



# **Avaya Dynamic Self Service application developers guide**

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# Chapter 1: About this document

*Avaya Dynamic Self Service application developers guide* provides information on the Call Logger for the Dynamic Self Service (DSS) application. The document also provides information on building the OD modules for the External Voice Application (EVA) nodes.

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## Intended audience

This document is intended primarily for developers willing to use call trace logging mechanism of the DSS application. The developers can also use this document to build OD modules for DSS applications.

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## Send us your comments

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# Chapter 2: Rest API client

The following section provides detailed information on Rest API client.

---

## URL Format Convention for DSS rest services

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### URL Format

**Base URL (<base\_url>):** http://<host>:8943/api-rest/<version>/<method\_category> or  
http://<host>/api-rest/<version>/<method\_category>

**Complete URL:** <base\_url>/<method\_name>

---

### API Rest version format (<version>)

'v'+ <major-number-version>

---

### Method-category assignment

<method_category>	<method_name>
authentication	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• login</li><li>• logout</li></ul>
Schedule	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• schedule</li></ul>
Schedule Groups	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• schedulegroups</li></ul>

---

### URL examples

- http://135.122.60.181:8081/api-rest/v1/authentication/login.xml
- http://135.122.60.181:8081/api-rest/v1/authentication/logout.xml
- http://135.122.60.182:8081/api-rest/v1/schedulegroups/schedulegroup?name=Open Hours&includesDate=20160412T130000-0400
- http://135.122.60.182:8081/api-rest/v1/schedules/schedule?name=Call Center Hours&includesDate=20160412Z

---

## JSON API

---

### Methods

#### *Login*

This method has to be called to retrieve a session token that must be sent to any of the other methods. Without the session token, the rest of the methods would return an error response. The same session token can be reused multiple times, until expired or invalidated (through a call to the Logout method), and is valid for all the other methods.

To obtain a token, this method receives and validates a username and password pair. The username and password are managed as with any regular DSS user.

Each user can have maximum one valid token at any single time. Thus, calling the Login method with the credentials of a user who already has a valid token will cause the existing token to be invalidated and a new token generated and returned. In consequence, if multiple applications or multiple instances of the same application want to interact with this API, then each instance should use a different user.

The session token has to be sent to all the other methods in an `app_token` HTTP header.

#### **Method details:**

- Location: `<base_url>/login.json`
- Accepts: `application/json`
- HTTP Method: PUT
- Input Parameters: sent in the HTTP request content
  - `username`: the username for a DSS user. The username must be created using the DSS Admin Tool.
  - `password`: the password for the specific user.

#### **Example of a request:**

```
PUT /api-rest/v1/authentication/login.json HTTP/1.1
Accept: application/json, application/javascript, text/javascript
Content-Length: 55
Content-Type: application/json
Host: 127.0.0.1:808
Connection: Keep-Alive
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
```

```
{"username":"admin","password":"Avaya1"}
```

#### Example of a response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
Content-Type: application/json
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Date: Fri, 01 Nov 2013 13:24:07 GMT
55
{"username":"admin","sessionToken":"9708ac82-ae06-4c88-b447-
da308dd16374"}
0
```

### *Logout*

Invalidates the session token. The system does not return an error if an invalid or empty token is sent. In such a case, the system only mentions that the system is not able to invalidate the specific token.

#### Method details:

- Location: <base\_url>/logout.json
- Accepts: application/json
- HTTP Method: GET
- Input Parameters: only the session token is required, in the app\_token HTTP header.

#### Example of a request:

```
GET /api-rest/v1/authentication/logout.json HTTP/1.1
Accept: application/json, application/javascript, text/javascript
app_token: 9708ac82-ae06-4c88-b447-da308dd16374
Host: 127.0.0.1:808
Connection: Keep-Alive
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
```

### Example of a response:

If the token was invalidated successfully:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
Content-Type: application/json
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Date: Fri, 01 Nov 2013 13:24:07 GMT

{"logout":true}
```

If the token was not invalidated, could be triggered why an invalid or missing token:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
Content-Type: application/json
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Date: Tue, 10 Dec 2013 15:09:41 GMT

{"logout":false}
```

### *Schedule*

Retrieves the schedule matching the given mandatory name, where 'name' is the query string input parameter. As an optional parameter, we can send a date and in that case it will return a Schedule matching the given name and that also includes the given date.

#### Method details:

- Location: <base\_url>/schedule.json
- Accepts: application/json
- HTTP Method: GET

Input Parameters: only the session token is required, in the app\_token HTTP header.

## Schedule Groups

Retrieves the schedule group matching the given mandatory name, where 'name' is the query string input parameter. As an optional parameter, we can send a date and in that case it will return a Schedule group matching the given name in any of the Schedules the Schedule Group contains.

### Method details:

- Location: <base\_url>/schedulegroups.json
- Accepts: application/json
- HTTP Method: GET
- Input Parameters: only the session token is required, in the app\_token HTTP header.

This method runs four REST GET Services. The details are as follows:

Service	Details
<b>First service:</b> http://localhost:8081/api-rest/v1/schedules?offset=0&limit=50	This service will list all available schedules.  <b>Note:</b> <b>offset</b> and <b>limit</b> parameters are the optional attributes in this URL.
<b>Second Service:</b> http://localhost:8081/api-rest/v1/schedules/schedule?name=schedule1&includesDate=20160329	This service will retrieve the schedule from the DB, which in this case, its name equals (case sensitive) to "schedule 1", and an (optional) second query parameter in which includes a given date. If the schedule table does not contain this date, an HTTP 404 error will be returned.  <b>Note:</b> <b>name</b> parameter is a mandatory attribute in this URL.  <b>Example of a returned JSON object:</b> <pre>{   "schedule": {     "id": 50,     "name": "schedule 1"   } }</pre>

**Third Service:**

http://localhost:8081/api-rest/v1/schedulegroups?offset=0&limit=50

This service will retrieve all the Schedule Groups (that is, current Holidays), and will return an array of Schedule Groups with the contained Schedules each.

**Example of a returned JSON object:**

```
{
  "data": [
    {
      "id": 50,
      "name": "A Schedule
Group",
      "schedules": [
        {
          "id": 50,
          "name": "schedule 1"
        }
      ]
    },
    {
      "id": 52,
      "name": "Empty Schedule
Group",
      "schedules": []
    },
    {
      "id": 51,
      "name": "Yet another
Schedule Group",
      "schedules": [
        {
```

	<pre>         "id": 50,         "name": "schedule 1"     },     {         "id": 51,         "name": "schedule 2"     } ] } ] } </pre>
<p><b>Fourth Service:</b></p> <p><a href="http://localhost:8081/api-rest/v1/schedulegroups/schedulegroup?name=Another Schedule Group&amp;includesDate=20160329Z">http://localhost:8081/api-rest/v1/schedulegroups/schedulegroup?name=Another Schedule Group&amp;includesDate=20160329Z</a></p>	<p>This service will retrieve the Schedule Group which name matches "Another Schedule Group" and includes the (optional) given date.</p> <p><b>Example of a returned JSON object:</b></p> <pre> {     "scheduleGroup": {         "id": 50,         "name": "Another Schedule Group",         "schedules": [             {                 "id": 50,                 "name": "schedule 1"             }         ]     } } </pre>

# Chapter 3: Call Logger

The Call Logger is a call trace logging mechanism for tracing the exact path that the caller went through. The Call Logger publishes the traces immediately after the caller leaves each node. Based on the implementation, the Call Logger either buffers the traces till the call ends, or processes the traces at real time.

At present, DSS provides two implementations: the Call Logger DB, which saves all traces into specific tables in the data base, and the Call Logger File, which saves all the traces to a specific file.

The following sections provide a description on both the options.

---

## Call Logger DB

The Call Logger DB buffers all the call traces in memory and stores the call traces into the database when the call ends, all at a single time. This prevents the continuous database hits and prevents the caller to wait online.

The system stores every trace, that is, every node that the caller went through as a single record in the traceinfo database table. The record has the following attributes:

- **trace\_info\_id:** Is a unique number that identifies each call trace.
- **ucid:** The Universal Call ID. All traces within the same call will have the same UCID.
- **context\_id:** Reserved for future usage.
- **source\_node:** The source node from where the node transition was initiated.
- **source\_node\_type:** The type of the source node that the caller went through. The types are the same as the ones present in the DSS Admin Tool. The available node types are as follows: initial, announcement, menu, transferAgent, transferNumber, transferInternal, externalApplication, ddApplication, allocation, and hangUp.
- **call\_center\_service:** The service used by the transfer node, if any.
- **timestamp:** The time stamp in which the caller left the current node.
- **sequence\_number:** The order in which the caller went through every node.
- **reached\_by\_link\_code:** The link code used to reach the current node.
- **ani:** The Automatic Number Identifier, that is, the caller's phone number.
- **dnis:** The Dialed Number Identification Service, that is, the number dialed to reach current call flow.

- **transfer\_to\_vdn:** The VDN that is, the SIP URI, to which the call got transferred in a Transfer Node.
- **trace\_info\_type:** Used internally by DSS to identify some node types.
- **target\_node:** The target node which was reached by the link code.
- **target\_node\_type:** The target node type which was reached by the link code.
- **callflow\_name:** The name of the call flow to which all defined nodes belong to.
- **mpp\_session\_id:** The MPP session id used by the current call for tracing the DSS event with MPP events.

For more information on activating or deactivating Call Logger DB, see *Configuration and Properties* section in the *Installing and configuring Avaya Dynamic Self Service application guide*.

---

## Call Logger JDBC

Create a 'traceinfo' table for Call Logger JDBC. The table must contain the columns and data types as given in the following table.

DBMS	Columns and data type
PostgreSQL	<pre>CREATE TABLE traceinfo (   trace_info_id numeric(19,0),   ucid character varying(255) NOT NULL,   context_id character varying(255),   source_node character varying(255),   source_node_type character varying(255),   call_center_service character varying(255),   "timestamp" timestamp with time zone NOT NULL,   sequence_number numeric(5,0) NOT NULL,   reached_by_link_code character varying(255),   ani character varying(255),   dnis character varying(255),   transfer_to_vdn character varying(255),</pre>

	<pre> trace_info_type character varying(255), target_node character varying(255), target_node_type character varying(255), uui character varying(255), callflow_name character varying(255), mpp_session_id character varying(255) ) </pre>
<p>Oracle</p>	<pre> CREATE TABLE "XXXXXX"."TRACEINFO" ( "TRACE_INFO_ID"    NUMBER(19,0), "UCID"            VARCHAR2(255 BYTE) NOT NULL ENABLE, "CONTEXT_ID"      VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "SOURCE_NODE"     VARCHAR2(255 BYTE) NOT NULL ENABLE, "SOURCE_NODE_TYPE" VARCHAR2(255 BYTE) NOT NULL ENABLE, "CALL_CENTER_SERVICE" VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "TIMESTAMP"      DATE NOT NULL ENABLE, "SEQUENCE_NUMBER" NUMBER(5,0) NOT NULL ENABLE, "REACHED_BY_LINK_CODE" VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "ANI"            VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "DNIS"          VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "TRANSFER_TO_VDN" VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "TRACE_INFO_TYPE" VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "TARGET_NODE"    VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "TARGET_NODE_TYPE" VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "UUI"           VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "CALLFLOW_NAME"  VARCHAR2(255 BYTE), "MPP_SESSION_ID" VARCHAR2(255 BYTE) ) </pre>
<p>Other DBMS such as</p>	<p>Same columns as above field. The data types must be analogous and respective</p>

SQL Server, MySQL, etc.	to the DBMS.
----------------------------	--------------

To enable the Call Logger JDBC, you must edit the `<DSS_HOME>/configuration-files/flow-engine-settings.properties` file, and set `callLogger.jdbc.active` to true. You must also configure the following properties:

- `callloggerjdbc.driver`
- `callloggerjdbc.url`
- `callloggerjdbc.username`
- `callloggerjdbc.password`

After changing the JDBC Call Logger details, restart the flow engine using the following command:

```
/sbin/service dss-dialogs restart.
```

For more details, see the **Call Logger JDBC** section of the *Installing and configuring Avaya Dynamic Self Service application guide*.

---

## Call Logger File

In contrast to the Call Logger DB, the Call Logger File stores all the call traces in a file in real time. This file is used primarily for troubleshooting purposes. Avaya recommends that you do not keep this file in an active state, as this might reduce performance significantly. The Call Logger File is implemented on top of Log4j.

For more information on activating or deactivating Call Logger file appender, see *Configuration and Properties* section in the *Installing and configuring Avaya Dynamic Self Service application guide*.

## Chapter 4: Building an OD module for External Voice Application nodes

Add Orchestration Design (OD) as a module for External Voice Application (EVA) nodes. The OD module must return a string parameter with the name *routeCode*. DSS uses the *routeCode* parameter as the link code for the next node.

OD module can receive and return as many parameters as required. The name of the inbound and outbound parameters must match the parameter names added in the External Voice Application node.

Also, note that:

- DSS supports modules built with both OD 6 and OD 7 applications.
- DSS also supports VXML applications that are not built with OD application. In this case, the VXML application must be compatible with the Avaya Media Processing Platform (MPP).
- In the case of an OD module, the regular session parameters that are stored in the session object in OD are not available due to the OD architecture. Thus, the required information must be sent using the call flow variable and parameter assignment in the EVA node. The OD session parameters that are not available include most of the fields in the session OD variable, such as *session.dnis* and *session.ani*.
- The OD modules must be installed on a separate servlet container or a web server. The OD module cannot be installed on any of the Tomcat servers used by DSS.

---

### Concatenate or Assign Module

Concatenate or Assign module is an OD application which allows users to join up to 10 strings into 1. DSS also uses this module to assign the value of a variable into another variable, for example UUI. This module is used in the External Voice Application node.

---

### Input parameters

Call variable name	Description
<b>input 01..10</b>	These are the 10 input strings
<b>separator</b>	Use this parameter in case you want to concatenate the input strings using a separator.

---

## Output parameters

- resultCode is evaluated inside the node.
- The value used is always default.
- If you do not use the mandatory parameters, the system will return an error.

Call variable name	Description
<b>concatenated</b>	The result displays the concatenation of the input01 to input10 in the given order with the string you have defined as separator between each input.

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: `http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/dssConcatenate/Start`
- Relative URL: `/external-modules/dssConcatenate/Start`

---

## Consultative Transfer Module

Consultative Transfer module is an OD application which allows users to transfer a call to a specific VDN with the UUI attached. In case there is any issue with the transfer, the control remains in DSS and the node will return the default link code. If there is any error or exception, the system will return an error link code.

**Note:** If you are using ICR Call Flow type, then UUI will not be propagated as UUI is not currently supported for ICR Call Flow module.

---

## Input parameters

Call variable name	Description
<b>vdn</b>	A number to which a call is transferred.
<b>aai</b>	UUI. The content of this parameter is set in the UUI/AAI SIP header.
<b>connectTimeout</b>	The duration in seconds after which a transfer is timed out.

---

## Output parameters

- routeCode is evaluated inside the node.
- Returns a noTransfer link code in case if a transfer is not completed. The options are:
  - Noanswer
  - noauthorization
  - baddestination
  - noroute
  - noresource
  - protocol.nn
  - unsupported.transfer.consultationx
  - unsupported.uri
- Returns the default link code in case transfer is successfully completed.  
Note: The link code is returned to DSS, even if a voice-related action is not performed, such as announcing a message, since we may still want to call a web service or otherwise end the call.

Call variable name	Description
cause	Displays a reason for not transferring one of the following codes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• noanswer</li><li>• noauthorization</li><li>• baddestination</li><li>• noroute</li><li>• noresource</li><li>• protocol.nn</li><li>• unsupported.transfer.consultation</li><li>• unsupported.uri</li></ul>

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: [http://<DSS\\_HOST>:8945/consultation-transfer-module/Start](http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/consultation-transfer-module/Start)
- Relative URL: </external-modules/consultation-transfer-module/Start>

---

## Context Store Integration Module

Context Store Integration module is an OD application developed for the EVA node.

---

### Input parameters

contextID and operation are mandatory. The rest options are depended on the number of parameter the user wants to send or receive.

Call variable name	Description
<b>contextID</b>	A context identifier, usually UCID or EduID
<b>operation</b>	Retrieves information or uses UPSERT to create or update a context.
<b>propertyKey01 .. 10</b>	These are 10 property keys depending on which the operations are performed to specify which parameter is being sent or received.
<b>propertyValue01 .. 10</b>	When the operation is UPSERT, then you need to specify the values for each property key.

---

### Output parameters

resultCode always shows the default values. If there is an error, then an error link code is returned.

Call variable name	Description
<b>outPropertyValue01 .. 10</b>	On each one of this outPropertyValueXX, the user receives the value of the propertyKeyXX defined in the input parameter.

---

### URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: [http://<DSS\\_HOST>:8945/csIntegrationModule/Start](http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/csIntegrationModule/Start)
- Relative URL: </external-modules/csIntegrationModule/Start>

---

## Dynamic Routing Integration Module

Dynamic Routing Integration module is an OD application developed for the EVA node.

---

### Input parameters

segmentationFunction () and interactionID\_UCID are mandatory. The other parameters must be created as segParamKey and segParamValue.

Call variable name	Description
<b>interactionID_UCID</b>	UCID
<b>decisionFunctionName</b>	This is the name of the decision function to select from Dynamic Routing.
<b>segmentationTableName</b>	This is the name of the segmentation table to be used for the segmentation function defined.
<b>segAttributeKey01 .. 10</b>	These are 10 segmentation attribute names the user can provide to Dynamic Routing.
<b>segAttributeValue01 .. 10</b>	These are the 10 values for the segmentation attribute names.
<b>customParamKey01..03</b>	These are 3 Custom Parameter names the user can provide to Dynamic Routing.
<b>customParamValue01..03</b>	These are the 3 values for the Custom Parameter names.
<b>outParamKey01..10</b>	These are the 10 possible output parameters that are found in the extended response.

---

### Output parameters

resultCode is evaluated inside the node.

Call variable name	Description
<b>destinationName</b>	This is the name of the selected

Call variable name	Description
	destinationunsupported.uri
<b>destinationAddress</b>	This is the address of the selected destination.
<b>destinationType</b>	This is the type of the selected destination.
<b>countDecision</b>	For details, see the latest <i>Dynamic Routing 3.1 admin guide</i> located at: <a href="https://support.avaya.com">https://support.avaya.com</a> .
<b>companyName</b>	For details, see the latest <i>Dynamic Routing 3.1 admin guide</i> located at: <a href="https://support.avaya.com">https://support.avaya.com</a> .
<b>interactionID</b>	For details, see the latest <i>Dynamic Routing 3.1 admin guide</i> located at: <a href="https://support.avaya.com">https://support.avaya.com</a> .
<b>locationName</b>	This is the name of the location of the selected destination.
<b>segmentationLabel</b>	This is the label of the segmentation selected based on the parameters provided.
<b>outParamValue01..10</b>	These are 10 Output parameter values for the output parameter names defined when the module are invoked.

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: `http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/drIntegrationModule/Start`
- Relative URL: `/external-modules/drIntegrationModule/Start`

---

## Get DateTime Module

Get DateTime module is an OD application which allows users to get the server current date or time.

---

## Input parameters

Call variable name	Description
<b>dateTimePattern</b>	This is the format in which you wish to receive the date or time. If the format is not provided, the default format is yyyyMMdd. You can also include time as yyyyMMdd hh:mm:ss.
<b>timeZoneCanonicalId</b>	If a time zone is not defined, this will take the time zone of the server using the canonical id as given on the following webpage: <a href="http://joda-time.sourceforge.net/timezones.html">http://joda-time.sourceforge.net/timezones.html</a> .

---

## Output parameters

resultCode always shows the default values. If there is an error, then an error link code is returned.

Call variable name	Description
<b>formattedDateTime</b>	This is the formatted date and time.

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: `http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/getDateTime/Start`
- Relative URL: `/external-modules/getDateTime/Start`

---

## POM save Contact to List Integration Module

POM save Contact to List Integration module is an OD application developed for the EVA node.

---

## Input parameters

Call variable name	Description
<b>inputName01..10</b>	This is the name of the property of the contact list the user wants to update from, currently

Call variable name	Description
	retrieves from the POM contact List.
<b>inputValue01..10</b>	This is the value the user wants for the inputName with the same number.

---

## Output parameters

None

---

## Possible link codes

Link code	Description
<b>default</b>	Invoked in case of the successful execution.
<b>error</b>	Invoked in case of an error in the execution.

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: [http://<DSS\\_HOST>:8945/pom-save-contact-to-list/Start](http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/pom-save-contact-to-list/Start)
- Relative URL: </external-modules/pom-save-contact-to-list/Start>

---

## POM Update CompletionCode Integration Module

pom-update-completion-code module is an OD application developed for the EVA node.

---

## Input parameters

Call variable name	Description
<b>completionCode</b>	This is the string used for updating the completion code for this call.

---

## Output parameters

None

---

## Possible link codes

Link code	Description
default	Invoked in case of the successful execution.
error	Invoked in case of an error in the execution.

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: `http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/pom-update-completion-code/Start`
- Relative URL: `/external-modules/pom-update-completion-code/Start`

---

## POM variables Integration Module

POMVariables module is an OD application developed for the EVA node.

---

## Input parameters

Call variable name	Description
inputName01..10	This is the name of the property of the contact list the user wants to retrieve from. Currently retrieves from the POM contact List

---

## Output parameters

Call variable	Description
outputValue01..10	This is the value from the contact list for the current call. The corresponding inputNameXX value set in the inputNameXX.

---

## Possible link codes

Link code	Description
default	Invoked in case of the successful execution.
error	Invoked in case of an error in the execution.

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: `http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/POMVariables/Start`
- Relative URL: `/external-modules/POMVariables/Start`

---

## Breeze Interoperability Module

---

### Start an Engagement Designer workflow from DSS

This external module is used to start a given Engagement Designer (ED) workflow from DSS. An OD application workflow is added into the external modules server and can be invoked from an EVA node.

#### *Preconditions*

To use this module, you need to make sure that Experience Portal is on version 7.1.x and Engagement Designer is properly configured.

#### *Configuring Engagement Designer*

##### **Procedure**

1. Log in into the AEP.
2. Navigate to **System Configuration > EPM Servers > Data Storage Settings**.
3. In Engagement Development Platform, specify the Platform Host Address attribute with the Engagement Designer cluster hostname.

#### *Input parameters*

This module can send up to eight custom non-mandatory parameters to the Engagement Designer workflow. There are two mandatory parameters: *workflowName* and *eventType*.

The following are the full list of Input parameters:

Call variable name	Description
<b>workflowName</b>	The name of the workflow to be started.
<b>eventType</b>	The type of the event used by the workflow while starting the task.
<b>parameterKey01..08</b>	The parameter name defined in the Event Schema for Key01 up to Key08 or as many defined.  <b>Note:</b> In case you want more parameters to send to the workflow, you must store those parameters into Context store and then retrieve the parameters from the Workflow. The current platform only allows you to send up to 8 parameters when a call flow is called directly from DSS.
<b>parameterValue01..08</b>	The value to be sent corresponding to the parameterKey01 up to parameterKey08 or as many defined.

### *URL to use in the EVA node*

- Full URL: [http://<DSS\\_HOST>:8945/start-ed-workflow/Start](http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/start-ed-workflow/Start)
- Relative URL: </external-modules/start-ed-workflow/Start>

---

## Send a custom event to an Engagement Designer Workflow from DSS

This external module is used for sending a custom event to a given Engagement Designer (ED) workflow from DSS. An OD application workflow is added into the external modules server and can be invoked from an EVA node.

### *Preconditions*

To use this module, you need to make sure that Experience Portal is on version 7.1.x and Engagement Designer is properly configured.

For configuring the Engagement Designer settings, see [Error! Reference source not found.](#)

### *Input parameters*

This module can send up to eight custom non-mandatory parameters to the Engagement Designer workflow. In case that you need to send more than eight parameters to a workflow, you need to use Context Store. There are two mandatory parameters: *instanceId* and *eventType*.

The full lists of parameters are as following:

Call variable name	Description
<b>instanceId</b>	The instance ID for the running the workflow.
<b>eventType</b>	The type of the event used by the workflow while starting the task.
<b>parameterKey01..08</b>	The parameter name defined in the Event Schema for Key01 up to Key08 or as many defined.  <b>Note:</b> In case you want more parameters to send to the workflow, you must store those parameters into Context store and then retrieve the parameters from the Workflow. The current platform only allows you to send up to 8 parameters when a call flow is called directly from DSS.
<b>parameterValue01..08</b>	The value to be sent corresponding to the parameterKey01 up to parameterKey08 or as many defined.

### *URL to use in the EVA node*

- Full URL: `http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/send-ed-event/Start`
- Relative URL: `/external-modules/send-ed-event/Start`

---

## Audio Variable Module

An OD application audio-variable is added as part of the DSS EVA node. If you are using this module, you must configure the *audio-variable.properties* file located in the *DSS configuration-files* folder.

---

## Property files

Property	Description
<b>user</b>	The user name of an existing user which will be used only for this module in DSS. For example: <i>AVUser</i> . This will be used to access the REST API

Property	Description
<b>password</b>	The password of the user.
<b>pin</b>	The user pin of the same user.
<b>server</b>	The IP added or HOST name of the server you want to access.
<b>httpPort</b>	This is the port number of the DSS web application. 8943 is the usually used port number.
<b>httpsPort</b>	If the DSS web application port is secured, you must use httpsPort.
<b>backendContext</b>	You must use as <i>api-rest</i> as the BackendContext value.
<b>locale</b>	In case of needing i18n, configure the locale required here.
<b>timeout</b>	The maximum time for service timeout in milliseconds.

---

## Input parameters

*decisionFunctionName*, *segmentationTableName*, *dnis*, *ani*, and *ucid* are mandatory parameters. The rest should be created as *segParamKey* and *segParamValue*.

Call variable name	Description
<b>audioID</b>	ID or string configured in the audio ID property of the audio file from a prompt that you want to reproduce.

---

## Output parameters

*resultCode* is evaluated inside the EVA node. If the result is ok, the value is default. If the audio ID is not found or the DB fails, an error occurs.

---

## Module deployment

The audio-variable module is installed along with the DSS 2.9.0.0 application. To configure the audio-variable for EVA use, navigate to *http://<DSS-IP>:8945/audio-variable/Start*.

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: *http://<DSS\_HOST>:8945/audio-variable/Start*
- Relative URL: */external-modules/audio-variable/Start*

---

## DateTimeFormatter Module

An OD application which allow users to transform a given date and time or a timestamp into a different date and time representation.

---

## Input parameters

Call variable name	Description
<b>inputDate</b>	The date to format in the following format: yyyyMMdd.
<b>inputTime</b>	The time, in a separate field, that you want to include into the formatted output timestamp. If time is not provided, then the system adds the midnight time.
<b>inputTimeZoneCanonicalId</b>	If the time zone is not mentioned, the module uses the time zone of the server using the canonical ID: <a href="http://joda-time.sourceforge.net/timezones.html">http://joda-time.sourceforge.net/timezones.html</a> .
<b>inputTimestamp</b>	If there are two separate fields used for date and

Call variable name	Description
	time, you can use a single field also provided the input format used is in inputTimestampPattern.
<b>inputTimestampPattern</b>	This is the current inputTimestamp format defined.
<b>outputDateTimePattern</b>	This is the format in which you want to receive the date / time, the default is yyyyMMdd.

**Note:** inputDate, inputTime, and inputTimeZoneCanonicalID are required only if nothing is passed in to inputTimestamp and inputTimestampPattern fields. In case you have a custom date (or time, or date time) in a custom format and you need a different format for the same, you must leave inputDate, inputTime, and inputTimeZoneCanonicalID fields blank and you must send that value into the inputTimestamp field, specifying the inputTimestampPattern.

For example: If you are using the date in the format - date 11/23/2016 and you want to change the format to 20161123, then you must pass "11/23/2016" in inputTimestamp, and "MM/dd/yyyy" in inputTimestampPattern. Then, given that the output pattern we are requesting is the default one (yyyyMMdd), we must leave the outputDateTimePattern field blank.

---

## Output parameters

*resultCode* is evaluated inside the node. The value used is always default. If you use the mandatory parameters, the system returns an error.

Call variable name	Description
<b>formattedDateTime</b>	The formatted date or time format.

---

## Module deployment

This module is already installed in DSS v2.8.x.

---

## Module usage from EVA

In the URL field, enter the following URL:

http://IP\_ADDRESS:8082/dateTimeFormatter/Start

Here, you must replace the IP\_ADDRESS value with the DSS IP address.

---

## URL to use in the EVA node

- Full URL: `http://<DSS_HOST>:8945/dateTimeFormatter/Start`
- Relative URL: `/external-modules/dateTimeFormatter/Start`

# Appendix I: Adding a variable as input parameter for all call flow type

DSS now allows you to define a global call flow variable for sending values to all the call flow type. This variable applies same global value across the call flow application. This value is defined in Configurable Application Variables (CAV) on the Experience Portal application.

Input parameters, such as query string parameters, will be automatically bound to Call Flow variables if they are defined.

## Appendix II: Output variable required for ICR7

DSS sends all values which ICR expects from Wait Treatment Applications (WTA) and Error Handling Applications (EHA). Ensure that all variable defined in ICR must also be defined in the DSS application as Call Flow Variables so that values for all the required variables are send properly.

## Appendix III: How to get the URL from a DSS audio file

### About this task

To get the URL from a DSS audio file and reproduce the URL, you must use the DSS REST services. You need to use the REST services one for logging in and another one to get the audio URL.

### Procedure

#### For logging in:

- **URL:** http://<DSS\_HOST>:8943/api-rest/v1/authentication/login
- **Operation:** PUT
- **Headers:** None
- **Request:** Login JSON

```
{
  "username": "<dss_username>",
  "password": "<dss_password>"
}
```

- **Response:** Login JSON - Response

```
{
  "username": "<dss_username>",
  "sessionToken": "9b79400e-b615-49fe-8a48-9ff2391be9ac"
}
```

### For getting the audio file URL:

- **URL:** http://<DSS\_HOST>:8943/api-rest/v1/audio/get\_audio\_file\_url
- **Parameters:**
  - **pin:** A valid pin from a user.
  - **audioid:** This will be the user defined Id from the audio you are trying to retrieve
- **Example:** http://<DSS\_HOST>:8943/api-rest/v1/audio/get\_audio\_file\_url?pin=12346&audioid=bestAgent
- **Operation:** GET
- **Headers:** app\_token:<token obtained from login>
- **Response:** Login JSON – Response

```
{
  "message": "http://135.122.60.182:8944/audio-cache/99256bc7-83ea-418f-9d0a-eb85afa7bef9.wav"
}
```

### To have the URL into account:

You must use a unique login details for this task, as every time a user logs in, the previous tokens become invalid.