abridged list command summarizes the announcements used in conjunction with the vectors in this section. To add an announcement extension, use the command "add announcement <extension>". The extension is an unused extension number.

list announcement					
Announcement Extension	Type	OUNCEMENTS/AU	JDIO SOURCES	Source	Num of Files
1898 1899	integrate integrate			001V9 001V9	1

Figure 28: Announcement Configuration

5.12.2. ACD Configuration for Call Queued for Handling by Agent

This section provides a simple example configuration for VDN, vector, hunt group, and agent logins used to queue inbound calls for handling by an agent.

The following screens show an example ACD hunt group. On page 1, note the bolded values.

```
Page 1 of
display hunt-group 13
                                HUNT GROUP
      GROUP NUMBER: 13
                                                      ACD? y
                Group Name: SP
                                                    Queue? y
            GROUP EXTENSION: 3211
                                                   Vector? y
                GROUP TYPE: UCD-MIA
                       TN: 1
                      COR: 1
                                                 MM Early Answer? n
      SECURITY CODE: 1234
                                 Local Agent Preference? n
ISDN/SIP Caller Display:
                  Queue Limit: unlimited
            Calls Warning Threshold: Port:
            Time Warning Threshold:
```

Figure 29: Hunt Group Configuration – Page 1

The following screens show an example ACD hunt group. On the abbreviated page 2 shown below, note that **Skill** is set to **y**.

```
display hunt-group 13

HUNT GROUP

Skill? y

Expected Call Handling Time (sec): 180

AAS? n

Service Level Target (% in sec): 80 in 20
```

Figure 30: Hunt Group Configuration – Page 2

VDN 2171, shown below, is associated with vector 3

```
display vdn 2167

VECTOR DIRECTORY NUMBER

EXTENSION: 2167

Name*: Contact Center

DESTINATION: VECTOR NUMBER 3

Attendant Vectoring? n

Meet-me Conferencing? n

Allow VDN Override? n

COR: 1

TN*: 1

Measured: none
```

Figure 31: VDN Configuration

In this simple example, vector 3 briefly plays ring back, then plays announcement 1899 (Step 02). This is an announcement heard when the call is first answered before the call is queued to the skill 13 (Step 03). If an agent is immediately available to handle the call, the call will be delivered to the agent. If an agent is not immediately available, the call will be queued, and the caller will hear announcement 1898 (Step 05). Once an agent becomes available, the call will be delivered to the agent.

```
display vector 3
                                                                             1 of
                                                                      Page
                                     CALL VECTOR
       Number: 3
                                Name: Contact Center
Multimedia? n Attendant Vectoring? n Meet-me Conf? n Loc Basic? y EAS? y G3V4 Enhanced? y ANI/II-Digits? y ASAI Routing? y
                                                                              Lock? n
Prompting? y LAI? y G3V4 Adv Route? y CINFO? y BSR? y Holidays? y
Variables? y 3.0 Enhanced? y
01 wait-time 2 secs hearing ringback
02 announcement 1899
03 queue-to skill 13 pri m
04 wait-time 2 secs hearing silence
05 announcement 1898
06 goto step 3
                                 if unconditionally
```

Figure 32: Vector 3 Configuration

The following screen illustrates an example agent-loginID 3311. In the sample configuration, an Avaya Deskphone logged in using agent-loginID 3311 and the configured password to staff and take a call for skill 13.

```
add agent-loginID 3311
                                                                       2
                                                         Page
                                                                1 of
                               AGENT LOGINID
               Login ID: 3311
                                                              AAS? n
                  Name: SP
                                                            AUDIX? n
                    TN: 1
                                    LWC Reception: sp
                                                    LWC Reception: spe
                    COR: 1
          Coverage Path:
                                         AUDIX Name for Messaging:
          Security Code: 1234
                                      LoginID for ISDN/SIP Display? n
                                                         Password: 1234
                                            Password (enter again): 1234
                                                      Auto Answer: station
                                                 MIA Across Skills: system
                                         ACW Agent Considered Idle: system
                                         Aux Work Reason Code Type: system
                                           Logout Reason Code Type: system
                      Maximum time agent in ACW before logout (sec): system
                                          Forced Agent Logout Time:
```

Figure 33: Agent-loginID Configuration – Page 1

The following abridged screen shows Page 2 for agent-loginID 3311. Note that the Skill Number (SN) has been set to 13.

```
Display agent-loginID 3311

AGENT LOGINID

Direct Agent Skill:

Call Handling Preference: skill-level

SN RL SL

1: 13 1 16:
2: 17:
```

Figure 34: Agent LoginID Configuration – Page 2

To enable a telephone or one-X[®] Agent client to log in with the agent-loginID shown above, ensure that **Expert Agent Selection (EAS) Enabled** is set to **y** as shown in the screen below.

Figure 35: Enable Expert Agent Selection

5.13. Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Stations

In the sample configuration, four digit station extensions were used with the format 11XX or 21XX. Use the **add station 1158** command to add an Avaya H.323 IP telephone.

- Enter Type: 9621, Name: 647XXX1158, Security Code: 1234, Coverage Path 1: 1, IP SoftPhone: y (if using this extension as a Softphone such as Avaya one-X® Communicator)
- Leave other values as default.

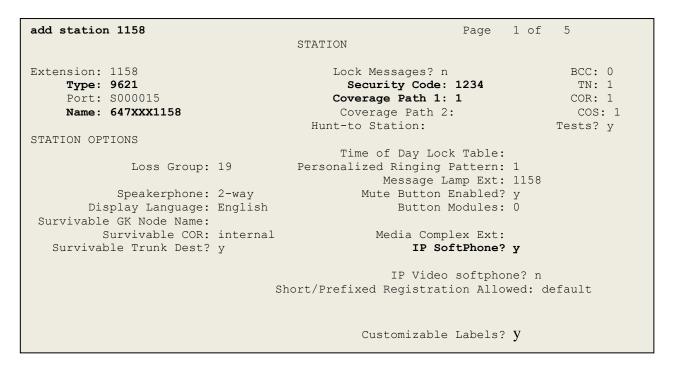


Figure 36: Add-Station Form

5.14. Save Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager Configuration Changes

Use the **save translation** command to save the configuration.

6. Configure Avaya Aura® Session Manager

This section provides the procedures for configuring Session Manager. The procedures include configuring the following items:

- SIP Domain.
- Logical/physical Location that can be occupied by SIP Entities.
- SIP Entities corresponding to Communication Manager, Avaya SBCE and Session Manager.
- Entity Links, which define the SIP trunk parameters used by Session Manager when routing calls to/from SIP Entities.
- Routing Policies, which define route destinations and control call routing between the SIP Entities.
- Dial Patterns, which specify dialed digits and govern which Routing Policy is used to service a call.

It may not be necessary to create all the items above when configuring a connection to the service provider since some of these items would have already been defined as part of the initial Session Manager installation. This includes items such as certain SIP Domains, Locations, SIP Entities, and Session Manager itself. However, each item should be reviewed to verify the configuration.

6.1. Avaya Aura® System Manager Login and Navigation

Session Manager configuration is accomplished by accessing the browser-based GUI of System Manager, using the URL as https://<ip-address>/SMGR, where <ip-address> is the IP address of System Manager. At the System Manager Log On screen, enter appropriate User ID and Password and press the Log On button (not shown). The initial screen shown below is then displayed.



Figure 37: System Manager Home Screen

Most of the configuration items are performed in the Routing Element. Click on **Routing** in the **Elements** column to bring up the **Introduction to Network Routing Policy** screen.

The navigation tree displayed in the left pane will be referenced in subsequent sections to navigate to items requiring configuration.

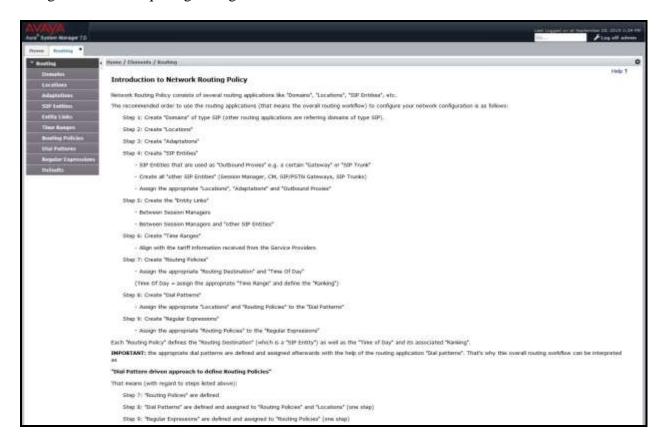


Figure 38: Network Routing Policy

6.2. Specify SIP Domain

Create a SIP Domain for each domain of which Session Manager will need to be aware in order to route calls. For the compliance test, this includes the enterprise domain **bvwdev.com**.

Navigate to **Routing** → **Domains** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane. In the new right pane that appears (not shown), fill in the following:

• Name: Enter the domain name.

• **Type:** Select **sip** from the pull-down menu.

• **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

Click **Commit** (not shown) to save.

The screen below shows the existing entry for the enterprise domain.



Figure 39: Domain Management

6.3. Add Location

Locations can be used to identify logical and/or physical locations where SIP Entities reside for purposes of bandwidth management and call admission control. A single Location was defined for the enterprise even though multiple subnets were used. The screens below show the addition of the Location named **Belleville-GSSCP**, which includes all equipment in the enterprise including Communication Manager, Session Manager and Avaya SBCE.

To add a Location, navigate to **Routing →Locations** in the left-hand navigation pane and click the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown below), fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields.

- Name: Enter a descriptive name for the Location.
- **Notes:** Add a brief description (optional).

Click **Commit** to save.

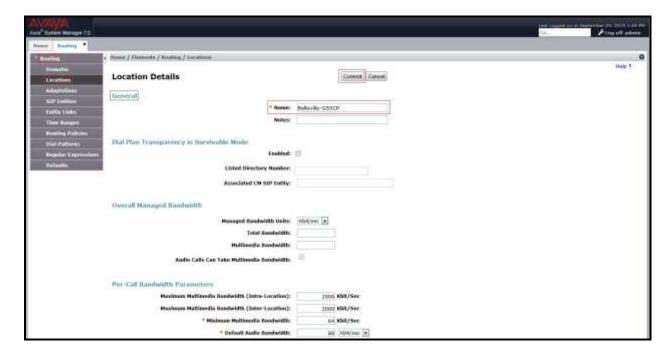


Figure 40: Location Configuration

In the **Location Pattern** section, click **Add** to enter **IP Address Pattern**. The following patterns were used in testing:

- IP Address Pattern: 10.33.10.*, 10.33.5.*, 10.10.98.*.
- Click **Commit** to save.



Figure 41: IP Ranges Configuration

Note: Call bandwidth management parameters should be set per customer requirement.

6.4. Add SIP Entities

A SIP Entity must be added for Session Manager and for each SIP telephony system connected to Session Manager, which includes Communication Manager and Avaya SBCE.

Navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **SIP Entities** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown on the next page), fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields.

• Name: Enter a descriptive name.

• FQDN or IP Address: Enter the FQDN or IP address of the SIP Entity that is used for SIP

signaling.

• Type: Select Session Manager for Session Manager, CM for

Communication Manager and Other for Avaya SBCE.

• Adaptation: This field is only present if **Type** is not set to **Session Manager**.

Adaptation modules were not used in this configuration.

• **Location:** Select the Location that applies to the SIP Entity being created. For

the compliance test, all components were located in Location

Belleville-GSSCP.

• **Time Zone:** Select the time zone for the Location above.

In this configuration, there are three SIP Entities:

- Session Manager SIP Entity
- Communication Manager SIP Entity
- Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise SIP Entity

6.4.1. Configure Session Manager SIP Entity

The following screen shows the addition of the Session Manager SIP Entity named **bwwasm2**. The IP address of Session Manager's signaling interface is entered for **FQDN or IP Address 10.33.10.43**. The user will need to select the specific values for the **Location** and **Time Zone**.

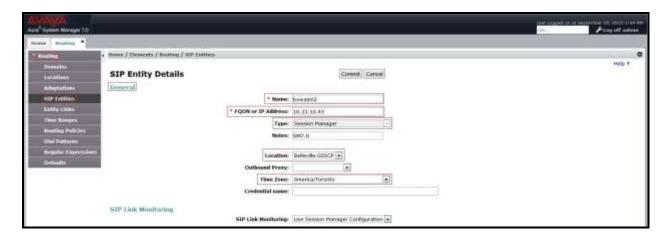


Figure 42: Session Manager SIP Entity

To define the ports used by Session Manager, scroll down to the **Listen Ports** section of the **SIP Entity Details** screen. This section is only present for the **Session Manager** SIP Entity.

In the **Listen Ports** section, click **Add** and enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields:

• **Port:** Port number on which Session Manager listens for SIP requests.

• **Protocol:** Transport protocol to be used with this port.

• **Default Domain:** The default domain associated with this port. For the compliance

test, this was the enterprise SIP Domain.

Defaults can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** (not shown) to save.

The compliance test used port **5061** with **TLS** for connecting to Communication Manager and Avaya SBCE; port **5060** with **TCP** or **port 5061** with **TLS** for connecting to Avaya SIP phones and SIP soft clients.



Figure 43: Session Manager SIP Entity Port

6.4.2. Configure Communication Manager SIP Entity

The following screen shows the addition of the Communication Manager SIP Entity named CM7. In order for Session Manager to send SIP service provider traffic on a separate Entity Link to Communication Manager, it is necessary to create a separate SIP Entity for Communication Manager in addition to the one created during Session Manager installation. The original SIP entity is used with all other SIP traffic within the enterprise. The FQDN or IP Address field is set to the IP address of Communication Manager 10.33.10.44. Note that CM was selected for Type. The user will need to select the specific values for the Location and Time Zone.

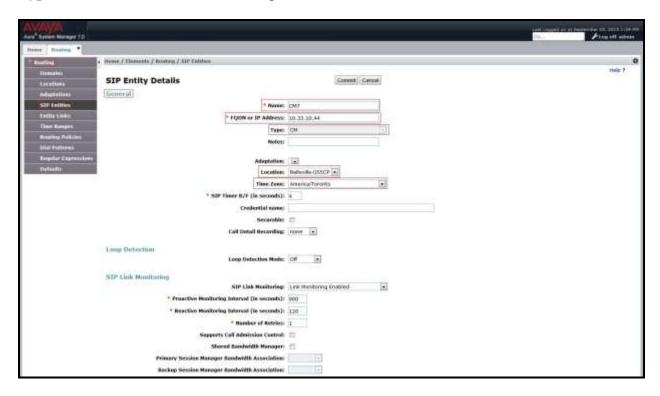


Figure 44: Communication Manager SIP Entity

6.4.3. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise SIP Entity

The following screen shows the addition of Avaya SBCE SIP entity named **SBCE**. The **FQDN** or **IP Address** field is set to the IP address of the SBCE's private network interface **10.10.98.13**. Note that **Other** was selected for **Type**. The user will need to select the specific values for the **Location** and **Time Zone**.

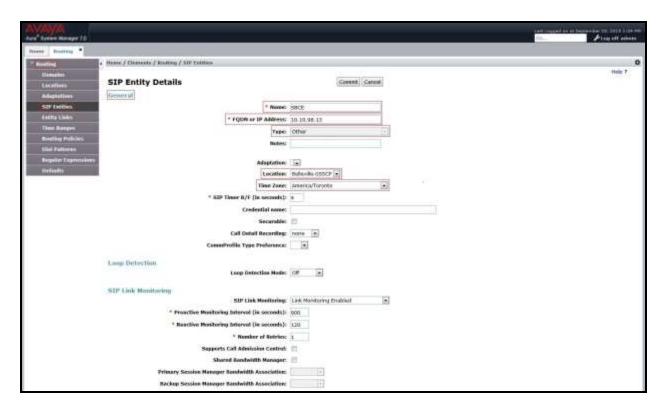


Figure 45: Avaya SBCE SIP Entity

6.5. Add Entity Links

A SIP trunk between Session Manager and a telephony system is described by an Entity Link. Two Entity Links were created: one to Communication Manager for use only by the service provider traffic and one to the Avaya SBCE.

To add an Entity Link, navigate to **Routing** → **Entity Links** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown on the next page), fill in the following:

• **Name**: Enter a descriptive name.

• **SIP Entity 1**: Select the Session Manager being used.

• **Protocol**: Select the transport protocol used for this link.

• **Port**: Port number on which Session Manager will receive SIP requests from

the far-end.

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• **SIP Entity 2**: Select the name of the other system as defined in **Section 6.4**.

• **Port**: Port number on which the other system receives SIP requests from the

Session Manager.

• Trusted: Check this box. Note: If this box is not checked, calls from the associated

SIP Entity specified in **Section 6.4** will be denied.

Click **Commit** to save.

The following screen illustrates the Entity Link to Communication Manager. The protocol and ports defined here must match the values used on the Communication Manager signaling group form in **Section 5.7**.



Figure 46: Communication Manager Entity Link

The following screen illustrates the Entity Links to Avaya SBCE. The protocol and ports defined here must match the values used on the Avaya SBCE mentioned in **Section 7.2.3** and **7.2.5**.



Figure 47: Avaya SBCE Entity Link

6.6. Configure Time Ranges

Time Ranges are configured for time-based-routing. In order to add a Time Range, select **Routing** \rightarrow **Time Ranges** and then click **New** button. The Routing Policies shown subsequently will use the 24/7 range since time-based routing was not the focus of these Application Notes.



Figure 48: Time Ranges

6.7. Add Routing Policies

Routing Policies describe the conditions under which calls will be routed to the SIP Entities specified in **Section 6.4**. Two Routing Policies must be added; one for Communication Manager and one for Avaya SBCE.

To add a Routing Policy, navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **Routing Policies** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown on the next page), fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields.

• Name: Enter a descriptive name.

• **Notes**: Add a brief description (optional).

In the **SIP Entity as Destination** section, click **Select**. The **SIP Entity List** page opens (not shown). Select the appropriate SIP Entity to which this Routing Policy applies and click **Select**. The selected SIP Entity displays on the Routing Policy Details page as shown below. Use default values for remaining fields.

Click Commit to save.

The following screen shows the **Routing Policy Details** for the policy named **Iristel Inbound Calls** associated with incoming PSTN calls from Iristel to Communication Manager. Observe the **SIP Entity as Destination** is the entity named **CM7**.



Figure 49: Routing to Communication Manager

The following screen shows the **Routing Policy Details** for the policy named **Iristel Outbound Calls**, associated with outgoing calls from Communication Manager to the PSTN via Iristel SIP Trunk through the Avaya SBCE. Observe the **SIP Entity as Destination** is the entity named **SBCE**.

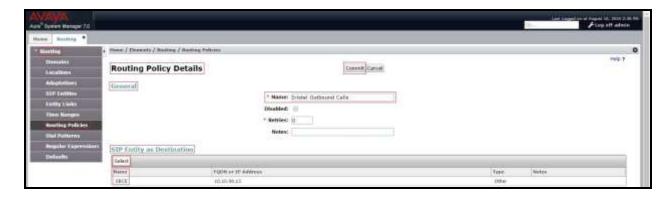


Figure 50: Routing to Iristel SIP Trunk

6.8. Add Dial Patterns

Dial Patterns are needed to route calls through Session Manager. For the compliance test, Dial Patterns were configured to route calls from Communication Manager to Iristel SIP Trunk through the Avaya SBCE and vice versa. Dial Patterns define which Route Policy will be selected as route destination for a particular call based on the dialed digits, destination Domain and originating Location.

To add a Dial Pattern, navigate to **Routing** \rightarrow **Dial Patterns** in the left-hand navigation pane and click on the **New** button in the right pane (not shown). In the new right pane that appears (shown on the next page), fill in the following:

In the **General** section, enter the following values. Use default values for all remaining fields.

• Pattern: Enter a dial string that will be matched against the Request-URI of the

call.

Min: Enter a minimum length used in the match criteria.
 Max: Enter a maximum length used in the match criteria.
 SIP Domain: Enter the destination domain used in the match criteria.

• **Notes**: Add a brief description (optional).

In the **Originating Locations and Routing Policies** section, click **Add**. From the **Originating Locations and Routing Policy List** that appears (not shown), select the appropriate originating Location for use in the match criteria. Lastly, select the Routing Policy from the list that will be used to route all calls that match the specified criteria. Click **Select**.

Default values can be used for the remaining fields. Click **Commit** to save.

Two examples of the Dial Patterns used for the compliance test are shown below, one for outbound calls from the enterprise to the PSTN and one for inbound calls from the PSTN to the enterprise. Other Dial Patterns were similarly defined.

The first example shows that outbound 11-digit dialed numbers that begin with **1613** and have a destination SIP Domain of **bvwdev.com** uses Routing Policy Name **Iristel Outbound Calls** as defined in **Section 6.7**.

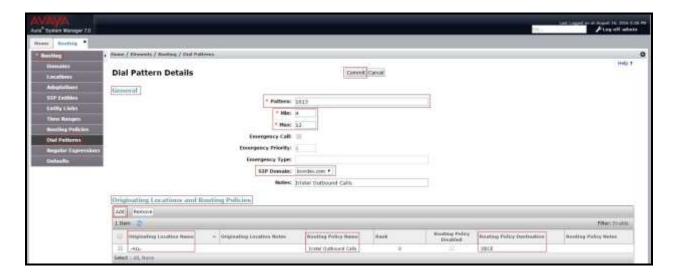


Figure 51: Dial Pattern_1613

Note that with the above Dial Pattern, Iristel did not restrict outbound calls to specific US/Canada area codes. In real deployments, appropriate restriction can be exercised per customer business policies.

Also note that **-ALL-** was selected for **Originating Location Name**. This selection was chosen to accommodate certain off-net call forward scenarios where the inbound call was re-directed back to the PSTN.

The second example shows that inbound - 10 digit numbers that start with 647 use Routing Policy Name **Iristel Inbound Calls** as defined in **Section 6.7**. This Dial Pattern matches the DID numbers assigned to the enterprise by Iristel.

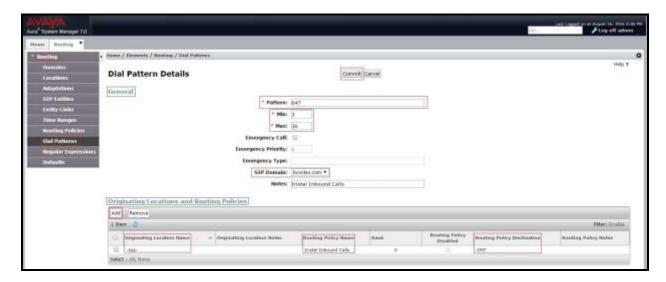


Figure 52: Dial Pattern_647

The following screen illustrates a list of dial patterns used for inbound and outbound calls between the enterprise and the PSTN.

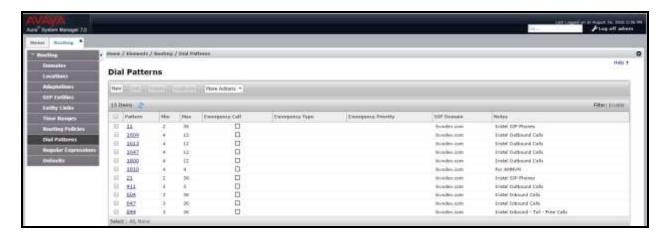


Figure 53: Dial Pattern List

7. Configure Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

This section describes the configuration of the Avaya SBCE necessary for interoperability with the Session Manager and the Iristel system.

In this testing, according to the configuration reference **Figure 1**, the Avaya elements reside on the Private side and the Iristel system resides on the Public side of the network.

Note: The following section assumes that Avaya SBCE has been installed and that network connectivity exists between the systems. For more information on Avaya SBCE, refer to the documentation listed in **Section 11** of these Application Notes.

7.1. Log in to Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

Access the web interface by typing "https://x.x.x.x/sbc/" (where x.x.x.x is the management IP of the Avaya SBCE).

Enter the **Username** and **Password** and click on **Log In** button.

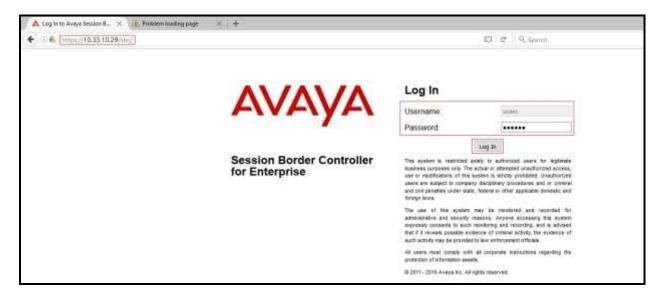


Figure 54: Avaya SBCE Login

The **Dashboard** main page will appear as shown below.

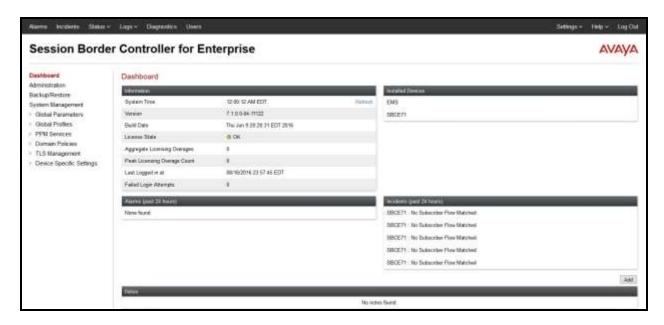


Figure 55: Avaya SBCE Dashboard

To view system information that has been configured during installation, navigate to **System Management**. A list of installed devices is shown in the right pane. In the compliance testing, a single Device Name **SBCE71** was already added. To view the configuration of this device, click **View** as shown in the screenshot below.



Figure 56: Avaya SBCE System Management

The System Information screen shows General Configuration, Device Configuration, Network Configuration, DNS Configuration and Management IP(s) information provided during installation and corresponds to Figure 1.

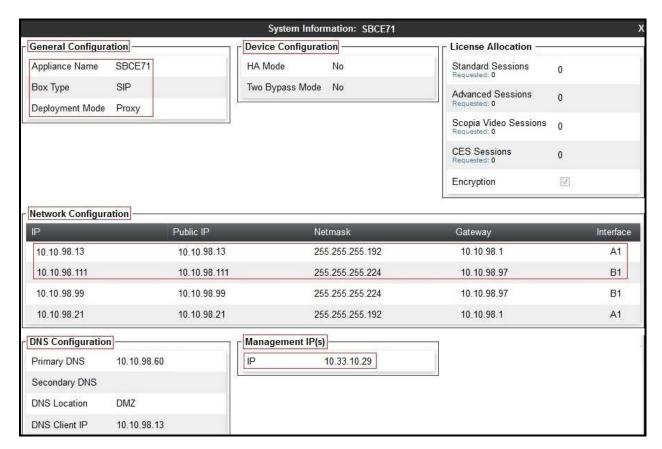


Figure 57: Avaya SBCE System Information

7.2. Global Profiles

When selected, Global Profiles allows for configuration of parameters across all Avaya SBCE appliances.

7.2.1. Configure Server Interworking Profile - Avaya Site

Server Interworking profile allows administrator to configure and manage various SIP call server specific capabilities such as call hold, 180 handling, etc.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles \rightarrow Server Interworking

- Select avaya-ru in Interworking Profiles.
- Click Clone.
- Enter Clone Name: SMVM and click Finish (not shown).

From the list of **Interworking Profiles**, click on **SMVM** to edit.

- On the **General** tab, set **T.38 Support** to **Yes** or **No** (Iristel supports both Fax T.38 and G.711 pass-through modes). Other options can be left at default.
- On the **Timers**, **URI Manipulation**, **Header Manipulation** and **Advanced** tabs, all options can be left at default. Click **Finish** (not shown).

The following screen shows that Session Manager server interworking profile (named: **SMVM**) was added.

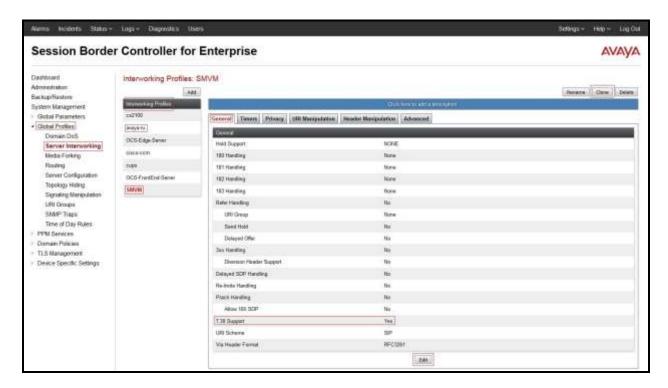


Figure 58: Server Interworking – Avaya site

7.2.2. Configure Server Interworking Profile – Iristel SIP Trunk Site

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles \rightarrow Server Interworking \rightarrow Add

- Enter **Profile Name**: **SP4** (not shown).
- Click **Next** button to leave all options at default.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).

From the list of **Interworking Profiles**, click on **SP4** to edit.

• On the **General** tab, click on **Edit** button and set **T.38 Support** to **Yes** or **No** (Iristel supports both Fax T.38 and G.711 pass-through modes). Click **Next** button (not shown) to leave other options at default.

Click Finish (not shown).

The following screen shows that Iristel server interworking profile (named: **SP4**) was added.

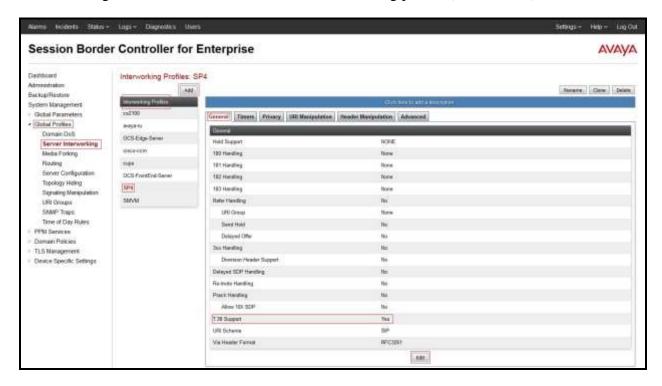


Figure 59: Server Interworking – Iristel SIP Trunk site

7.2.3. Configure Server – Avaya Site

The **Server Configuration** screen contains four tabs: **General**, **Authentication**, **Heartbeat**, and **Advanced**. Together, these tabs allow one to configure and manage various SIP call server specific parameters such as port assignment, IP Server type, heartbeat signaling parameters and some advanced options.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles \rightarrow Server Configuration \rightarrow Add.

Enter Profile Name: SMVM.

On **General** tab, enter the following:

- Server Type: Select Call Server.
- TLS Client Profile: Select AvayaSBCClient. Note: During the compliance test in the lab environment, demo certificates are used on Session Manager, and are not recommended for production use. Session Manager 7.0 includes SMGR signed certs, not the Avaya demo certificates. Refer to Section 11 [10] for document related to TLS management and certificate installation on the Avaya SBC.
- IP Address/FQDN: 10.33.10.43 (Session Manager IP Address).
- Port: 5061.
- Transport: TLS.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 60: Server Configuration – General - Avaya site

On the **Advanced** tab:

- **Enable Grooming** box is checked.
- Select **SMVM** for **Interworking Profile** (see **Section 7.2.1**).
- Click **Finish** (not shown).

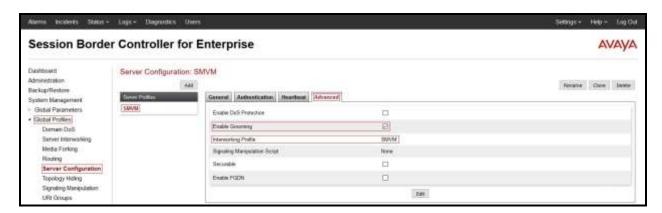


Figure 61: Server Configuration – Advanced - Avaya site

7.2.4. Configure Server – Iristel SIP Trunk

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles \rightarrow Server Configuration \rightarrow Add.

Enter Profile Name: SP4.

On **General** tab, enter the following:

- Server Type: Select Trunk Server
- IP Address/FQDN: 192.168.101.249 (Iristel SIP Trunk Primary Signaling Server IP Address) and 192.168.130.98 (Iristel SIP Trunk Back-up Signaling Server IP Address).
- **Port**: **5060** (for both servers)
- **Transport**: **UDP** (for both servers)
- Click **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 62: Server Configuration – General - Iristel site

On **Heartbeat** tab, click **Edit** button to enter the following:

- Check Enable Heartbeat
- Select **Method**: **OPTIONS**
- Frequency: 30 seconds
- From URI: ping@10.10.98.111
- To URI: ping@192.168.101.249.



Figure 63: Server Configuration – Heartbeat - Iristel site

On the **Advanced** tab, enter the following:

- Interworking Profile: select SP4 (see Section 7.2.2)
- Click **Finish** (not shown).

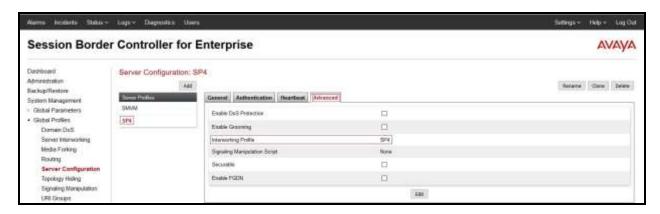


Figure 64: Server Configuration – Advanced - Iristel site

7.2.5. Configure Routing - Avaya Site

Routing profiles define a specific set of packet routing criteria that are used in conjunction with other types of domain policies to identify a particular call flow and thereby ascertain which security features will be applied to those packets. Parameters defined by Routing Profiles include packet transport settings, name server addresses and resolution methods, next hop routing information, and packet transport types.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Global Profiles** \rightarrow **Routing** and click **Add** as highlighted below.

Enter **Profile Name**: **SP4_To_SMVM** and click **Next** button (Not Shown).

- Select Load Balancing: Priority.
- Check **Next Hop Priority**.
- Click **Add** button to add a Next-Hop Address.
- Priority/Weight: 1.
- Server Configuration: SMVM (see Section 7.2.3).
- Next Hop Address: 10.33.10.43:5061 (TLS) (Session Manager IP Address).
- Click Finish.

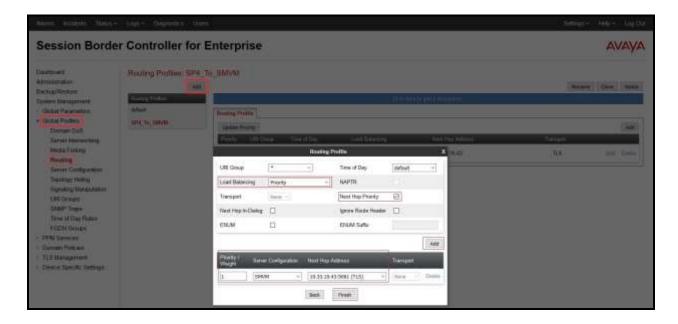


Figure 65: Routing to Session Manager

7.2.6. Configure Routing – Iristel SIP Trunk Site

The Routing Profile allows one to manage parameters related to routing SIP signaling messages.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Global Profiles** \rightarrow **Routing** and click **Add** as highlighted below.

Enter **Profile Name**: **SMVM_To_SP4** and click **Next** button (not shown)

- Load Balancing: Priority.
- Check **Next Hop Priority**.
- Click **Add** button to add a Next-Hop Address.
- Priority/Weight: 1, Server Configuration: SP4 (see Section 7.2.4), Next Hop Address: 192.168.101.249:5060 (UDP) (Iristel Primary Signaling Server IP Address).
- Priority/Weight: 2, Server Configuration: SP4 (see Section 7.2.4), Next Hop Address: 192.168.130.98:5060 (UDP) (Iristel Back-up Signaling Server IP Address).
- Click Finish.

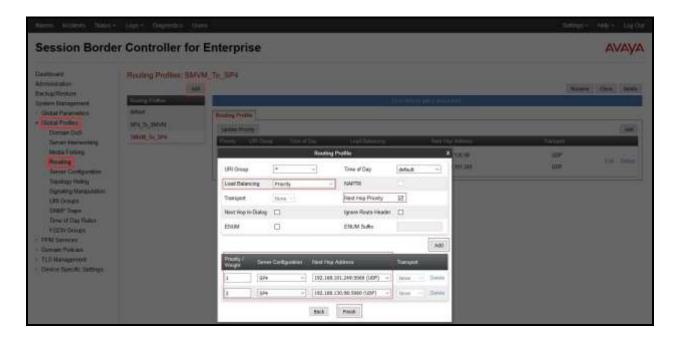


Figure 66: Routing to Iristel SIP Trunk

7.2.7. Configure Topology Hiding - Avaya Site

The **Topology Hiding** screen allows an administrator to manage how various source, destination and routing information in SIP and SDP message headers are substituted or changed to maintain the integrity of the network. It hides the topology of the enterprise network from external networks.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles \rightarrow Topology Hiding.

Select Add button to enter Profile Name: SP4 To SMVM.

- For the Header **Request-Line**,
 - In the **Criteria** column select **IP/Domain**
 - In the **Replace Action** column select: **Overwrite**
 - In the **Overwrite Value** column: **bvwdev.com**
- For the Header **To**,
 - In the Criteria column select IP/Domain
 - In the **Replace Action** column select: **Overwrite**
 - In the Overwrite Value column: bvwdev.com
- For the Header **From**,
 - In the Criteria column select IP/Domain
 - In the **Replace Action** column select: **Overwrite**In the **Overwrite Value** column: **bvwdev.com**

Click Finish (not shown).



Figure 67: Topology Hiding Session Manager

7.3. Device Specific Settings

The Device Specific Settings feature for SIP allows one to view aggregate system information, and manage various device-specific parameters which determine how a particular device will function when deployed in the network. Specifically, one has the ability to define and administer various device-specific protection features such as Message Sequence Analysis (MSA) functionality, end-point and session call flows and Network Management.

7.3.1. Manage Network Settings

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** → **Network Management**.

- Select **Networks** tab and click the **Add** button to add a network for the inside interface as follows:
 - Name: Network A1.
 - Default Gateway: 10.10.98.1.
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.192.
 - **Interface**: **A1** (This is the Avaya SBCE inside interface).
 - Click the **Add** button to add the **IP Address** for inside interface: **10.10.98.13**.
 - Click the **Finish** button to save the changes.

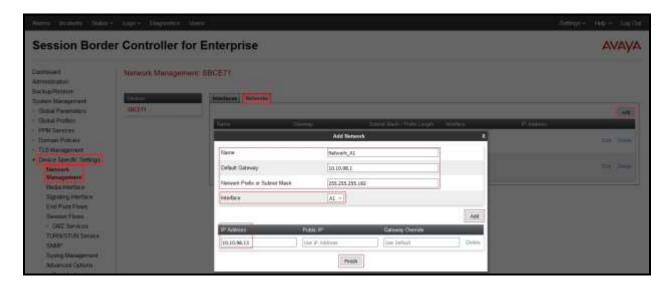


Figure 68: Network Management – Inside Interface

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** → **Network Management**.

- Select **Networks** tab and click **Add** button to add a network for the outside interface as follows:
 - Name: Network_B1.
 - Default Gateway: 10.10.98.97.
 - Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.224.
 - **Interface**: **B1** (This is the Avaya SBCE outside interface).
 - Click the **Add** button to add the **IP Address** for outside interface: **10.10.98.111**.
 - Click the **Finish** button to save the changes.

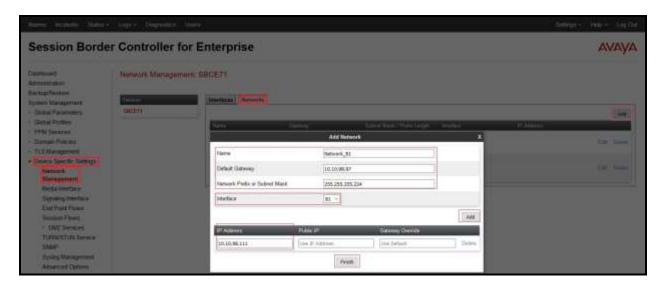


Figure 69: Network Management – Outside Interface

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Network Management**.

- Select the **Interfaces** tab.
- Click on the **Status** of the physical interfaces being used and change them to **Enabled** state.



Figure 70: Network Management – Interface Status

7.3.2. Create Media Interfaces

Media Interfaces define the IP addresses and port ranges in which the Avaya SBCE will accept media streams on each interface. The default media port range on the Avaya SBCE can be used for both inside and outside ports.

From the menu on the left-hand side, **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Media Interface**.

- Select the **Add** button and enter the following:
 - Name: InsideMedia1.
 - **IP Address**: Select **Network_A1** (**A1,VLAN0**) and **10.10.98.13** (Internal IP Address toward Session Manager).
 - Port Range: 35000 40000.
 - Click **Finish** (not shown).
- Select the **Add** button and enter the following:
 - Name: OutsideMedia1.
 - IP Address: Select Network_B1 (B1,VLAN0) and 10.10.98.111 (External IP Address toward Iristel).
 - Port Range: 35000 40000.
 - Click **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 71: Media Interface

7.3.3. Create Signaling Interfaces

Signaling Interfaces define the type of signaling on the ports.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings > Signaling Interface**.

- Select the **Add** button and enter the following:
 - Name: OutsideUDP.
 - **IP Address**: Select **Network_B1** (**B1,VLAN0**) and **10.10.98.111** (External IP Address toward Iristel).
 - UDP Port: 5060.
 - Click **Finish** (not shown).

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Signaling Interface**.

- Select the **Add** button and enter the following:
 - Name: InsideTLS.
 - **IP Address**: Select **Network_A1** (**A1,VLAN0**) and **10.10.98.13** (Internal IP Address toward Session Manager).
 - TLS Port: 5061.
 - **TLS Profile**: **AvayaSBCServer**. Note: Refer to **Section 11 [10]** for document related to TLS management and certificate installation on the SBC.
 - Click **Finish** (not shown).

Note: For the external interface, the Avaya SBCE was configured to listen for UDP on port 5060 the same as Iristel used. For the internal interface, the Avaya SBCE was configured to listen for TLS on port 5061.



Figure 72: Signaling Interface

7.3.4. Configuration Server Flows

Server Flows allow an administrator to categorize trunk-side signaling and apply a policy.

7.3.4.1 Create End Point Flows – SMVM Flow

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** → **End Point Flows**.

- Select the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select Add, enter Flow Name: SMVM Flow.
 - Server Configuration: SMVM (see Section 7.2.3).
 - URI Group: *.
 - Transport: *.
 - Remote Subnet: *.
 - Received Interface: OutsideUDP (see Section 7.3.3).
 - Signaling Interface: InsideTLS (see Section 7.3.3).
 - Media Interface: InsideMedia1 (see Section 7.3.2).
 - End Point Policy Group: default-med.
 - Routing Profile: SMVM_To_SP4 (see Section 7.2.6).
 - Topology Hiding Profile: SP4_To_SMVM (see Section 7.2.7).
 - Click Finish.

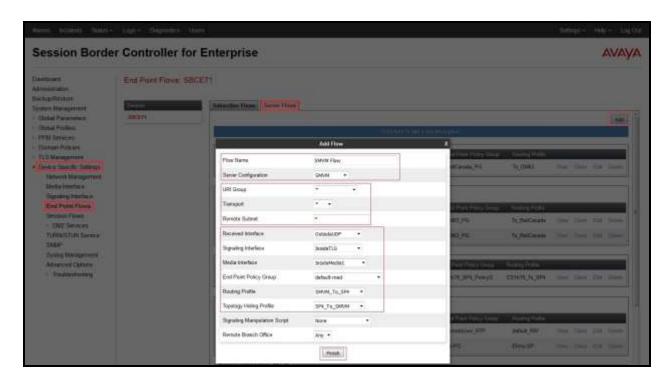


Figure 73: End Point Flow to Iristel SIP Trunk

7.3.4.2 Create End Point Flows - Iristel SIP Trunk Flow

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** → **End Point Flows**.

- Select the **Server Flows** tab.
- Select Add, enter Flow Name: SP4 Flow.
 - Server Configuration: SP4 (see Section 7.2.4).
 - URI Group: *.
 - Transport: *.
 - Remote Subnet: *.
 - Received Interface: InsideTLS (see Section 7.3.3).
 - Signaling Interface: OutsideUDP (see Section 7.3.3).
 - Media Interface: OutsideMedia1 (see Section 7.3.2).
 - End Point Policy Group: default-med.
 - Routing Profile: SP4_To_SMVM (see Section 7.2.5).
 - Topology Hiding Profile:default.
 - Click Finish.

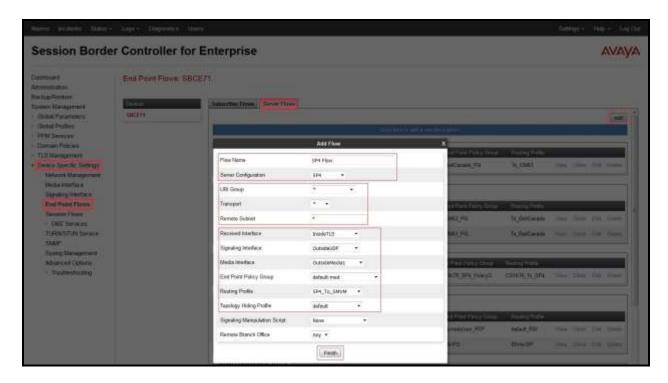


Figure 74: End Point Flow from Iristel SIP Trunk

8. Iristel SIP Trunk Configuration

Iristel is responsible for the network configuration of the Iristel SIP Trunk service. Iristel will require that the customer provide the public IP address used to reach the Avaya SBCE public interface at the edge of the enterprise. Iristel will provide the IP address of the Iristel SIP Trunk SIP proxy/SBC, IP addresses of media sources and Direct Inward Dialed (DID) numbers assigned to the enterprise. Iristel also provides the Iristel SIP Specification document for reference. This information is used to complete configurations for Communication Manager, Session Manager, and the Avaya SBCE discussed in the previous sections.

The configuration between Iristel SIP Trunk and the enterprise is a static IP address configuration.

9. Verification Steps

This section provides verification steps that may be performed in the field to verify that the solution is configured properly. This section also provides a list of useful troubleshooting commands that can be used to troubleshoot the solution.

Verification Steps:

- 1. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can place calls to the PSTN and that the call remains active for more than 35 seconds. This time period is included to verify that proper routing of the SIP messaging has satisfied SIP protocol timers.
- 2. Verify that endpoints at the enterprise site can receive calls from the PSTN and that the call can remain active for more than 35 seconds.
- 3. Verify that the user on the PSTN can end an active call by hanging up.
- 4. Verify that an endpoint at the enterprise site can end an active call by hanging up.

Troubleshooting:

- 1. Communication Manager: Enter the following commands using the Communication Manager System Access Terminal (SAT) interface.
 - **list trace station** <extension number> Traces calls to and from a specific station.
 - **list trace tac** <trunk access code number> Trace calls over a specific trunk group.
 - **status station** <extension number> Displays signaling and media information for an active call on a specific station.
 - **status trunk-group** <trunk-group number> Displays trunk-group state information.
 - **status signaling-group** <signaling-group number> Displays signaling-group state information.
- 2. Session Manager:
 - Call Routing Test The Call Routing Test verifies the routing for a particular source and destination. To run the routing test, navigate to Elements → Session Manager → System Tools → Call Routing Test. Enter the requested data to run the test.
 - **traceSM** Session Manager command line tool for traffic analysis. Log into the Session Manager management interface to run this command.
- 3. Avaya SBCE: Debug logging can be started in two different ways:
 - GUI of the SBC: Device Specific Settings → Troubleshooting → Debugging.
 - SIP only: enable LOG_SUB_SIPCC subsystem under SSYNDI process.
 - CALL PROCESSING: enable all subsystems under SSYNDI process.
 - PPM: enable all subsystems under CONFIG_PROXY process.

The log files are stored at: /usr/local/ipcs/log/ss/logfiles/elog/SSYNDI.

• **Command Line Interface**: Login with root user and enter the command: #traceSBC. The tool updates the database directly based on which trace mode is selected.

10. Conclusion

These Application Notes describe the configuration necessary to connect Avaya Aura[®] Communication Manager, Avaya Aura[®] Session Manager and Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise to Iristel. This solution successfully passed compliance testing via the Avaya DevConnect Program. Please refer to **Section 2.2** for any exceptions or workarounds.

11. References

This section references the documentation relevant to these Application Notes.

Product documentation for Avaya, including the following, is available at: http://support.avaya.com/

Avaya Aura® Session Manager/System Manager

- [1] Administering Avaya Aura® Session Manager, Release 7.0, Issue 1, August 2015
- [2] Administering Avaya Aura[®] System Manager, Release 7.0, Issue 1, August 2015

Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

[3] Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Product Description, Document ID 03-300468, Release 7.0, Issue 1, August 2015

Avaya Phones

- [4] Avaya one-X[®] Deskphone SIP 9621G/9641G User Guide for 9600 Series IP Telephones, Document ID 16-603596, Issue 1, August 2012
- [5] Avaya one-X[®] Communicator Overview and Planning, Release 6.2 FP6, April 2015
- [6] Administering Avaya Communicator for Android, iPad, and Windows, Release 2.1, Issue 4, August 2014

Avaya Aura® Messaging

[7] Administering Avaya Aura® Messaging 6.3, Issue 3, August 2014

Avaya Aura® Media Server

[8] Implementing and Administering Avaya Aura® Media Server 7.7, Issue 1, August 2015

Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise

- [9] Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise Overview and Specification, Release 7.1 Issue 1, June 2016
- [10] Administering Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise, Release 7.0, Issue 3, January 2016

IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force) SIP Standard Specifications

[11] RFC 3261 SIP: Session Initiation Protocol, http://www.ietf.org/

Product documentation for Iristel SIP Trunk may be found at: http://www.iristel.ca/wholesale-services/.

12. Appendix A – Remote Worker Configuration

This section describes the process for connecting remote Avaya SIP endpoints on the public Internet, access through the Avaya SBCE to Session Manager on the private enterprise. It builds on the Avaya SBCE configuration described in previous sections of this document.

In the reference configuration, an existing Avaya SBCE is provisioned to access the Iristel SIP Trunk Services (see **Section 2.1** of this document). The Avaya SBCE also supports Remote Worker configurations, allowing remote SIP endpoints (connected via the public Internet) to access the private enterprise.

Supported endpoints are Avaya 96x1 SIP Deskphones, Avaya one-X[®] Communicator SIP softphone and Avaya Communicator for Windows SIP softphone. Avaya 96x1 SIP Deskphones support SRTP, while Avaya one-X[®] Communicator and Avaya Communicator for Windows softphones support RTP.

Note: In the compliance testing, only Avaya Communicator for Windows SIP softphone was used to test as the remote worker.

Standard and Advanced Session Licenses are required for the Avaya SBCE to support Remote Workers. Contact an authorized Avaya representative for assistance if additional licensing is required. The settings presented here illustrate a sample configuration and are not intended to be prescriptive.

The figure below illustrates the Remote Worker topology used in the reference configuration.

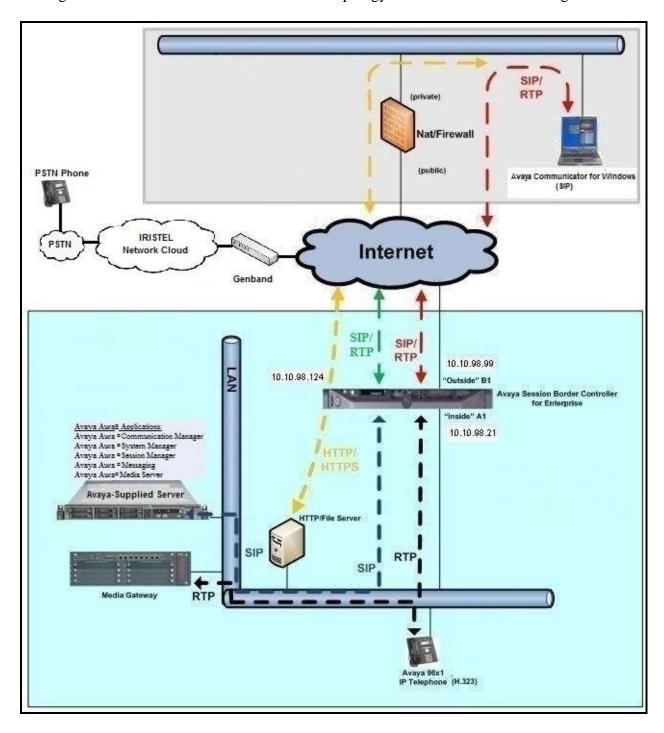


Figure 75: Avaya IP Telephony Network for Remote Worker

12.1. Network Management on Avaya SBCE

The following screen shows the **Network Management** of the Avaya SBCE. The Avaya SBCE is configured with three "outside" IP addresses assigned to physical interface B1, and two "inside" addresses assigned to physical interface A1.

Note: A SIP Entity in Session Manager was not configured for the Avaya SBCE's internal IP address used for Remote Worker. This keeps the Remote Worker interface untrusted in Session Manager, thereby allowing Session Manager to properly challenge user registration requests.

These are the IP addresses used in the reference configuration:

- **10.10.98.13** is the Avaya SBCE "inside" address previously provisioned for SIP Trunking with Iristel (see **Section 7.3.1**).
- **10.10.98.21** is the new Avaya SBCE "inside" address for Remote Worker access to Session Manager.
- **10.10.98.111** is the Avaya SBCE "outside" address previously provisioned for SIP Trunking with Iristel (see **Section 7.3.1**).
- **10.10.98.99** is the new Avaya SBCE "outside" address for Remote Worker access to Session Border Controller.
- **10.10.98.124** is the new Avaya SBCE "outside" address for file transfer access between the Remote Worker phone and the enterprise file server.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Network Management**.

- Enter the above **IP Addresses** and **Gateway Addresses** for both the Inside and the Outside interfaces.
- Select the physical interface used in the **Interface** column accordingly.



Figure 76: Network Management

On the **Interfaces** tab, verify that Interfaces **A1** and **B1** are both set to **Enabled** as previously configured for the Iristel SIP Trunk access in **Section 7.3.1**.



Figure 77: Network Interface Status

12.2. Media Interface on Avaya SBCE

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Media Interface**.

- Select the **Add** button and enter the following:
 - Name: InsideMediaRW.
 - **IP Address**: Select **Network_A1** (A1, VLAN0) and 10.10.98.21 (Internal IP Address toward Session Manager).
 - **Port Range: 35000 40000.**
 - Click **Finish** (not shown).
- Select the **Add** button and enter the following:
 - Name: OutsideMediaRW.
 - **IP Address**: Select **Network_B1 (B1, VLAN0)** and **10.10.98.99** (External IP Address toward Remote Worker phones).
 - Port Range: 35000 40000.
 - Click **Finish** (not shown).

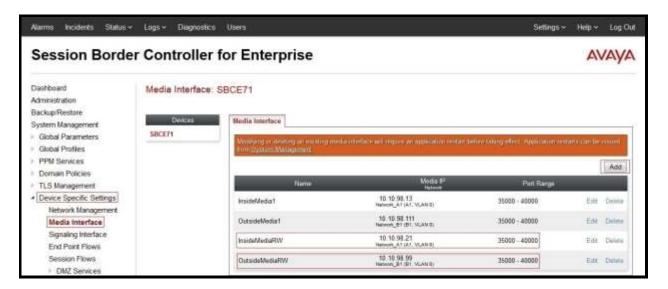


Figure 78: Media Interface

Note: Media Interface **OutsideMediaRW** is used in the Remote Worker Subscriber Flow (**Section 12.13.1**), and Media Interface **InsideMediaRW** is used in the Remote Worker Server Flow (**Section 12.13.2.1**).

12.3. Signaling Interface on Avaya SBCE

The following screen shows the Signaling Interface settings. Signaling interfaces were created for the inside and outside IP interfaces used for Remote Worker SIP traffic.

Select the **Add** button to create Signaling Interface **InsideSIPRW** using the parameters:

- IP Address: Select Network_A1 (A1, VLAN0) and 10.10.98.21 (Internal IP Address toward Session Manager).
- TCP Port: 5060.
- Click on **Finish** (not shown).

Select the **Add** button to create Signaling Interface **OutsideSIPRW** using the parameters:

- IP Address: Select Network_B1 (B1, VLAN0) and 10.10.98.99 (External IP Address toward Remote Worker phones).
- TCP Port: 5060.
- Click on **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 79: Signaling Interface

Note: Signaling Interface **OutsideSIPRW** is used in the Subscriber Flows (**Section 12.13.1**), and in the Remote Worker Server Flow (**Section 12.13.2.1**). Signaling Interface **InsideSIPRW** is used in the Remote Worker Server Flow (**Section 12.13.2.1**).

12.4. Server Interworking Configuration on Avaya SBCE

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles -> Server Interworking

- Select **Interworking Profiles** as **SMVM**.
- On the **Advanced** tab, click **Edit** button, verify that **Extensions** is set to **Avaya**.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 80: Server Interworking for Remote Worker

12.5. Server Configuration on Avaya SBCE

Note: **10.33.10.43** is the IP address of Session Manager in the reference configuration (see **Section 7.2.3**).

The following screens show the **Server Configuration** for the Profile **SMVM** created previously for SIP Trunking with Iristel SIP Trunk in **Section 7.2.3** for Session Manager. The configuration includes TCP (5060) transport protocol which is used for the Remote Worker configuration.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles \rightarrow Server Configuration Select Server Profiles as SMVM to edit the existing Server Configuration SMVM.

- On the **General** tab, click **Edit** button to add the following:
- IP Address/FQDN: 10.33.10.43 (Session Manager IP Address).
- Port: 5060.
- Transport: TCP.
- Click **Finish** (not shown).



Figure 81: Server Configuration for Remote Worker

Note: This Server Configuration is used by the Routing Profile defined in **Section 12.6** and the Server Flows defined in **Section 12.13.2.2**.

12.6. Routing Profile on Avaya SBCE

The Routing Profile **To_SMVM_RW** is created for access to Session Manager. From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Global Profiles** → **Routing** → **Add**

Enter Profile Name: To_SMVM_RW (not shown).

- Load Balancing: Priority.
- Check Next Hop Priority.
- Click **Add** button to add a Next-Hop Address.
- Priority/Weight: 1.
- Server Configuration: SMVM (see Section 12.5).
- Next Hop Address: 10.33.10.43:5060 (TCP) (IP Address of Session Manager).
- Click Finish.

The Routing Profile To_SMVM_RW is used in the Subscriber Flows (Section 12.13.1).

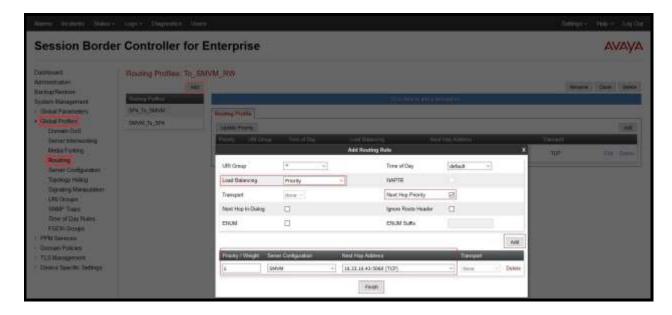


Figure 82: Remote Worker Routing to Session Manager

The Routing Profile default_RW is created for access from Session Manager. From the menu on the left-hand side, select Global Profiles → Routing →Add Enter Profile Name: default_RW.

- Check Load Balancing: DNS/SRV.
- NAPTR box is checked.
- Click Finish.

The Routing Profile **default_RW** is used in the Remote Worker Server Flow in **Section 12.13.2.1**.

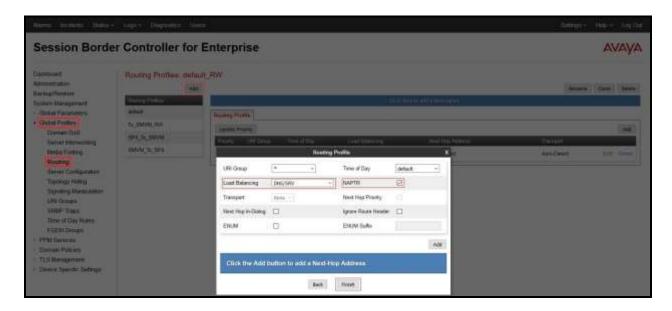


Figure 83: Remote Worker Default Routing

12.7. User Agent on Avaya SBCE

User Agents are created for each type of endpoints tested. In this compliance testing, Avaya Communicator for Windows will be used as the User Agent.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Global Parameters** → **User Agents** Click **Add** button to add the user agent:

- Enter Name: Avaya Communicator.
- Enter Regular Expression: Avaya Flare.*.
- Click on **Finish** (not shown).

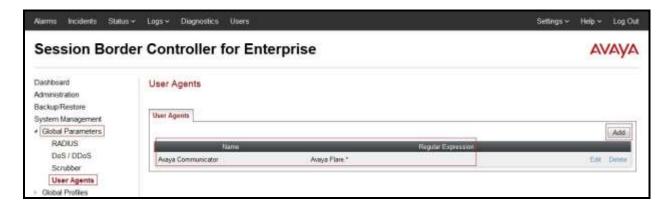


Figure 84: User Agents for Remote Worker

The following abridged output of Session Manager trace shows the details of an INVITE from an Avaya Communicator for Windows. The User-Agent shown in this trace will match User Agent **Avaya Communicator** shown above with a **Regular Expression** of "**Avaya Flare.***". In this expression, ".*" will match anything listed after the user agent name.

INVITE sip: 61613XXX5280@bvwdev.com SIP/2.0

From: sip:1158@bvwdev.com;tag=-59f03c7f529fb7c152aa3fd4_F0950710.10.98.78

To: sip: 61613XXX5280@bvwdev.com

CSeq: 24 INVITE

Call-ID: 18_a7e80-49279ea452aa365c_I@10.10.98.78 Contact: <sip:1158@10.10.98.78:5060;transport=tcp>

Allow:INVITE,CANCEL,BYE,ACK,SUBSCRIBE,NOTIFY,MESSAGE,INFO,PUBLISH,REFER,UPDATE,PRA

CK

Supported: eventlist, 100rel, replaces, vnd.avaya.ipo

User-Agent: Avaya Flare Engine/ 2.0.0 (Engine GA-2.0.0.41; Windows NT 6.1, 64-bit)

Max-Forwards: 69

Via: SIP/2.0/TCP 10.10.98.78:62151;branch=z9hG4bK18_a7e80-312c149e52aa3fe8_I09507

Accept-Language: en

Content-Type: application/sdp

Content-Length: 440

Figure 85: Output of trace for User Agent

Note: The User Agent is defined in its associated **Subscriber Flows** in **Section 12.13.1**.

12.8. Relay Services on Avaya SBCE

Relay Services are used to define how file transfers (e.g., phone firmware upgrades and configuration data), are routed to the Remote Worker endpoints. Both HTTP and HTTPS protocols are supported.

In the reference configuration, HTTP protocol is used for file exchanges between the Remote Worker phones and an HTTP file server located in the enterprise. For completeness, the HTTP configuration is shown below.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **DMZ Services** \rightarrow **Relay Services**

On the **Application Relay** tab, click on the **Add** button and enter the following:

- Set Service Type: HTTP.
- Set the Remote IP/FQDN to the IP address of the enterprise file server (e.g., 10.10.98.60) used to provide the firmware updates and configuration data for the Remote Worker endpoints.
- Set the **Remote Port**: **80**.
- Set the **Remote Transport**: **TCP**.
- Set **Listen IP** to the IP address of the Avaya SBCE's external IP address designated for file transfers (**Network B1 (B1, VLAN 0)** and **10.10.98.124**).
- Set Listen Port: 80.
- Set the Connect IP to the internal IP address of the Avaya SBCE used for Remote Worker (Network_A1 (A1, VLAN 0) and 10.10.98.21).
- Set Listen Transport: TCP.
- Click on **Finish**.

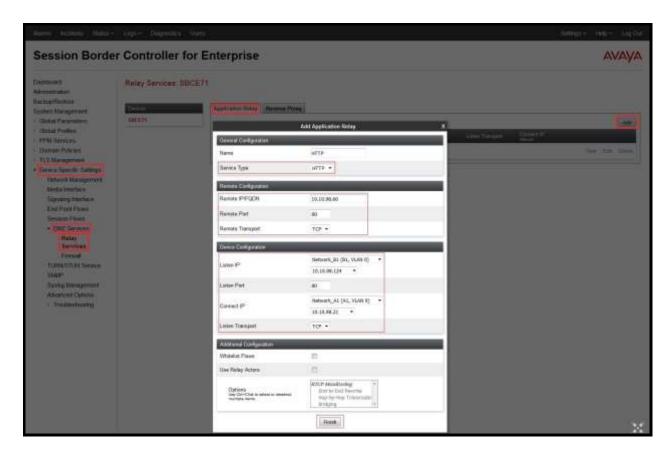


Figure 86: Relay Services Setup

12.9. Mapping Profiles on Avaya SBCE

A Mapping Profile is defined for Personal Profile Manager (PPM) data between the Remote Worker endpoints and Session Manager. The following screen shows the mapping profile **RW** created in the sample configuration. This enables the remote Avaya SIP endpoints to send and receive PPM information to and from Session Manager via the Avaya SBCE.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **PPM Services** → **Mapping Profiles**

- Click on the **Add** button and enter the following:
- Enter **Profile Name** (e.g., **RW**), and click on **Next** (not shown).
- Select Server Type: Session Manager.
- In Server Configuration field, select SMVM from the drop down menu and in Server Address field, select 10.33.10.43:5060 (TCP) from the drop down menu (see Section 12.5).
- Select **SBCE Device**: **SBCE71**.
- In **Signaling Interface** field, select **OutsideSIPRW** (**10.10.98.99**) from the drop down menu (see **Section 12.3**).
- In **Mapped Transport** field, select **TCP** (5060) from the drop down menu.
- Click Finish.

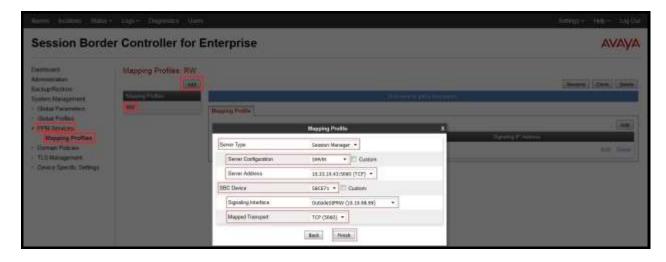


Figure 87: Mapping Profiles - PPM Services Setup

12.10. Application Rules on Avaya SBCE

The following section describes Application Rule **RemoteWorker_AR**, used in this Remote Worker setting. In a typical customer installation, set the **Maximum Concurrent Sessions** for the **Voice** application to a value slightly larger than the licensed sessions.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Domain Policies** \rightarrow **Application Rules**.

- Select **default** from **Application Rules** and click **Clone** button:
- Enter Clone Name (e.g., RemoteWorker_AR) and click Finish (not shown).
- Click on RemoteWorker_AR from Application Rules, then click Edit button:
- In the **Voice** field:
 - Check **In** and **Out**.
 - Enter an appropriate value in the **Maximum Concurrent Sessions** field, (e.g., **2000**), and the same value in the **Maximum Session Per Endpoint** field.
 - Leave the **CDR Support** field at **None** and the **RTCP Keep-Alive** field unchecked (**No**).
 - Click on **Finish** (not shown).

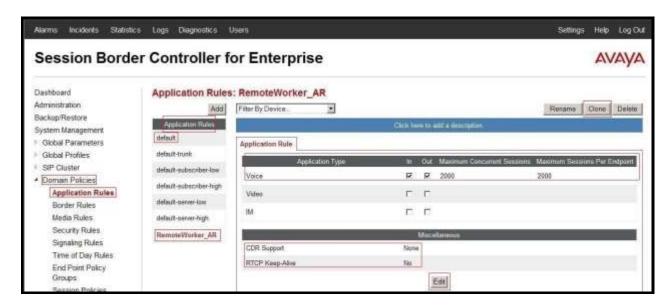


Figure 88: Remote Worker Application Rule

Note: The rule **RemoteWorker_AR** is assigned to the End Point Policy Groups in **Section 12.12**.

12.11. Media Rules on Avaya SBCE

The following section describes **Media Rules**. The existing rule **default-low-med** was used for the Remote Worker. Note that this rule has **Interworking** in **Media Encryption** tab checked.

As described above, the **default-low-med** rule was previously used and is shown here for completeness.



Figure 89: Default-Low-Med Media Rule

Note: The rule **default-low-med** is assigned to the End Point Policy Groups in **Section 12.12**.

12.12. End Point Policy Groups on Avaya SBCE

A new End Point Policy Groups is defined for Remote Worker: SMVM_RW.

To create the new **SMVM_RW** group, click on **Add**. Enter the following:

- Enter a name (e.g., **SMVM_RW**), and click on **Next** (not shown).
- The **Policy Group** window will open. Enter the following:
 - Application Rule = RemoteWorker_AR (Section 12.10).
 - **Border Rule** = **default**.
 - Media Rule = default-low-med (Section 12.11).
 - Security Rule = default-low.
 - **Signaling Rule** = **default**.
 - **Time of Day Rule** = **default**. (Time of Day was selected by default; however, this selection did not appear in the screenshot below after the Endpoint Policy was created).
- Click on **Finish** (not shown).

The End Point Policy Group **SMVM_RW** is used in the Subscriber Flow **Communicator** in **Section 12.13.1** and Remote Worker Server Flow in **Section 12.13.2.1**.

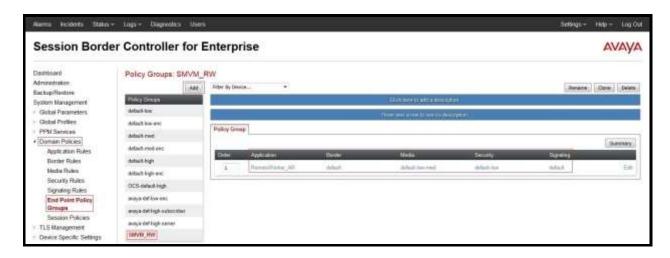


Figure 90: Remote Worker End Point Policy

12.13. End Point Flows on Avaya SBCE

12.13.1. Subscriber Flow

The **Subscriber Flow** is defined for Remote Workers associated with the **User Agent Avaya Communicator** that was created in **Section 12.7**.

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **End Point Flows**. On the **Subscriber Flows** tab, click on the **Add** button and enter the following:

- Enter a Flow Name (e.g., Communicator).
- **URI Group** = * (default).
- User Agent = Avaya Communicator (see Section 12.7).
- **Source Subnet** = * (default).
- **Via Host** = * (default).
- **Contact Host** = * (default).
- Signaling Interface = OutsideSIPRW (see Section 12.3).

Click on **Next** (not shown) and the Profile window will open (not shown). Enter the following:

- Source = Subscriber.
- **Methods Allowed Before REGISTER** = Leave as default.
- User Agent = Avaya Communicator.
- Media Interface = OutsideMediaRW (see Section 12.2).
- End Point Policy Group = SMVM_RW (see Section 12.12).
- Routing Profile = To SMVM RW (see Section 12.6).
- Topology Hiding Profile = None.
- TLS Client Profile = None.
- RADIUS Profile = None.

• Signaling Manipulation Script = None.

Click on Finish (not shown).

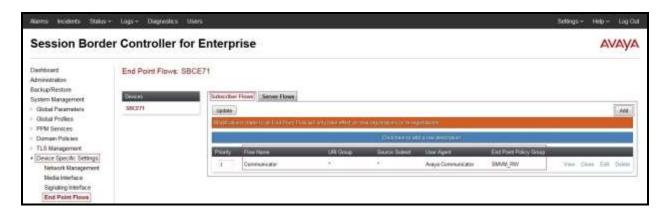


Figure 91: Remote Worker Subscriber Flows – Communicator 1

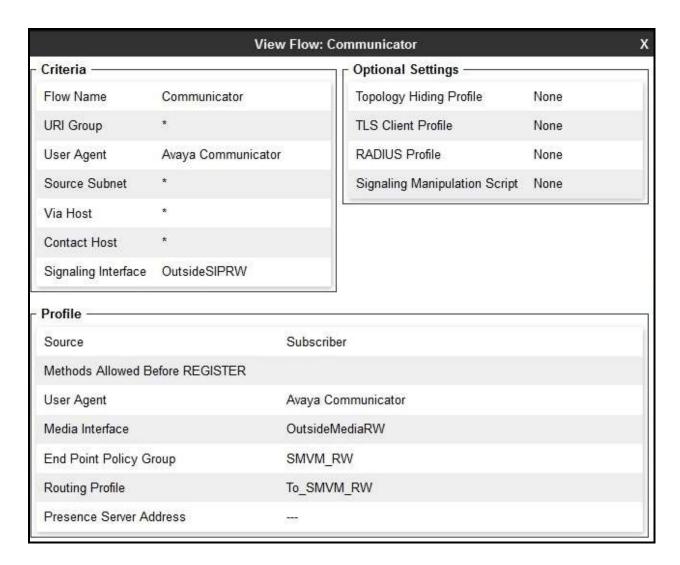


Figure 92: Remote Worker Subscriber Flows – Communicator 2

12.13.2. Server Flow on Avaya SBCE

The following screens show the new **Server Flow** settings for Remote Worker access to and from Session Manager. Two examples of Server Flows are defined for Remote Worker.

12.13.2.1 Remote Worker Server Flow

From the menu on the left-hand side, select **Device Specific Settings** \rightarrow **Endpoint Flows.** Select the **Server Flows** tab and click the **Add** button (not shown) to enter the following:

- Name = SMVM RemoteWorker.
- Server Configuration = SMVM (see Section 12.5).
- **URI Group** = * (default).
- **Transport** = * (default).
- **Remote Subnet** = * (default).
- Received Interface = OutsideSIPRW (see Section 12.3).
- Signaling Interface = InsideSIPRW (see Section 12.3).
- Media Interface = InsideMediaRW (see Section 12.2).
- End Point Policy Group = SMVM_RW (see Section 12.12).
- Routing Profile = default_RW (see Section 12.6).
- **Topology Hiding Profile** = **None** (default).
- **Signaling Manipulation Script = None** (default).
- **Remote Branch Office** = **Any** (default).

Click **Finish** (not shown).

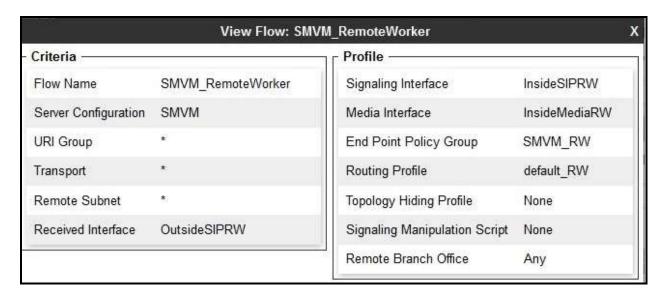


Figure 93: Remote Worker Server Flow

12.13.2.2 Trunking Server Flow on Avaya SBCE

The Iristel SIP Trunk Server Flow is defined in **Section 7.3.4.2** of this document.

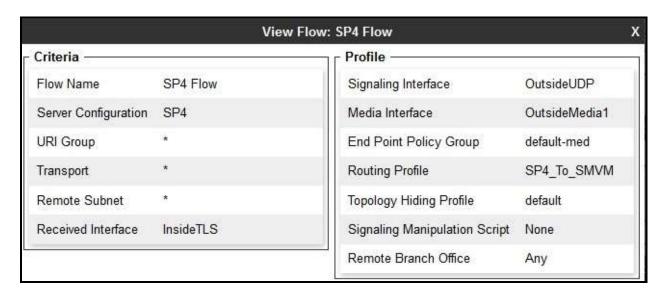


Figure 94: Trunking Server Flow

12.14. System Manager

12.14.1. Modify Session Manager Firewall: Elements → Session Manager → Network Configuration → SIP Firewall

Select Rule Sets as Rule Set for SMVM, click Edit button.

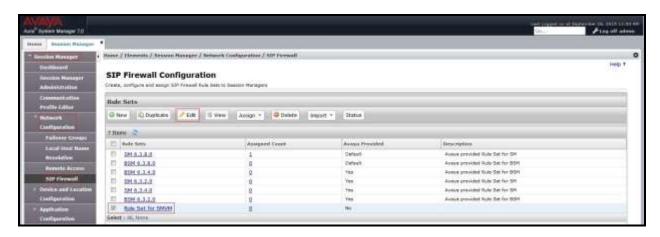


Figure 95: Session Manager - SIP Firewall Configuration - Rules

On Whitelist tab, select New.

- In the **Key** field, select **Remote IP Address**.
- In the **Value** field, enter internal Avaya SBCE IP address used for Remote Worker (10.33.10.21, see **Section 12.1**).
- In the Mask field, enter the appropriate mask (e.g., 255.255.255.255).
- Enabled box is checked.
- Select Commit.

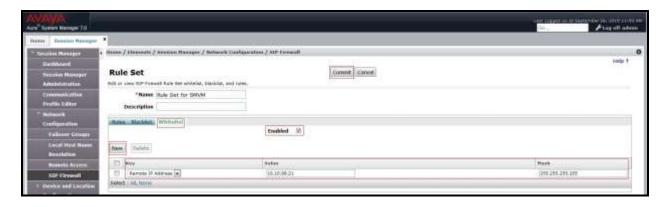


Figure 96: Session Manager - SIP Firewall Configuration - Whitelist

12.14.2. Disable PPM Limiting: Elements → Session Manager → Session Manager Administration

Select the Session Manager Instance named bywasm2, and select Edit.

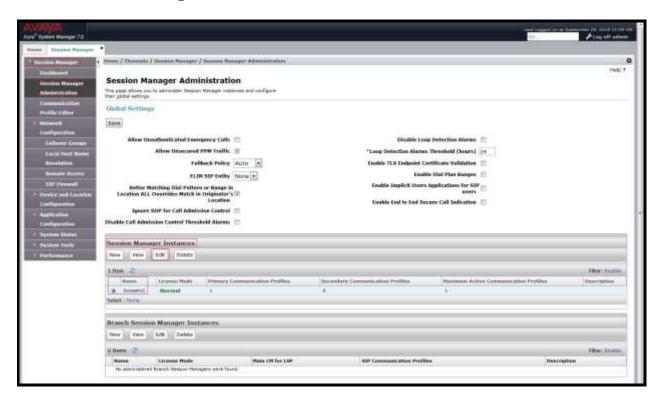


Figure 97: Session Manager – Edit Instance

The **Session Manager View** screen is displayed. Scroll down to the **Personal Profile Manager** (**PPM**) – **Connection Settings** section.

- Uncheck the Limited PPM Client Connections and PPM Packet Rate Limiting options.
- Select **Commit** (not shown).

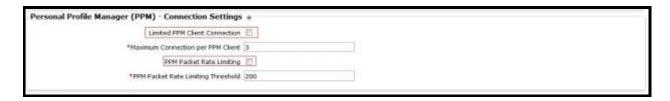


Figure 98: Session Manager – Disable PPM limit

12.15. Remote Worker Client Configuration

The following screen illustrates Avaya Communicator for Windows administration settings for the Remote Worker, used in the reference configuration (note that some screen formats may differ from endpoint to endpoint).

SIP Global Settings Screen

Launch to **Avaya Communicator Settings** and click on **Server**. Set **Server address** parameter to the outside interface of the Avaya SBCE defined for Remote Worker telephony, **10.10.98.99** (see **Section 12.1**). Set **Server port**: **5060** and **Transport type**: **TCP**. The **Domain** is set to **bvwdev.com**. The other fields are default. Click **OK** to submit the settings.

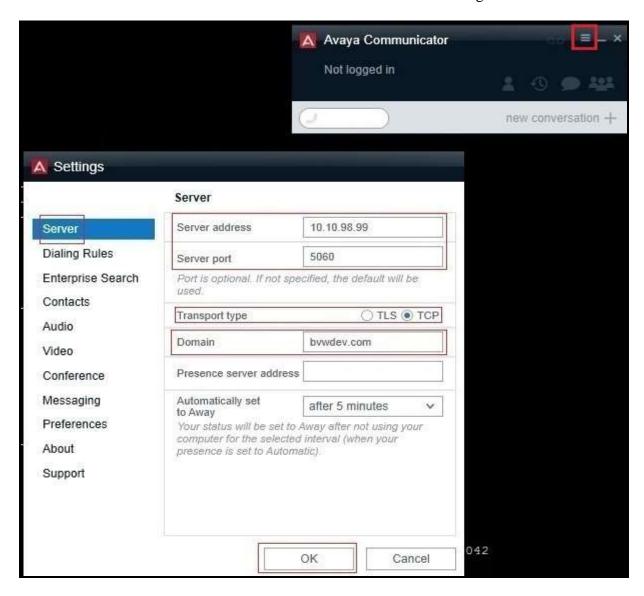


Figure 99: Avaya Communicator for Windows - SIP Global Settings

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