



Avaya Solution & Interoperability Test Lab

Application Notes for Configuring TELUS IP Trunking Release 2 using SIP Registration with Avaya IP Office Release 11.0 using UDP/RTP - Issue 1.1

Abstract

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking between service provider TELUS and Avaya IP Office Release 11.0.

TELUS IP Trunking Service provides PSTN access via a SIP trunk between the enterprise and the TELUS network as an alternative to legacy analog or digital trunks. This approach generally results in lower cost for the enterprise.

Readers should pay attention to **Section 2**, in particular the scope of testing as outlined in **Section 2.1** as well as the observations noted in **Section 2.2**, to ensure that their own use cases are adequately covered by this scope and results.

TELUS is a member of the Avaya DevConnect Service Provider program. Information in these Application Notes has been obtained through DevConnect compliance testing and additional technical discussions. Testing was conducted via the DevConnect Program at the Avaya Solution and Interoperability Test Lab.

1. Introduction

These Application Notes describe the procedures for configuring Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Trunking between TELUS and the Avaya IP Office solution. In the sample configuration, the Avaya IP Office solution consists of Avaya IP Office 500 V2 Release 11.0, Avaya embedded Voicemail, Avaya IP Office Application Server (with WebRTC and one-X Portal services enabled), Avaya Communicator for Windows (SIP mode), Avaya Communicator for Web, Avaya Equinox for Windows, Avaya H.323, Avaya SIP, digital and analog endpoints. The enterprise solution connects to the TELUS network via the public internet.

The TELUS service referenced within these Application Notes is designed for business customers. The service enables local and long distance PSTN calling via standards-based SIP trunks as an alternative to legacy analog or digital trunks, without the need for additional TDM enterprise gateways and the associated maintenance costs.

2. General Test Approach and Test Results

The general test approach was to configure a simulated enterprise site using Avaya IP Office connecting to TELUS via the public internet.

This configuration (shown in **Figure 1**) was used to exercise the features and functionality tests listed in **Section 2.1**. **Note:** NAT devices added between Avaya IP Office and the TELUS network should be transparent to the SIP signaling.

DevConnect Compliance Testing is conducted jointly by Avaya and DevConnect members. The jointly-defined test plan focuses on exercising APIs and/or standards-based interfaces pertinent to the interoperability of the tested products and their functionalities. DevConnect Compliance Testing is not intended to substitute full product performance or feature testing performed by DevConnect members, nor is it to be construed as an endorsement by Avaya of the suitability or completeness of a DevConnect member's solution.

Avaya recommends our customers implement Avaya solutions using appropriate security and encryption capabilities enabled by our products. The testing referenced in this DevConnect Application Note included the enablement of supported encryption capabilities in the Avaya products. Readers should consult the appropriate Avaya product documentation for further information regarding security and encryption capabilities supported by those Avaya products.

Support for these security and encryption capabilities in any non-Avaya solution component is the responsibility of each individual vendor. Readers should consult the appropriate vendor-supplied product documentation for more information regarding those products.

2.1. Interoperability Compliance Testing

A simulated enterprise site with Avaya IP Office was connected to TELUS. To verify SIP trunking interoperability, the following features and functionality were exercised during the interoperability compliance test:

- Incoming PSTN calls to various phone types. Phone types included H.323, SIP, digital, and analog phones at the enterprise. All inbound PSTN calls were routed to the enterprise across the SIP trunk from the service provider
- Outgoing PSTN calls from various phone types. Phone types included H.323, SIP, digital, and analog phones at the enterprise. All outbound PSTN calls were routed from the enterprise across the SIP trunk to the service provider
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls from/to the Avaya Communicator for Windows (SIP)
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls from/to the Avaya Communicator for Web (WebRTC) with basic telephony transfer feature
- Inbound and outbound PSTN calls from/to the Avaya Equinox for Windows (SIP)
- Inbound and outbound long hold time call stability
- Various call types including: local, long distance, outbound toll-free
- SIP transport UDP/RTP between TELUS and the simulated Avaya enterprise site
- Codec G.711MU and G.729A
- Caller number/ID presentation
- Privacy requests (i.e., caller anonymity) and Caller ID restriction for inbound and outbound calls
- DTMF transmission using RFC 2833
- SIP Trunk registration and authentication
- Voicemail navigation for inbound and outbound calls
- Telephony features such as hold and resume, transfer, and conference
- Fax G.711 pass-through and Fax T.38 modes
- Off-net call forwarding
- Off-net call transfer
- Twinning to mobile phones on inbound calls

Items are not supported or not tested including the following:

- TELUS does not support TLS/SRTP SIP Transport.
- TELUS supports inbound toll-free service, however there was no inbound toll-free numbers built in their production lab during the compliance testing.
- TELUS supports outbound call to international numbers, however this call was not available in TELUS production lab during the compliance testing.
- TELUS supports outbound call to Local Directory Assistance service 411, however this call was not available in TELUS production lab during the compliance testing.
- TELUS supports outbound call to Emergency 911, however this call was not available in TELUS production lab during the compliance testing.

2.2. Test Results

Interoperability testing of TELUS was completed with successful results for all test cases excepting of the observation described below:

- Call Redirection (Transfer/Forward) using SIP Refer method - When performing call transfer/forward off-net using SIP Refer method, IP Office system responded to a NOTIFY message from TELUS with "405 Method Not Allowed". Since TELUS sent BYE to terminate the first call leg before sending the NOTIFY, IPO responded "405 Method Not Allowed" to NOTIFY. The call transfer/forward off-net was not impacted, calls were transferred/forwarded successfully with two-way audio.
- SIP endpoints may indicate that a transfer failed even when it is successful - Occasionally on performing a transfer operation, Avaya IP Office SIP endpoints (Avaya 1100 Series Deskphone and Avaya Communicator for Windows) may indicate on the local call display that the transfer failed even though it was successful. The frequency of this behavior can be reduced by enabling "Emulate Notify for REFER" on the IP Office SIP Line (See **Section 5.6.2**).
- TELUS did not support multiple m-lines for the T.38 re-INVITE - For T.38 faxing call, Avaya IP Office sent "m: audio 0" line in the SDP attribute of T.38 re-INVITE, TELUS rejected the call with "488 Not Acceptable Here" because TELUS did not support multiple m-lines for the T.38 re-INVITE. Therefore T.38 Fax is not supported with this solution. G.711 pass-through can be used for faxing.
- Conference on Avaya Equinox soft-client - Conference on the Avaya Equinox for Windows soft-client is not working properly - When the attempt is made to conference active calls in the Avaya Equinox for Windows soft-client by "merging" the calls together, the parties are not joined together into conference, instead a new call is made from the first active call that was held by the Equinox soft-client to the second active call held by the Equinox soft-client, with the Avaya Equinox soft-client unable to merge the active calls together into conference. This issue was only seen on the Avaya Equinox for Windows soft-client. There is no current work-around; if the conference feature is needed on an Avaya soft-client for IP office, the Avaya Communicator for windows soft-client could be use until this issue is resolved by Avaya. This issue is under investigation by Avaya.

2.3. Support

For technical support on the Avaya products described in these Application Notes visit: <http://support.avaya.com>.

For technical support on TELUS SIP Trunking, contact TELUS at <http://www.TELUS.com/business/voice-networks/ip-trunking/>

3. Reference Configuration

Figure 1 below illustrates the test configuration. The test configuration shows an enterprise site connected to TELUS through the public IP network. For confidentiality and privacy purposes, actual public IP addresses used in this testing have been masked out and replaced with fictitious IP addresses throughout the document.

The Avaya components used to create the simulated customer site included:

- Avaya IP Office 500 V2
- Avaya embedded Voicemail for IP Office
- Avaya Application Server (Enabled WebRTC and one-X Portal services)
- Avaya 9600 Series IP Deskphones (H.323)
- Avaya 11x0 Series IP Deskphones (SIP)
- Avaya 1408 Digital phone
- Avaya Analog phone
- Avaya Communicator for Windows (SIP)
- Avaya Communicator for Web
- Avaya Equinox for Windows

Located at the enterprise site is an Avaya IP Office 500 V2 with the MOD DGTL STA16 expansion module which provides connections for 16 digital stations to the PSTN, and the extension PHONE 8 card which provides connections for 8 analog stations to the PSTN as well as 64-channel VCM (Voice Compression Module) for supporting VoIP codecs. The voicemail service is embedded on Avaya IP Office. Endpoints include Avaya 9600 Series IP Telephone (with H.323 firmware), Avaya 1100 Series IP Telephone (with SIP firmware), Avaya 1408D Digital Telephone, Avaya Analog Telephone, Avaya Communicator for Windows/ for Web (WebRTC), and Avaya Equinox for Windows. The LAN1 port of Avaya IP Office is connected to the enterprise LAN (private network) while the LAN2 port is connected to the public network.

A separate Windows 10 Enterprise PC runs Avaya IP Office Manager to configure and administer the Avaya IP Office system.

Mobility Twinning is configured for some of the Avaya IP Office users so that calls to these user's phones will also ring and can be answered at configured mobile phones.

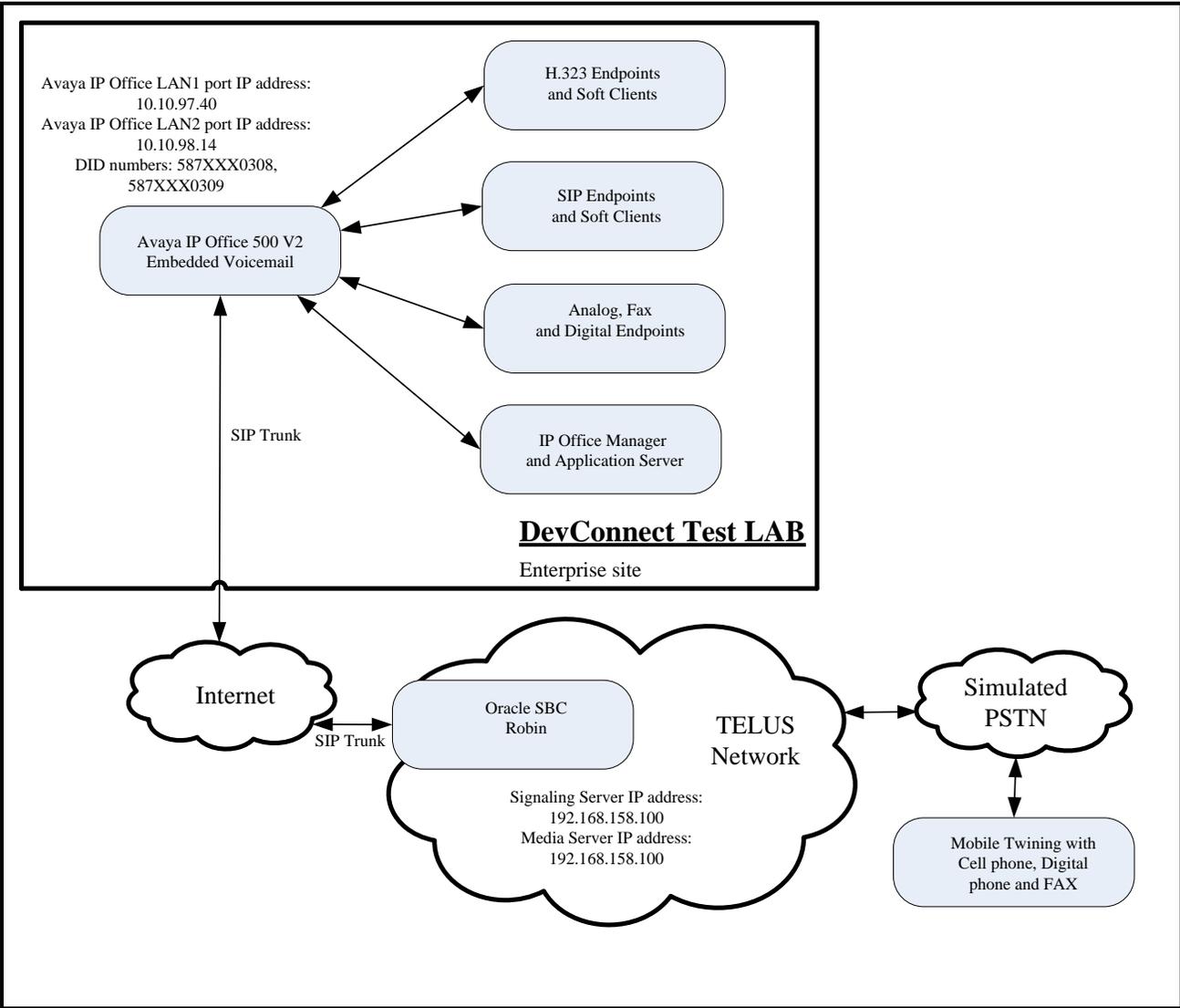


Figure 1 - Test Configuration for Avaya IP Office with TELUS SIP Trunk Service

For the purposes of the compliance test, Avaya IP Office users dialed a short code of 9 + N digits to send digits across the SIP trunk to TELUS. The short code of 9 was stripped off by Avaya IP Office but the remaining N digits were sent unaltered to the TELUS system. For calls within the North American Numbering Plan (NANP), the user would dial 11 (1 + 10) digits. Thus, for these NANP calls, Avaya IP Office would send 11 digits in the Request URI and the To field of an outbound SIP INVITE message. It was configured to send 10 digits in the From field. For inbound calls, TELUS sent 10 digits in the Request URI and the To field of inbound SIP INVITE messages.

In an actual customer configuration, the enterprise site may also include additional network components between the service provider and the Avaya IP Office such as a session border

controller or data firewall. A complete discussion of the configuration of these devices is beyond the scope of these Application Notes. However, it should be noted that SIP and RTP traffic between the service provider and the Avaya IP Office must be allowed to pass through these devices.

4. Equipment and Software Validated

The following equipment and software/firmware were used for the sample configuration provided:

Avaya Telephony Components	
Equipment	Release
Avaya IP Office solution	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Avaya IP Office 500V2 ▪ Embedded Voicemail ▪ Avaya Web RTC Gateway ▪ Avaya one-X Portal ▪ Avaya IP Office Manager ▪ Avaya IP Office Analogue PHONE 8 ▪ Avaya IP Office VCM64/PRID U ▪ Avaya IP Office DIG DCPx16 V2 	11.0.0.2.0 Build 23 11.0.0.2.0 Build 23 11.0.0.2.0 Build 56 11.0.0.2.0 Build 3 11.0.0.2.0 Build 23 11.0.0.2.0 Build 23 11.0.0.2.0 Build 23 11.0.0.2.0 Build 23
Avaya 1140E IP Deskphone (SIP)	04.04.23
Avaya 9641G IP Deskphone (H.323)	6.7104
Avaya 9621G IP Deskphone (H.323)	6.7104
Avaya J129 IP Deskphone (SIP)	3.0.0.0.20
Avaya Communicator for Windows (SIP)	2.1.4.0 - 297
Avaya Communicator for Web	1.0.16.2220
Avaya Equinox for Windows (SIP)	3.4.10.10.2
Avaya 1408D Digital Deskphone	R48
Avaya Analog Deskphone	N/A
HP Officejet 4500 (fax)	N/A
TELUS Components	
Equipment	Release
Ribbon	C20 R19
Oracle SBC	7.4m1p5

Note: Compliance Testing is applicable when the tested solution is deployed with a standalone IP Office 500V2 and also when deployed with IP Office Server Edition in all configurations.

5. Configure Avaya IP Office Solution

This section describes the Avaya IP Office solution configuration necessary to support connectivity to TELUS. It is assumed that the initial installation and provisioning of the Avaya IP Office 500V2 has been previously completed and therefore is not covered in these Application Notes. For information on these installation tasks refer to Additional References **Section 9**.

This section describes the Avaya IP Office configuration required to support connectivity to TELUS. Avaya IP Office is configured through the Avaya IP Office Manager PC application. From a PC running the Avaya IP Office Manager application, select **Start → Programs → IP Office → Manager** to launch the application. Navigate to **File → Open Configuration**, select the proper Avaya IP Office system from the pop-up window and click **OK** button. Log in using appropriate credentials.

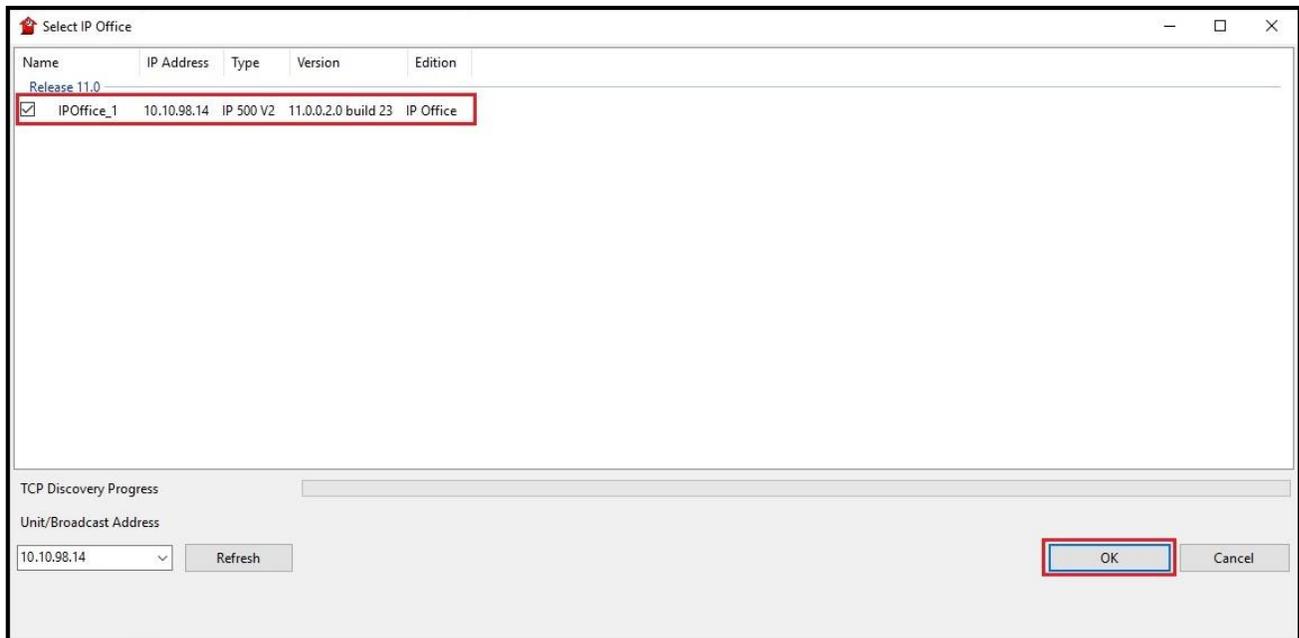


Figure 2 – Avaya IP Office Selection

5.1. Licensing

The configuration and features described in these Application Notes require the Avaya IP Office system to be licensed appropriately. If a desired feature is not enabled or there is insufficient capacity, contact an authorized Avaya sales representative.

To verify that there is a SIP Trunk Channels license with sufficient capacity, select **IPOffice_1** → **License** on the Navigation pane and **SIP Trunk Channels** in the Group pane. Confirm that there is a valid license with sufficient “Instances” (trunk channels) in the **Details** pane.

The screenshot displays the Avaya IP Office License configuration interface. The left pane shows the navigation tree with 'License (80)' selected. The main pane shows the license details for 'Remote Server'. The license mode is 'License Normal', the licensed version is '11.0', and the PLDS Host ID is '111216612166'. The PLDS File Status is 'Valid'. Below this is a table of features and their license details.

Feature	Instances	Status	Expiration Date	Source
Receptionist	4	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Additional Voicemail Pro Ports	152	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
VMPro Recordings Administrators	1	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Essential Edition Additional Voice...	4	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
VMPro TTS (Generic)	40	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Teleworker	384	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Mobile Worker	384	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Office Worker	384	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Avaya Softphone Licence	100	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
VMPro TTS (Scansoft)	40	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
VMPro TTS Professional	40	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
IPSec Tunnelling	1	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Power User	384	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Avaya IP endpoints	384	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
IP500 Voice Networking Channels	32	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
SIP Trunk Channels	128	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
IP500 Universal PRI (Additional cha...	100	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
CTI Link Pro	1	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Wave User	16	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
3rd Party IP Endpoints	384	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Essential Edition	1	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
R8+ Preferred Edition (VM Pro)	1	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
UMS Web Services	100	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Avaya Mac Softphone	100	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
SM Trunk Channels	128	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Web Collaboration	64	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Avaya Contact Center Select	1	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Devlink3 External Recorder	1	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal
Basic User	384	Obsolete	Never	PLDS Nodal
Basic Edition Upgrade	1	Valid	Never	PLDS Nodal

Figure 3 – Avaya IP Office License

5.2. System Tab

Navigate to **System (1)** under **IPOffice_1** on the left pane and select the **System** tab in the **Details** pane. The **Name** field can be used to enter a descriptive name for the system. In the reference configuration, **IPOffice_1** was used as the name in IP Office.

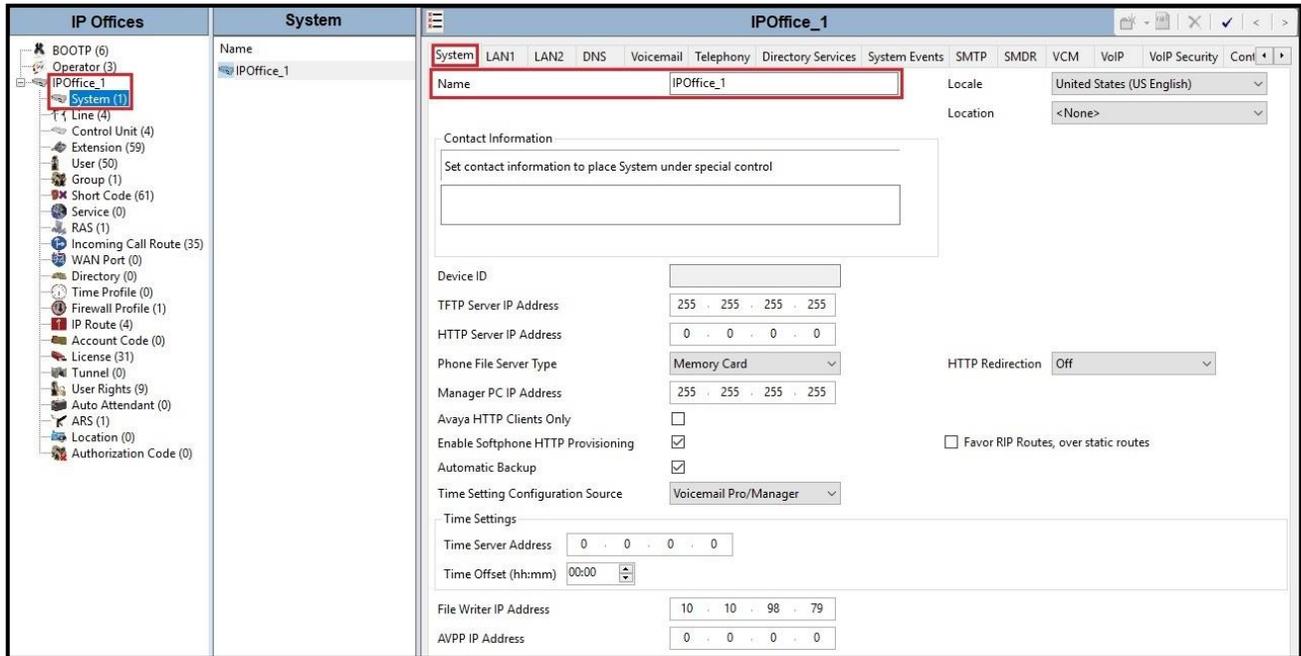


Figure 4 - Avaya IP Office System Configuration

5.3. LAN2 Settings

In the sample configuration, LAN2 is used to connect the enterprise network to TELUS.

Note: The LAN1 port of Avaya IP Office connected to the enterprise LAN (private network) is not described in this document.

To configure the LAN2 settings on the IP Office, complete the following steps. Navigate to **IPOffice_1** → **System (1)** in the **Navigation** and **Group** panes and then navigate to the **LAN2** → **LAN Settings** tab in the **Details** pane. Set the **IP Address** field to the IP address assigned to the Avaya IP Office LAN2 port. Set the **IP Mask** field to the mask used on the private network. All other parameters should be set according to customer requirements. Click **OK** to submit the change.

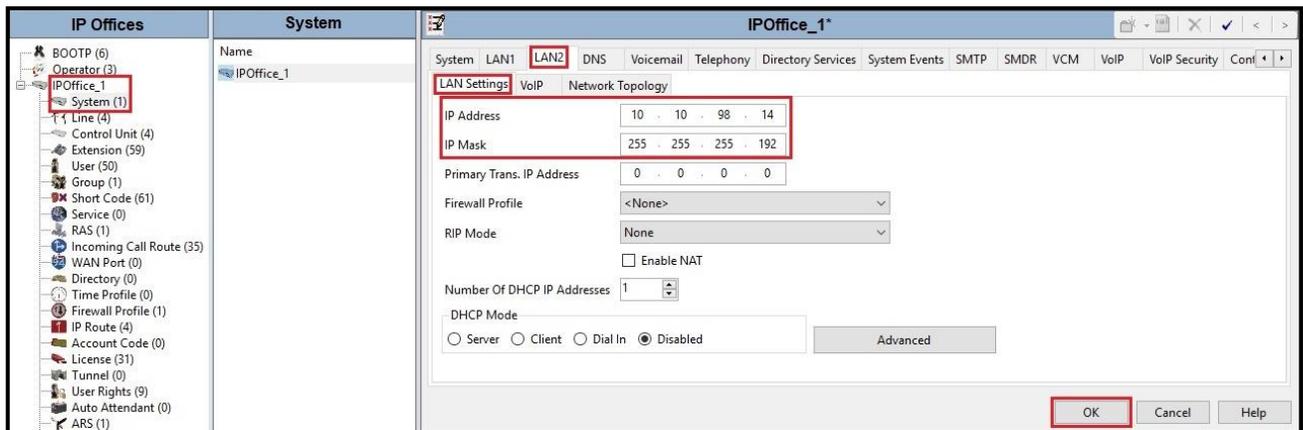


Figure 5 - Avaya IP Office LAN2 Settings

The **VoIP** tab as shown in the screenshot over the page was configured with following settings:

- Check the **H323 Gatekeeper Enable** to allow Avaya IP deskphones/softphones using the H.323 protocol to register
- Check the **SIP Trunks Enable** to enable the configuration of SIP Trunk connecting to TELUS
- Verify **Keepalives** to select **Scope** as **RTP-RTCP** with **Periodic timeout 60** and select **Initial keepalives** as **Enabled**
- All other parameters should be set according to customer requirements
- Click **OK** to submit the changes

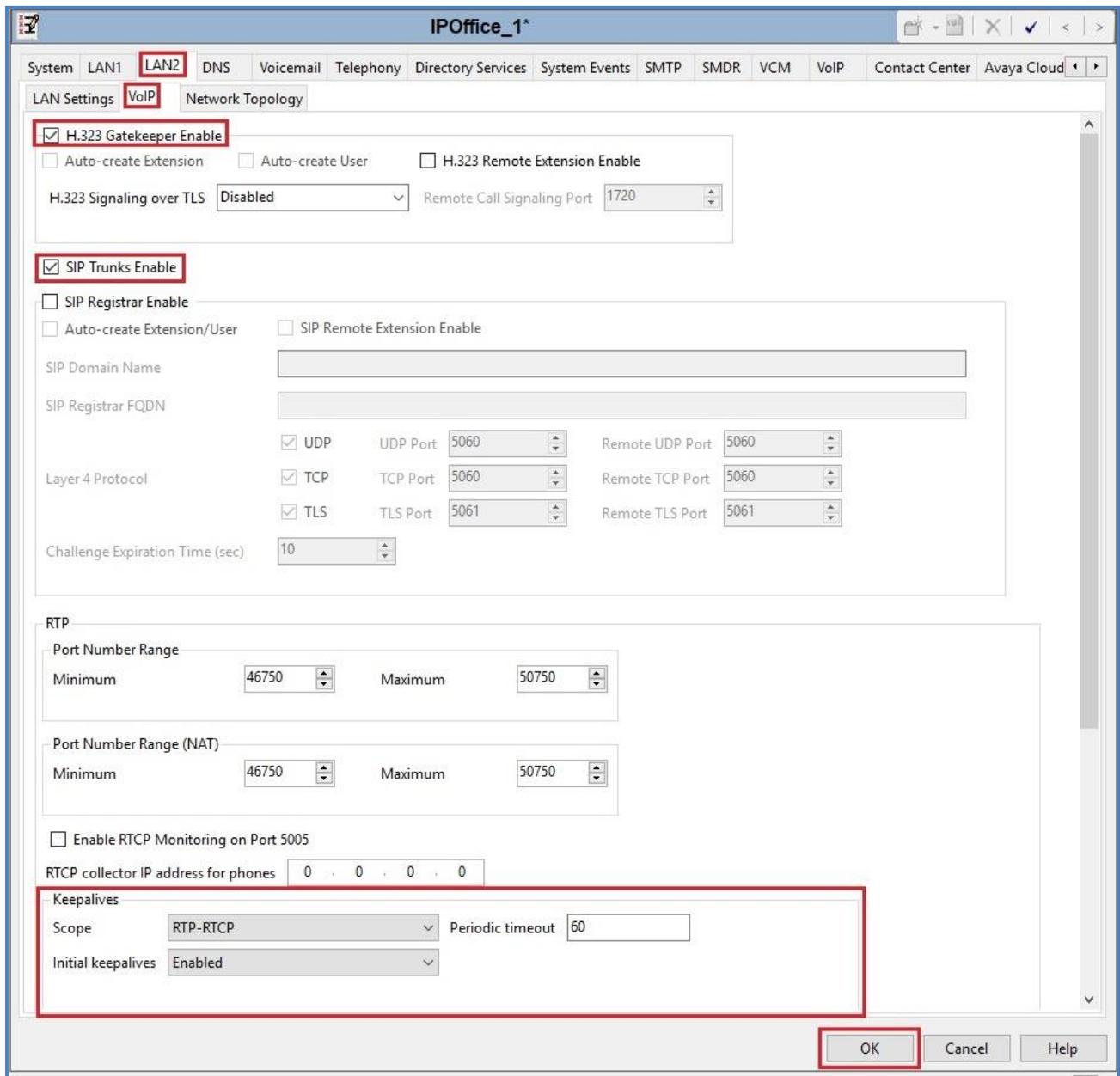


Figure 6 - Avaya IP Office LAN2 VoIP

5.4. System Telephony Settings

Navigate to **IPOffice_1** → **System (1)** in the Navigation and Group Panes (not shown) and then navigate to the **Telephony** → **Telephony** tab in the **Details** pane. Choose the **Companding Law** typical for the enterprise location. For North America, **U-Law** is used. Uncheck the **Inhibit Off-Switch Forward/Transfer** box to allow call forwarding and call transfers to the PSTN via the service provider across the SIP trunk. Set **Hold Timeout (sec)** to a valid number. Set **Default Name Priority** to **Favor Trunk**. Defaults were used for all other settings. Click **OK** to submit the changes.

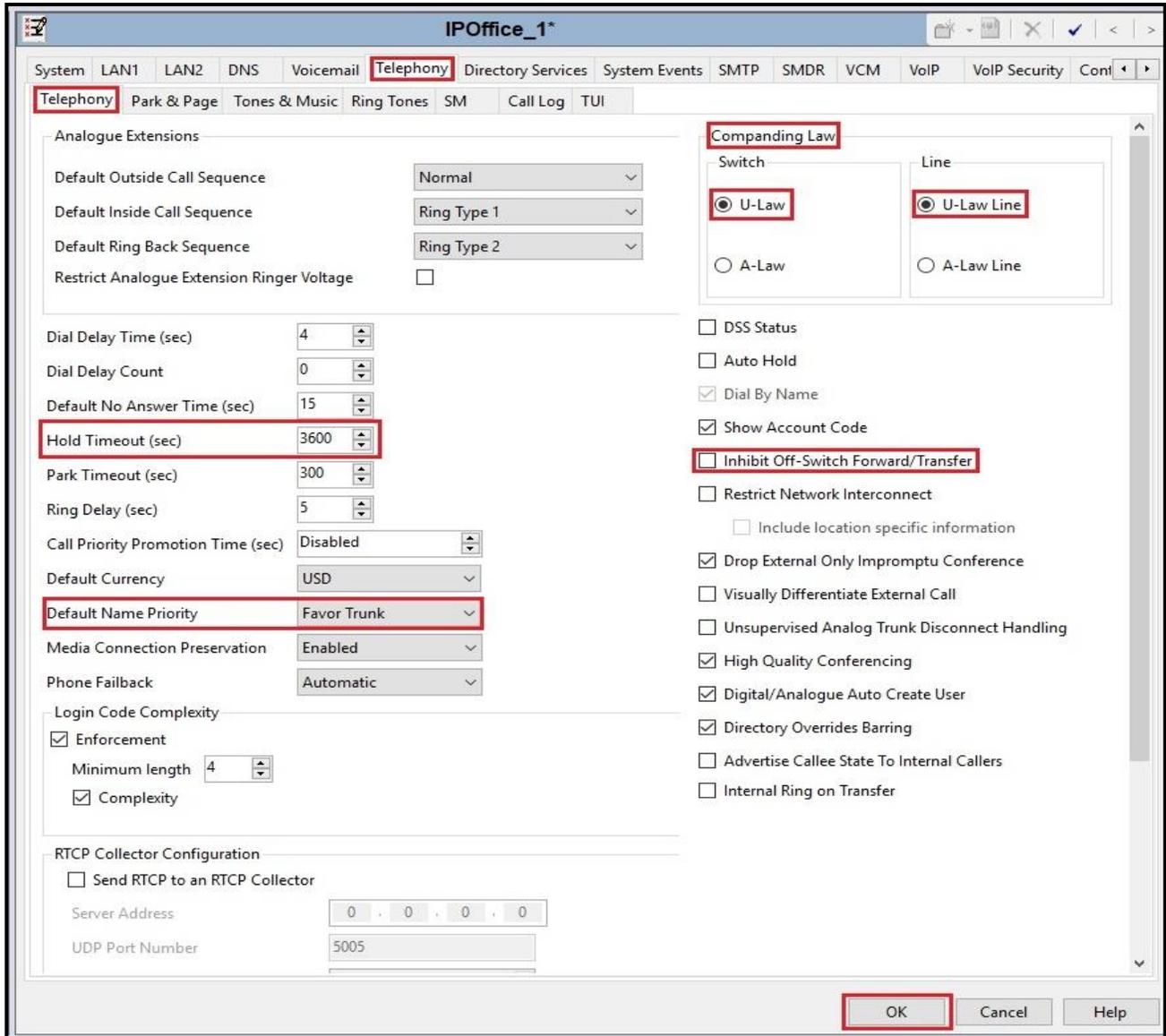


Figure 7 - Avaya IP Office Telephony

5.5. System VoIP Settings

Navigate to **IPOffice_1** → **System (1)** in the Navigation and Group Panes and then navigate to the **VoIP** tab in the **Details** pane. Leave the **RFC2833 Default Payload** as default of **101**. Select codec **G.711 ULAW 64K**, **G.729(a) 8K CS-ACELP** which TELUS supports. Click **OK** to submit the changes.

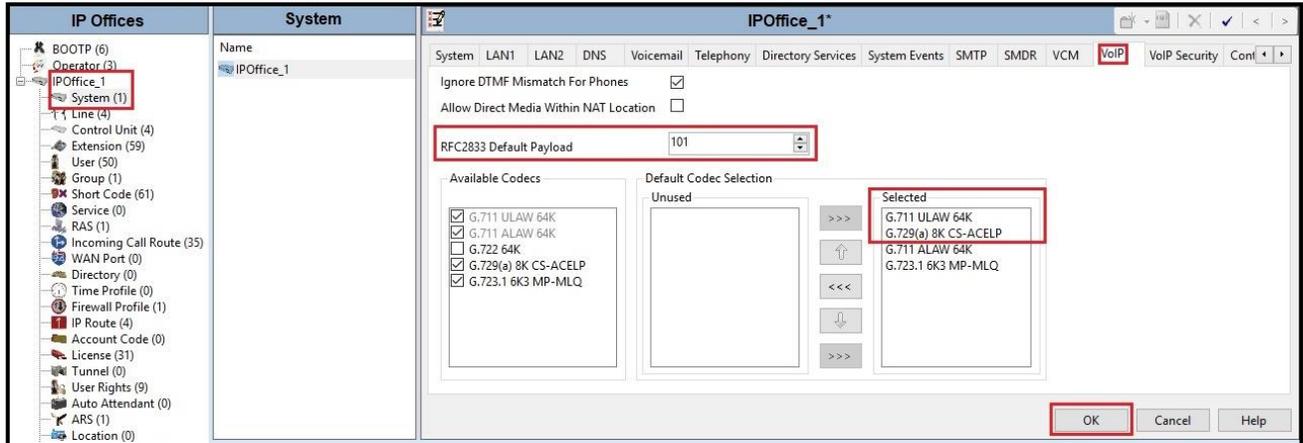


Figure 8 - Avaya IP Office VoIP

5.6. Administer SIP Line

A SIP Line is needed to establish the SIP connection between Avaya IP Office and TELUS. The recommended method for configuring a SIP Line is to use the template associated with these Application Notes. The template is an .xml file that can be used by Avaya IP Office Manager to create a SIP Line. Follow the steps in **Section 5.6.1** to create the SIP Line from the template.

Some items relevant to a specific customer environment are not included in the template or may need to be updated after the SIP Line is created. Examples include the following:

- IP addresses
- SIP Credentials (if applicable)
- SIP URI entries
- Setting of the Use Network Topology Info field on the Transport tab.

Therefore, it is important that the SIP Line configuration be reviewed and updated if necessary after the SIP Line is created via the template. The resulting SIP Line data can be verified against the manual configuration shown in **Section 5.6.2**.

Also, the following SIP Line settings are not supported on Basic Edition:

- SIP Line – Originator number for forwarded and twinning calls
- Transport – Second Explicit DNS Server
- SIP Credentials – Registration Required
- SIP Advanced Engineering.

Alternatively, a SIP Line can be created manually. To do so, right-click **Line** in the Navigation Pane and select **New** → **SIP Line**. Then, follow the steps outlined in **Section 5.6.2**.

For the compliance test, SIP Line 17 was used as trunk for both outgoing and incoming calls.

5.6.1. Create SIP Line from Template

This section describes the steps to create a SIP line from the template as follows:

1. Create a new folder in computer where Avaya IP Office Manager is installed (e.g. C:\TELUS\Template). Copy the template file to this folder. The template file for the compliance test is **TLRIP011.xml** (for SIP Line 17).
2. Import the template into Avaya IP Office Manager: From Avaya IP Office Manager, select **Tools → Import Templates in Manager**. This action will copy the template file from step 1 into the IP Office template directory.

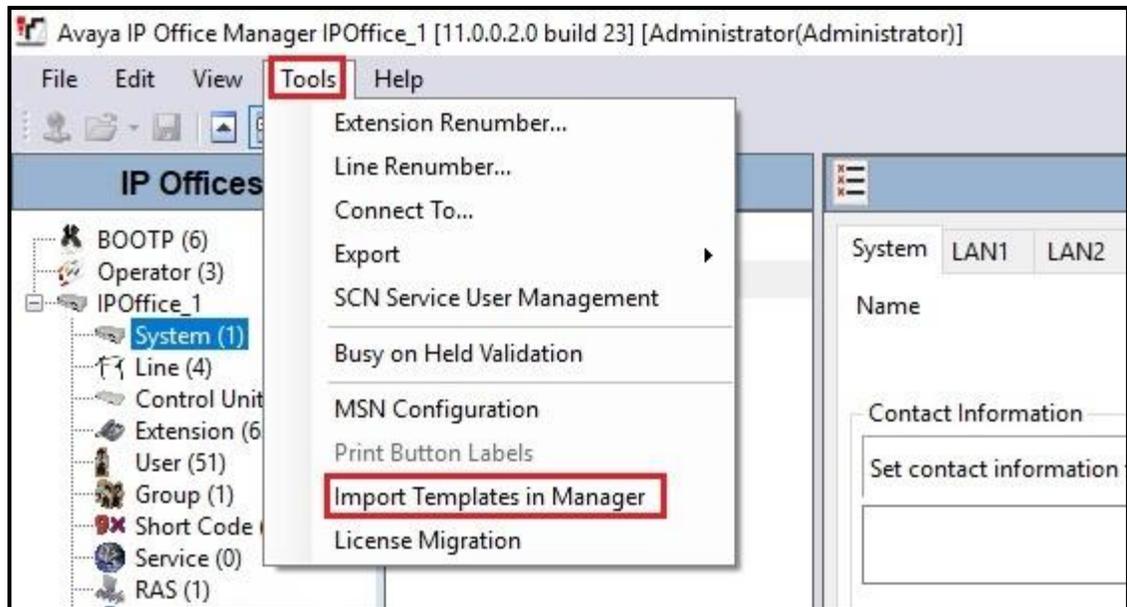


Figure 9 – Import Template for SIP Line

In the pop-up window (not shown) that appears, select the folder where the template file was copied in step 1. After the import is complete, a final import status pop-up window below will appear stating success (or failure). Then click **OK** to continue.



Figure 10 – Import Template for SIP Line successfully

3. Create the SIP Trunk from the template: Right-click on **Line** in the Navigation Pane, then navigate to **New from Template** → **Open from file**.

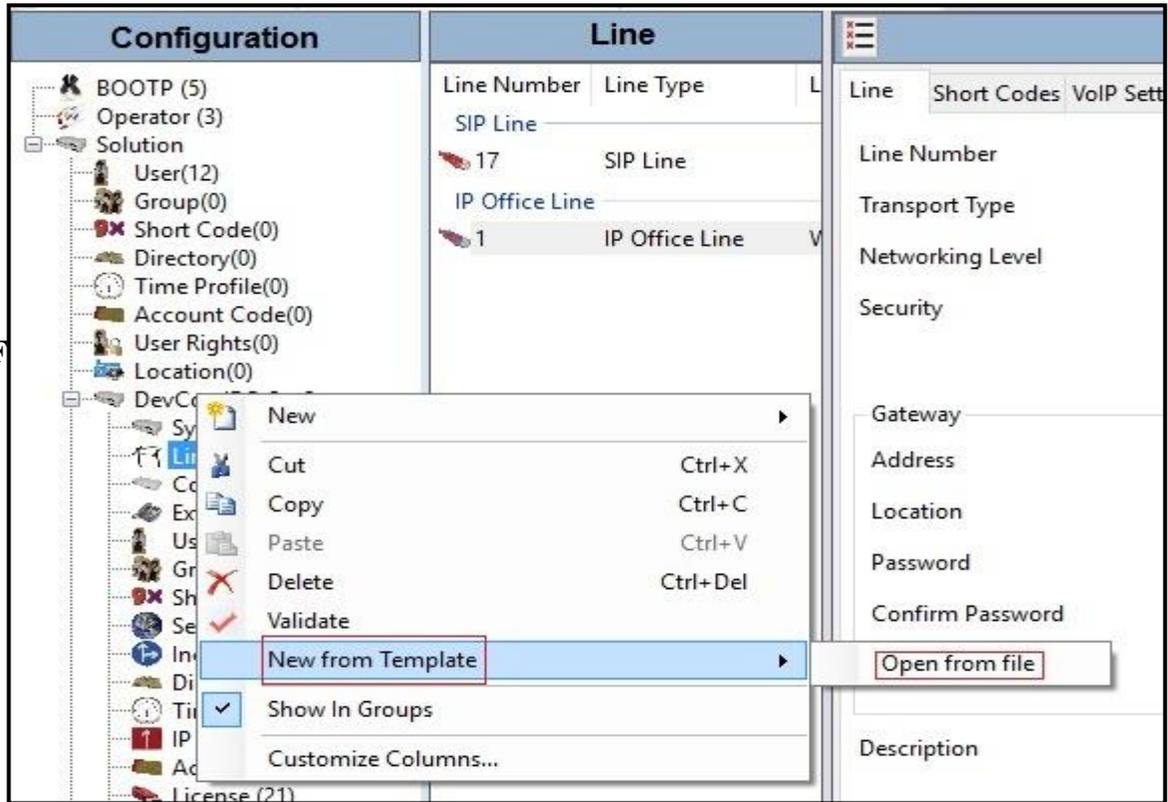


Figure 11 – Create SIP Line from Template

4. Select the **Template Files (*.xml)** and select the imported template from step 2 at IP Office template directory **C:\Program Files\Avaya\IP Office\Manager\Templates**. Click **Open** button to create a SIP line from template.

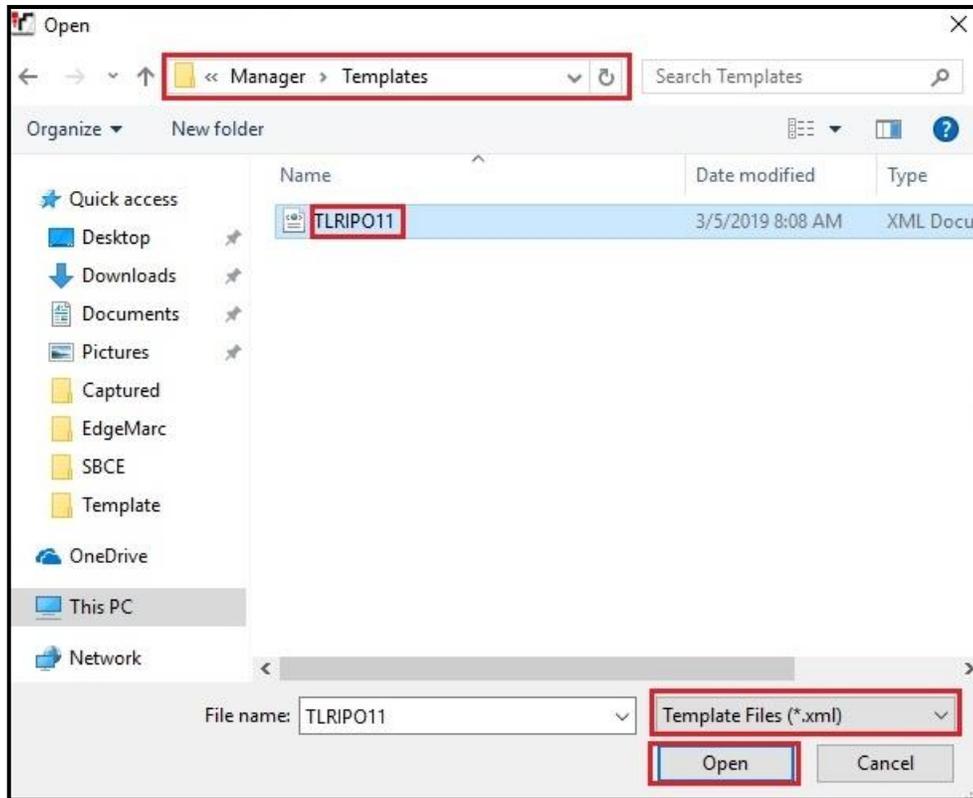


Figure 12 – Create SIP Line from IP Office Template directory

A pop-up window below will appear stating success (or failure). Then click **OK** to continue.

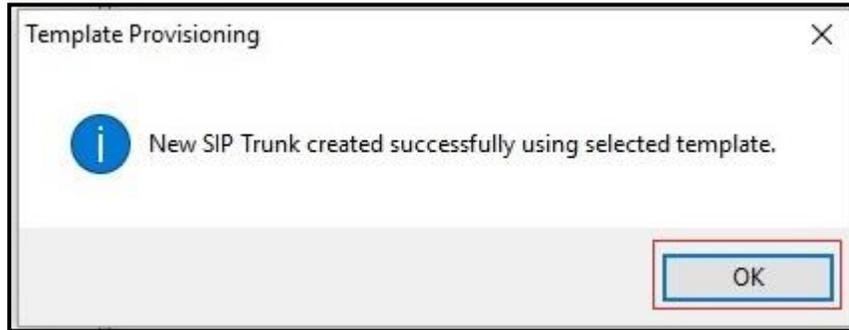


Figure 13 – Create SIP Line from Template successfully

5. Once the SIP Line is created, verify the configuration of the SIP Lines with the configuration shown in **Section 5.6.2**.

5.6.2. Create SIP Line Manually

To create a SIP line, begin by navigating to **Line** in the left Navigation Pane, then right-click in the Group Pane and select **New → SIP Line** (not shown).

On the **SIP Line** tab in the Details Pane, configure the parameters as shown below:

- Select available **Line Number: 17**
- Set **ITSP Domain Name** to the domain name of TELUS signaling server (TELUS provided this domain name). This field is used to specify the default host part of the SIP URI in the To, R-URI fields for outgoing calls
- Set **Local Domain Name** to blank
Note: For the user making the call, the user part of the From SIP URI is determined by the settings of the SIP URI channel record being used to route the call (see SIP URI → Local URI). For the destination of the call, the user part of the To and R-URI fields are determined by dial short codes of the form 9N;/N where N is the user part of the SIP URI
- Check the **In Service** and **Check OOS** boxes
- Set **URI Type** to **SIP**
- For **Session Timers**, set **Refresh Method** to **Auto** with **Timer (sec)** to **On Demand**
- Set **Name Priority** to **Favor Trunk**. As described in **Section 5.4**, the **Default Name Priority** parameter may retain the default **Favor Trunk** setting, or can be configured to **Favor Directory**. As shown below, the default **Favor Trunk** setting was used in the reference configuration
- For **Redirect and Transfer**, set **Incoming Supervised REFER** and **Outgoing Supervised REFER** to **Always**
Note: TELUS preferred to use SIP REFER for off-net redirection/transfer call during the compliance testing. Therefore, both **Incoming Supervised REFER** and **Outgoing Supervised REFER** are set to **Always** so that Avaya IP Office always sends SIP REFER. TELUS also supported SIP re-Invite for off-net redirection/transfer call (Set both **Incoming Supervised REFER** and **Outgoing Supervised REFER** to **Auto**. This is optional setting). Avaya IP Office uses the Allow header of the OPTIONS response to determine if the endpoint supports REFER. In this case, TELUS responded without Allow: REFER. Therefore, Avaya IP Office did not send REFER if Auto is configured. Avaya IP Office does not support blind call transfer using REFER with H323 phone over public SIP trunk. In this case, the consultative call transfer is used instead
- Check **Outgoing Blind REFER** option
- Default values may be used for all other parameters
- Click **OK** to commit then press **Ctrl + S** to save

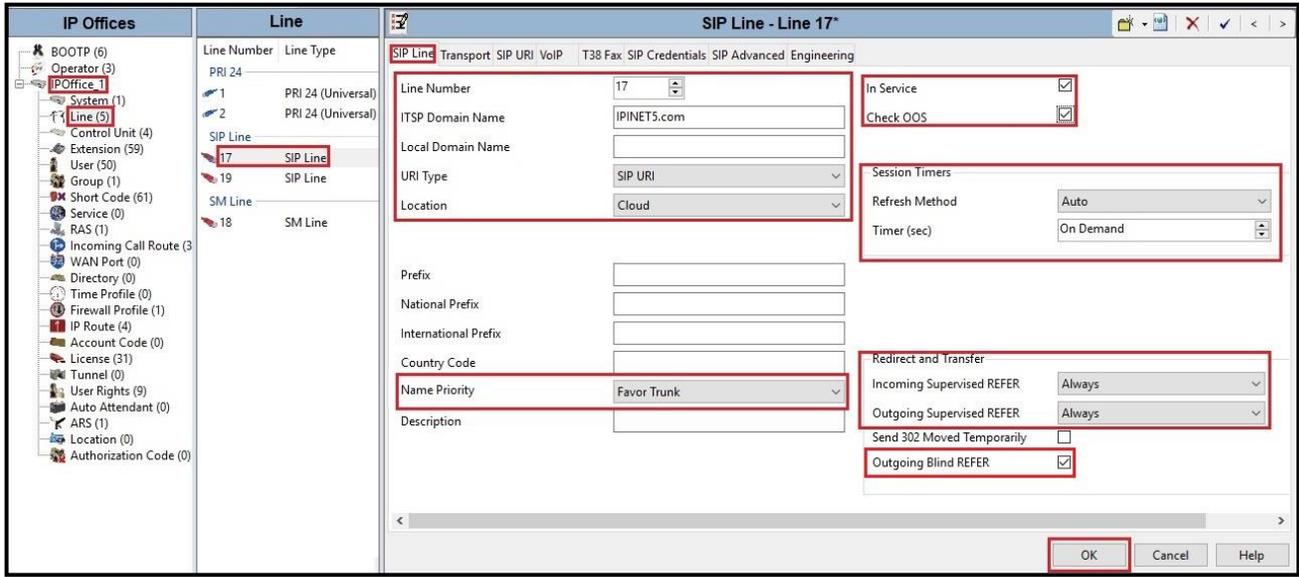


Figure 14 – SIP Line Configuration

On the **Transport** tab in the Details Pane, configure the parameters as shown below:

- The **ITSP Proxy Address** was set to the IP address of TELUS signaling server: **192.168.158.100** as shown in **Figure 1**
- In the **Network Configuration** area, **UDP** was selected as the **Layer 4 Protocol** and the **Send Port** was set to **5060**
- The **Use Network Topology Info** parameter was set to **None**. The **Listen Port** was set to **5060**. Note: For the compliance testing, the **Use Network Topology Info** field was set to **None**, since no NAT was using in the test configuration. In addition, it was not necessary to configure the **System → LAN2 → Network Topology** tab for the purposes of SIP trunking. If a NAT is used between Avaya IP Office and the other end of the trunk, then the **Use Network Topology Info** field should be set to the LAN interface (**LAN2**) used by the trunk and the **System → LAN2 → Network Topology** tab needs to be configured with the details of the NAT device
- The **Calls Route via Registrar** was unchecked. In this certification testing, TELUS did not support the dynamic Registration on the SIP Trunk
- Other parameters retain default values
- Click **OK** to commit then press Ctrl + S to save

The screenshot shows the 'SIP Line - Line 17*' configuration window. The 'Transport' tab is selected. The 'ITSP Proxy Address' field contains '192.168.158.100'. The 'Network Configuration' section has 'Layer 4 Protocol' set to 'UDP', 'Send Port' set to '5060', 'Use Network Topology Info' set to 'None', and 'Listen Port' set to '5060'. The 'Calls Route via Registrar' checkbox is unchecked. The 'Separate Registrar' field is empty. The 'OK' button is highlighted with a red box.

Figure 15 – SIP Line Transport Configuration

On the **SIP Credentials** tab in the Details Pane, click **Add** button to configure the parameters as shown below:

- **User name:** p587XXX0308 (TELUS provided this information)
- **Authentication Name:** p587XXX0308 (TELUS provided this information)
- **Contact:** p587XXX0308 (TELUS provided this information)
- **Password:** ***** (TELUS provided this information)
- **Confirm Password:** ***** (TELUS provided this information)
- **Expiration (mins):** 1
- Check **Registration required** option
- Other parameters retain default values
- Click **OK** to commit then press Ctrl + S to save

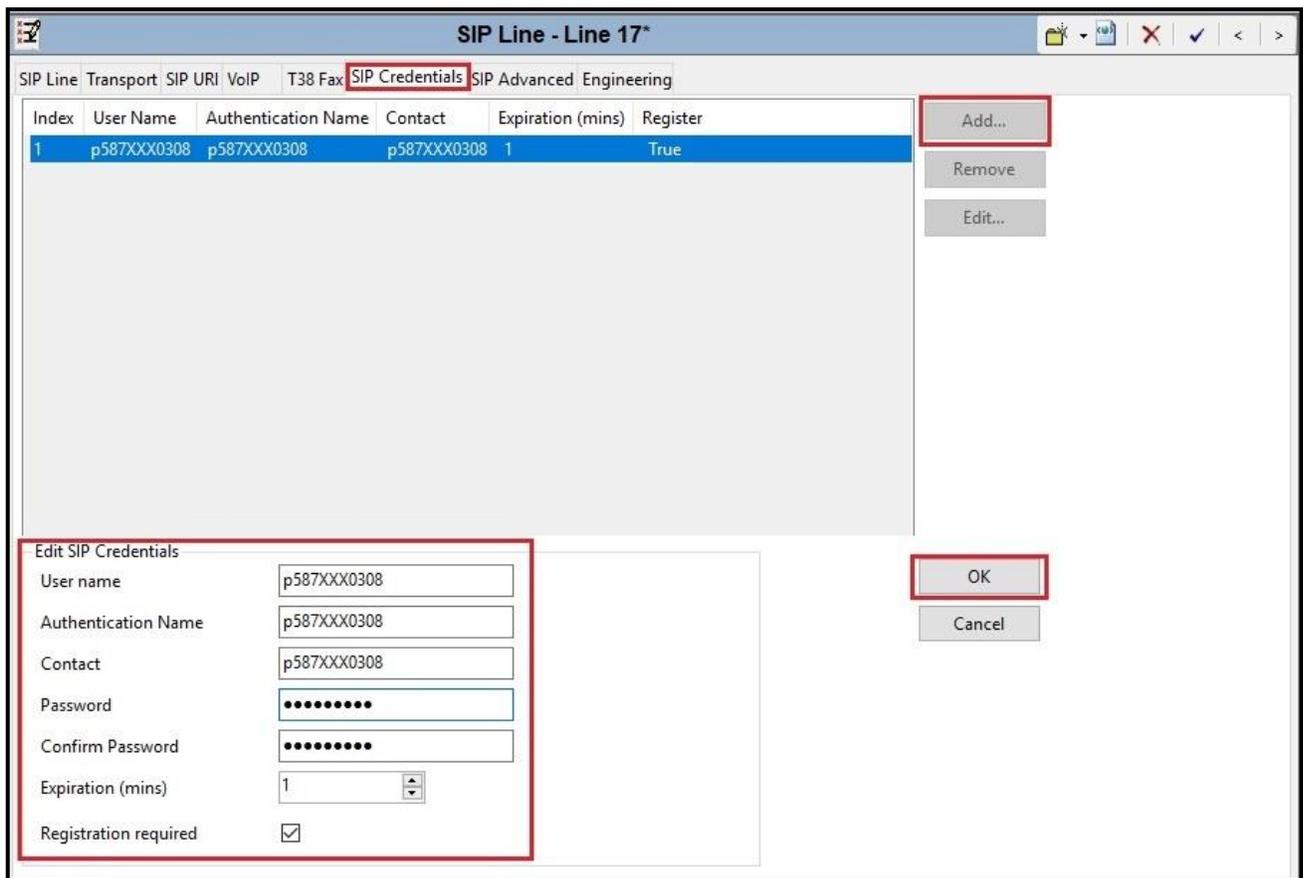


Figure 16 – SIP Line SIP Credentials Configuration

The SIP URI entry must be created to match any DID number assigned to an Avaya IP Office user and Avaya IP Office will route the calls on this SIP line. Select the **SIP URI** tab; click the **Add** button and the **New Channel** area will appear at the bottom of the pane (not shown). To edit an existing entry, click an entry in the list at the top, and click **Edit...** button. In the example screen below, a previously configured entry is edited.

A SIP URI entry was created that matched any DID number assigned to an Avaya IP Office user. The entry was created with the parameters shown below:

- Associate this SIP line with an incoming line group in the **Incoming Group** field and an outgoing line group in the **Outgoing Group** field. This line group number will be used in defining incoming and outgoing call routes for this line. For the compliance test, a new line group **17** was defined that only contains this line (line 17)
- Set **Max Sessions** to the number of simultaneous SIP calls that are allowed using this SIP URI pattern
- Select **Credentials** to **1: p587XXX0308**
- Check **P Asserted ID** and **Diversion Header** options
- Set the **Display** and **Content** of **Local URI**, **Contact**, **P Asserted ID** and **Diversion Header** to **Use Internal Data**
- In **Field meaning**: Set **Forwarding/Twinning** of **Local URI**, **P Asserted ID** and **Diversion Header** to **Original Caller**
- Click **OK** to submit the changes

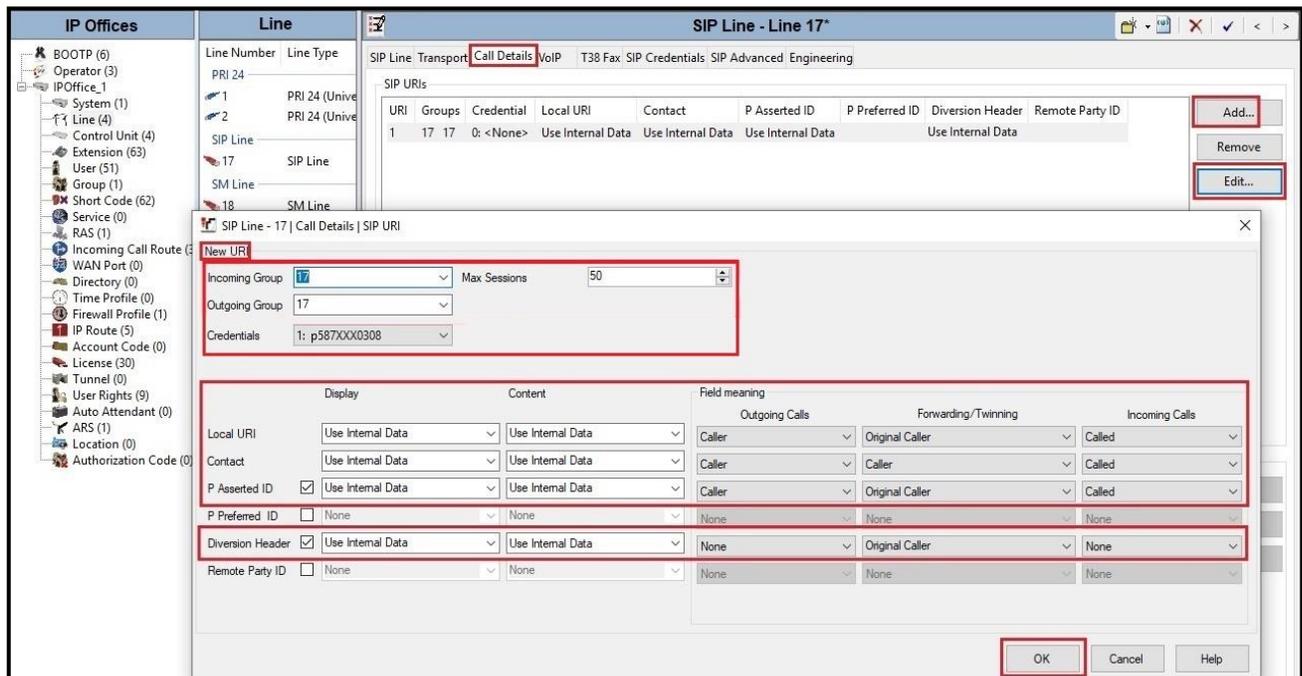


Figure 17 – SIP Line SIP URI Configuration

Select the **VoIP** tab to set the Voice over Internet Protocol parameters of the SIP line. Set the parameters as shown below:

- The **Codec Selection** can be selected by choosing **Custom** from the pull-down menu, allowing an explicit ordered list of codecs to be specified. The **G.711 ULAW 64K** and **G.729(a) 8K CS –ACELP** codecs are selected. Avaya IP Office supports these codecs, which are sent to TELUS, in the Session Description Protocol (SDP) offer, in that order.
- Check the **Re-invite Supported** box
- Set **Fax Transport Support** to **G.711** from the pull-down menu. Note: TELUS supported Fax G.711 pass-through and T38 modes during the compliance testing. For T.38 faxing call, IPO sent “m: audio 0” line in the SDP attribute of T38 re-INVITE, TELUS rejected the call with “488 Not Acceptable Here” because TELUS did not support multiple m-lines for the T38 re-INVITE. G711 pass-through can be used for faxing (See observation in **Section 2.2**)
- Set the **DTMF Support** to **RFC2833** from the pull-down menu. This directs Avaya IP Office to send DTMF tones using RTP events messages as defined in RFC2833
- Default values may be used for all other parameters
- Click **OK** to submit the changes

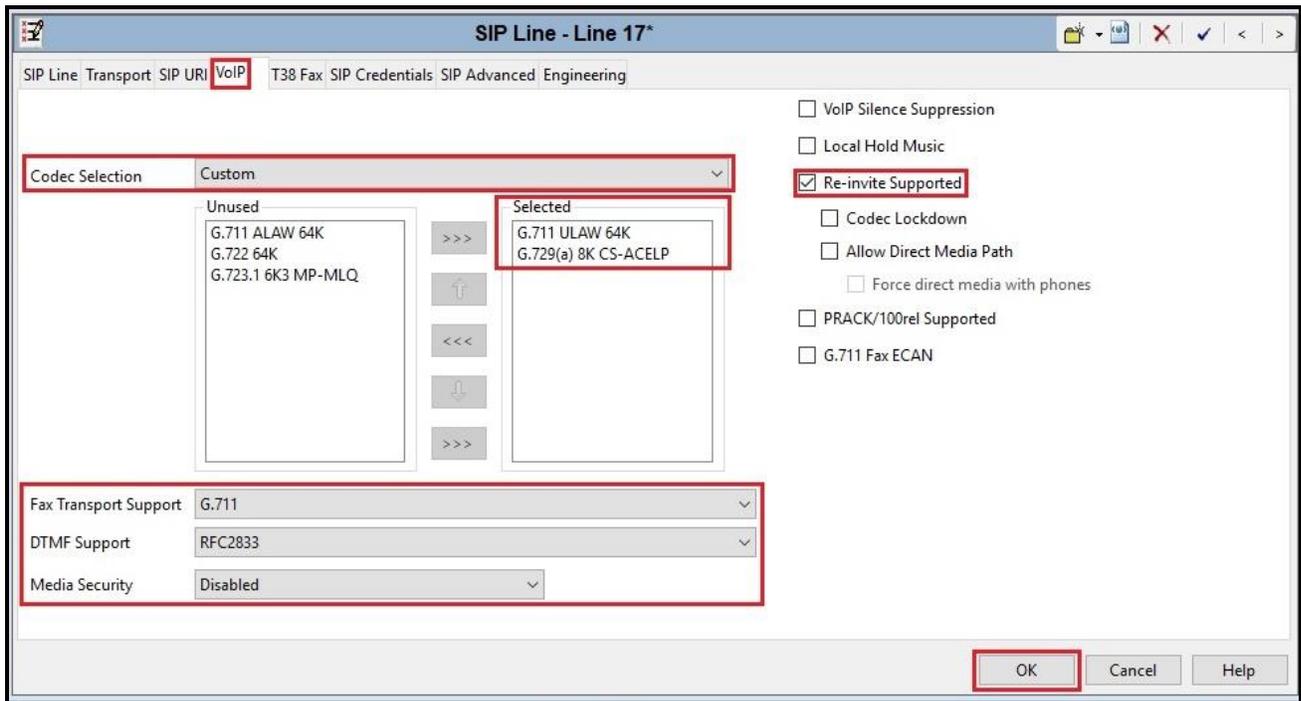


Figure 18 – SIP Line VoIP Configuration

Select the **SIP Advanced** tab to set the SIP parameters. Set the parameters as shown below:

- Check **Emulate NOTIFY for REFER** option (See observation in **Section 2.2**)
- Default values may be used for all other parameters
- Click **OK** to submit the changes

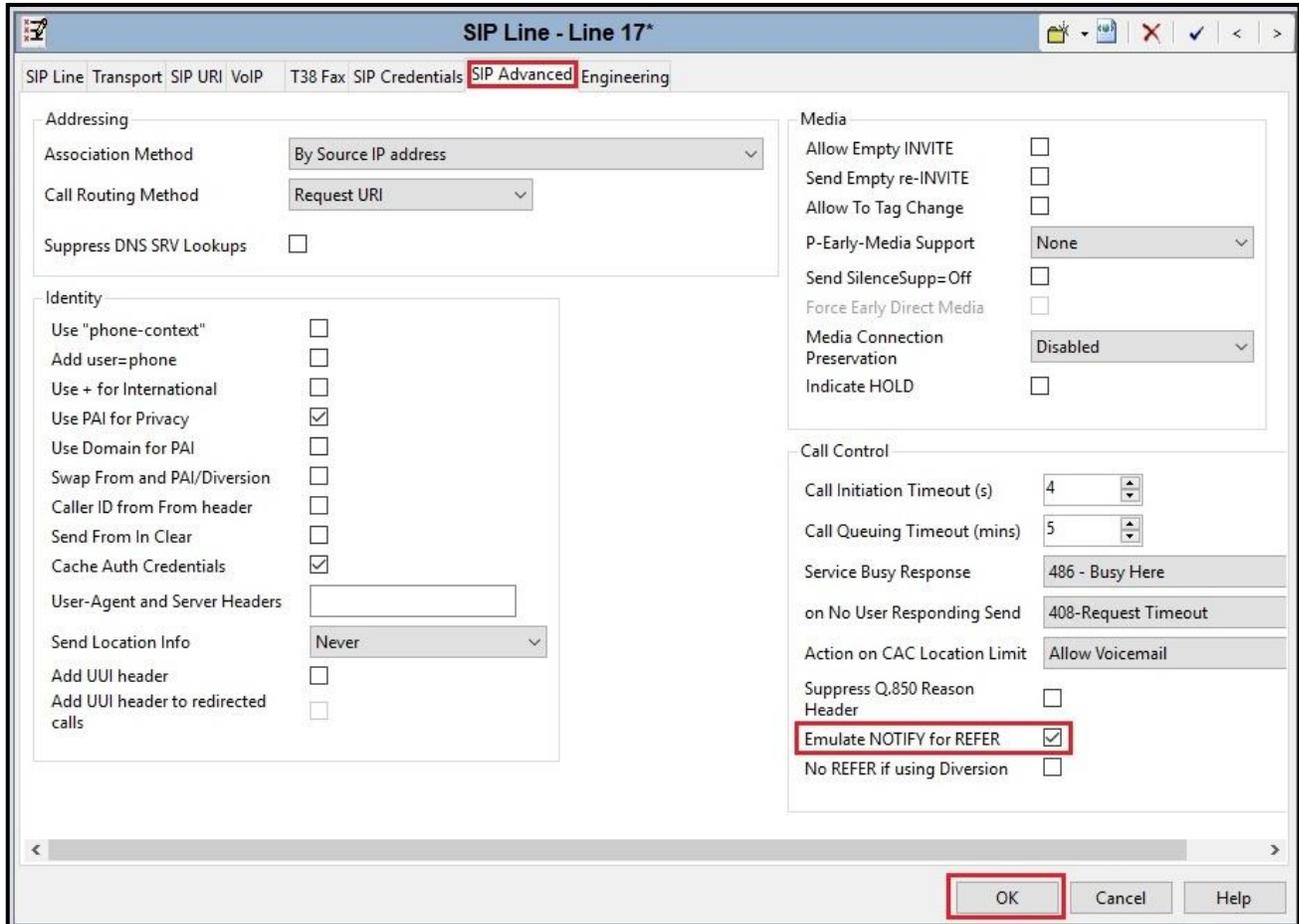


Figure 19 – SIP Line SIP Advanced Configuration

5.7. Outgoing Call Routing

The following section describes the Short Code for outgoing calls to TELUS.

5.7.1. Short Code

Define a short code to route outbound traffic on the SIP line to TELUS. To create a short code, select **Short Code** in the left Navigation Pane, then right-click in the Group Pane and select **New** (not shown). On the **Short Code** tab in the Details Pane, configure the parameters for the new short code to be created. The screen below shows the details of the previously administered “**9N;**” short code used in the test configuration.

- In the **Code** field, enter the dial string which will trigger this short code, followed by a semi-colon. In this case, **9N;**, this short code will be invoked when the user dials 9 followed by any number.
- Set **Feature** to **Dial**. This is the action that the short code will perform.
- Set **Telephone Number** to **N**. The value **N** represents the number dialed by the user.
- Set the **Line Group ID** to the **Outgoing Group 17** defined on the **SIP URI** tab on the **SIP Line** in **Section 5.6.2**. This short code will use this line group when placing the outbound call.
- Set the **Locale** to **United States (US English)**.
- Default values may be used for all other parameters.
- Click **OK** to submit the changes.

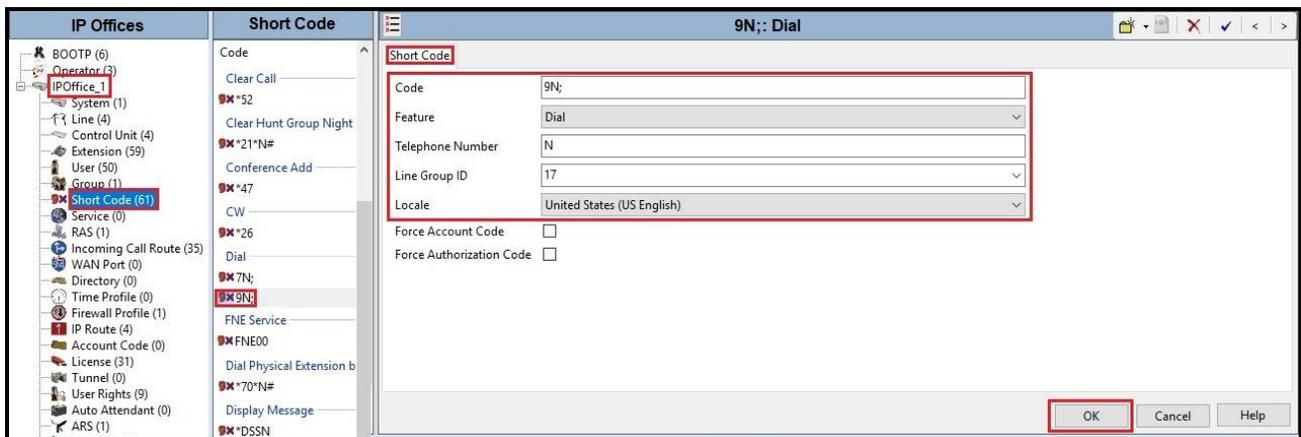


Figure 20 – Short Code 9N

The feature of incoming calls from mobility extension to idle-appearance FNE (Feature Name Extension) is hosted by Avaya IP Office. The Short Code **FNE00** was configured with following parameters:

- For **Code** field, enter FNE feature code as **FNE00** for dial tone
- Set **Feature** to **FNE Service**
- Set **Telephone Number** to **00**
- Set **Line Group ID** to **0**
- Set the **Locale** to **United States (US English)**
- Default values may be used for other parameters
- Click **OK** to submit the changes

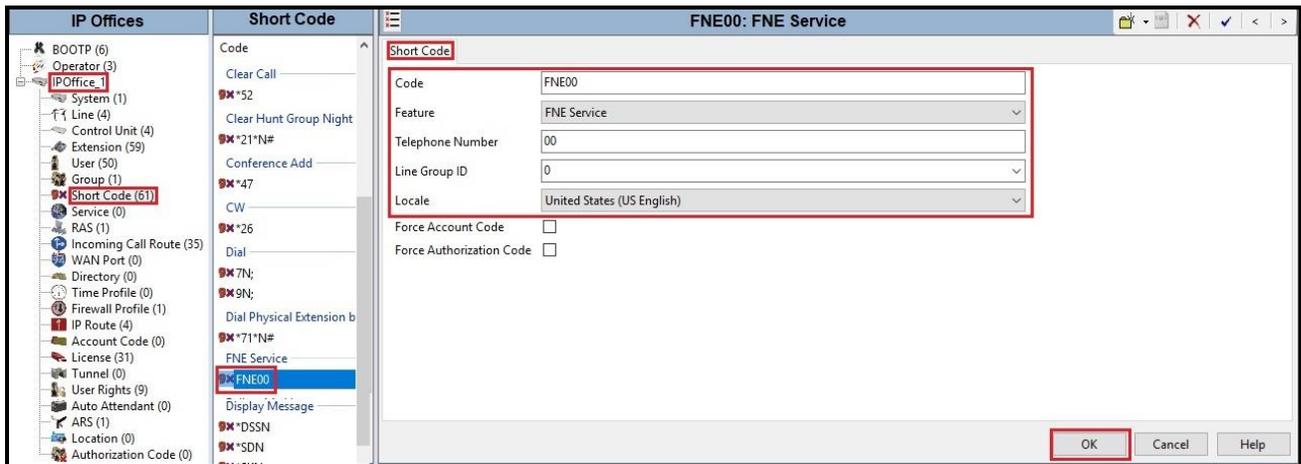


Figure 21 – Short Code FNE

5.8. User

Configure the SIP parameters for each user that will be placing and receiving calls via the SIP Line defined in **Section 5.6**. To configure these settings, first select **User** in the left Navigation Pane, then select the name of the user to be modified in the center Group Pane. In the example below, the name of the user is **0308**. Select the **SIP** tab in the Details pane.

The values entered for the **SIP Name** and **Contact** fields are used as the user part of the SIP URI in the From and Contact headers accordingly for outgoing SIP trunk calls. They also allow matching of the SIP URI for incoming calls without having to enter this number as an explicit SIP URI for the SIP line. The example below shows the settings for user **0308**. The **SIP Name** and **Contact** are set to one of the DID numbers assigned to the enterprise provided by TELUS. The **SIP Display Name (Alias)** parameter can optionally be configured with a descriptive name. If all calls involving this user and a SIP Line should be considered private, then the **Anonymous** box may be checked to withhold the user's information from the network.

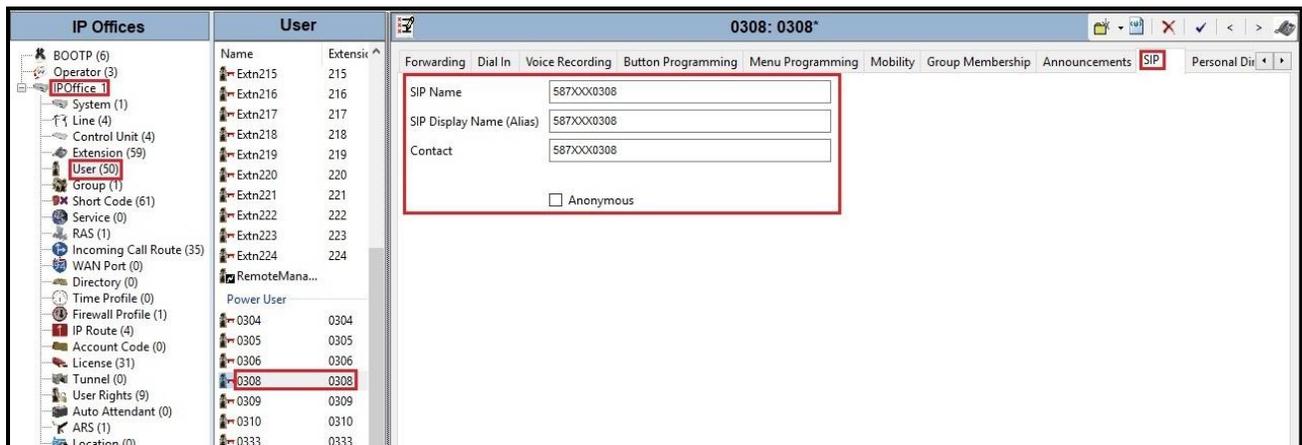


Figure 22 – User Configuration

One of the H.323 IP Deskphones at the enterprise site uses the Mobile Twinning feature. The following screen shows the **Mobility** tab for User 0308. The **Mobility Features** and **Mobile Twinning** boxes are checked. The **Twinned Mobile Number** field is configured with the number to dial to reach the twinned mobile telephone, in this case **91613XXX5095**. Check **Mobile Call Control** to allow incoming calls from mobility extension to access FNE00 (defined in **Section 5.7.1**). Other options can be set according to customer requirements.

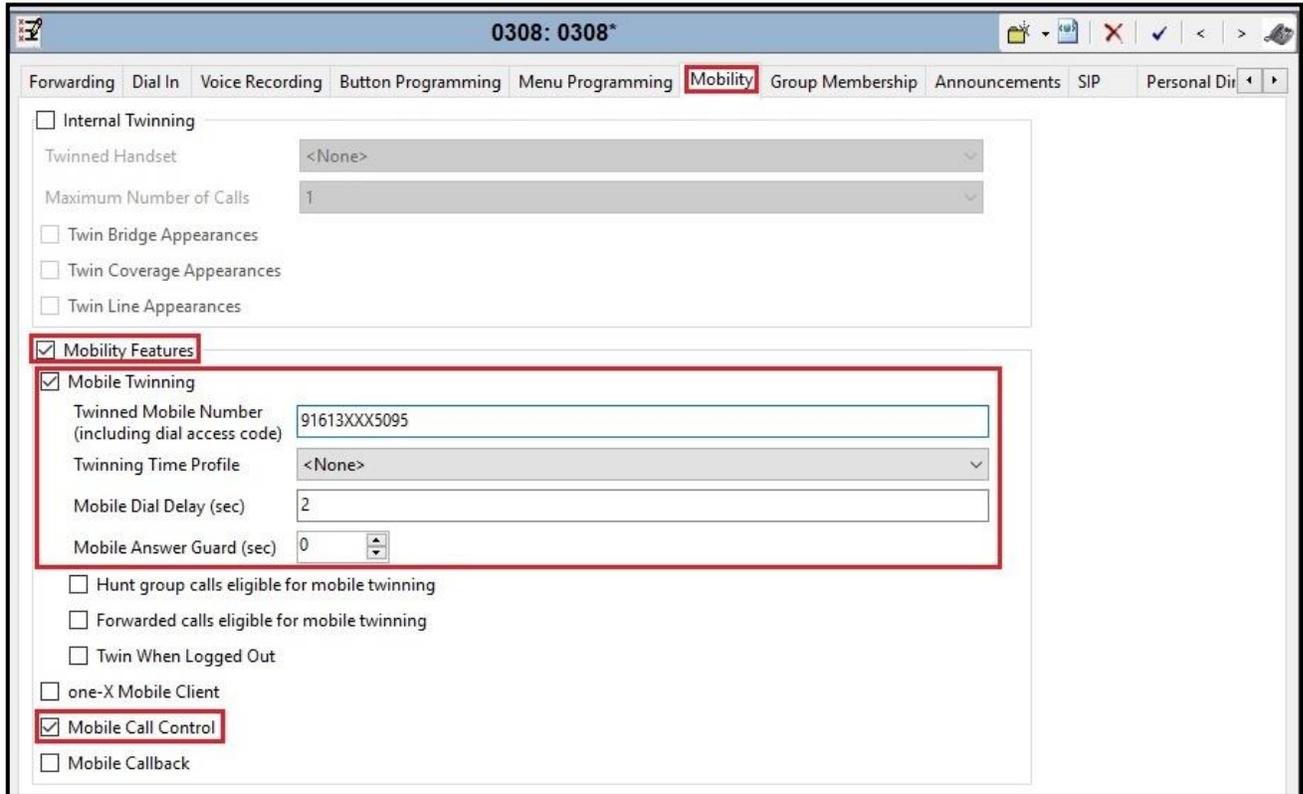


Figure 23 – Mobility Configuration for User

5.9. Incoming Call Route

An Incoming Call Route maps an inbound DID number on a specific line to an internal extension. This procedure should be repeated for each DID number provided by the service provider. To create an incoming call route, select **Incoming Call Route** in the left Navigation Pane, then right-click in the center Group Pane and select **New** (not shown). On the **Standard** tab of the Details Pane, enter the parameters as shown below:

- Set the **Bearer Capability** to **Any Voice**.
- Set the **Line Group ID** to the **Incoming Group 17** defined on the **SIP URI** tab on the **SIP Line** in Section 5.6.2.
- Set the **Incoming Number** to the incoming DID number on which this route should match.
- Default values can be used for all other fields.

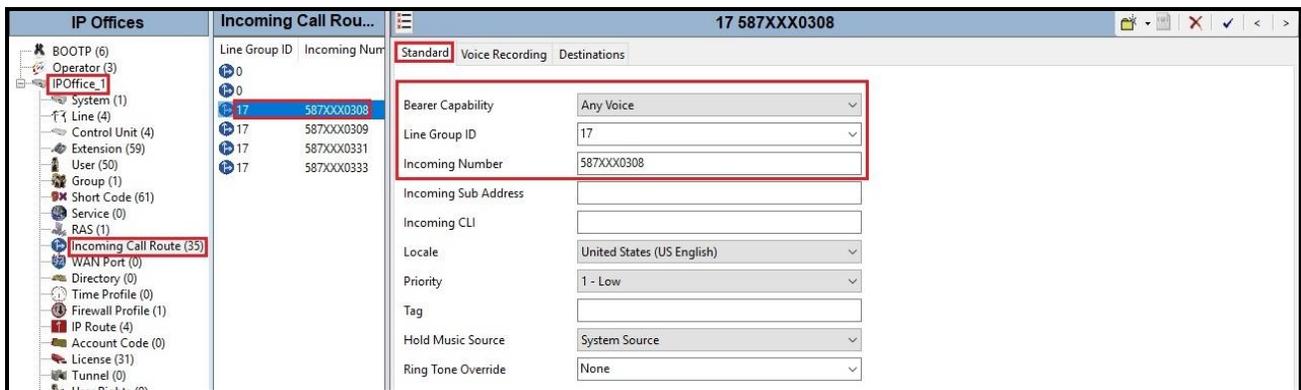


Figure 24 – Incoming Call Route Configuration

On the **Destination** tab, select the destination extension from the pull-down menu of the **Destination** field. In this example, incoming calls to **587XXX0308** on line 17 are routed to **Destination 0308 0308** as below screenshot:

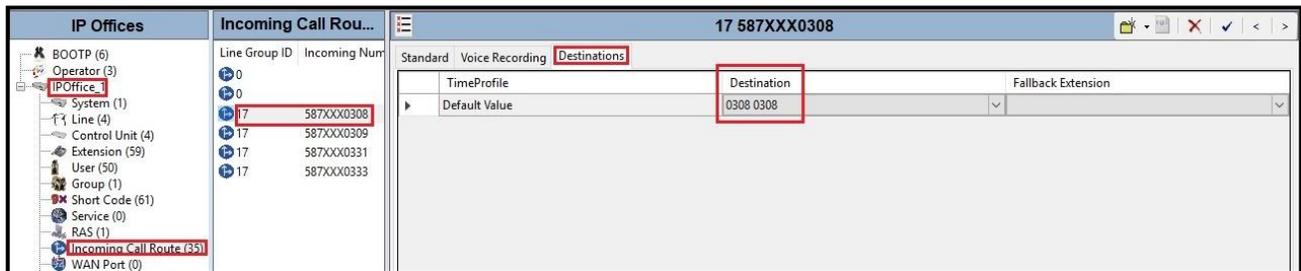


Figure 25 – Incoming Call Route for Destination 0308

For Feature Name Extension Service testing purpose, the incoming calls to DID number **587XXX0309** were configured to access **FNE00**. The **Destination** was appropriately defined as **FNE00** as below screenshot:

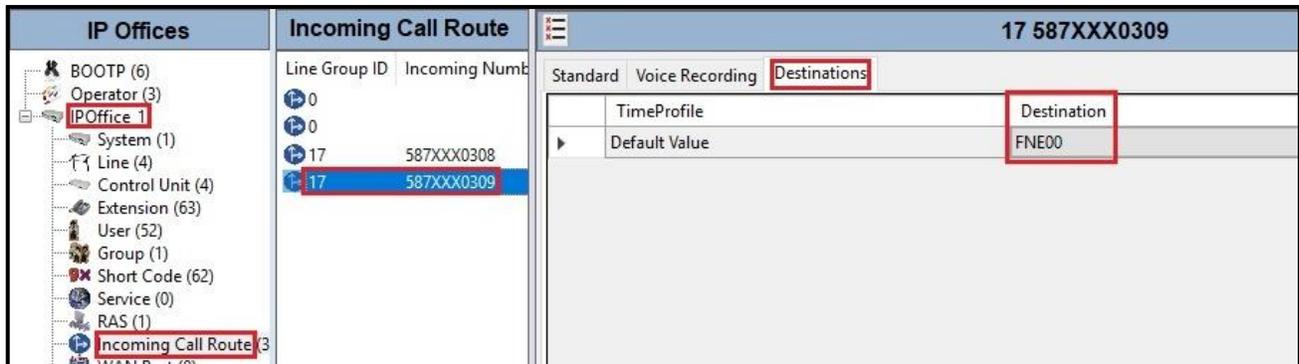


Figure 26 – Incoming Call Route for Destination FNE

For Voice Mail testing purpose, the incoming calls to DID number **587XXX0309** were configured to access **VoiceMail**. The **Destination** was appropriately defined as **VoiceMail** as below screenshot:

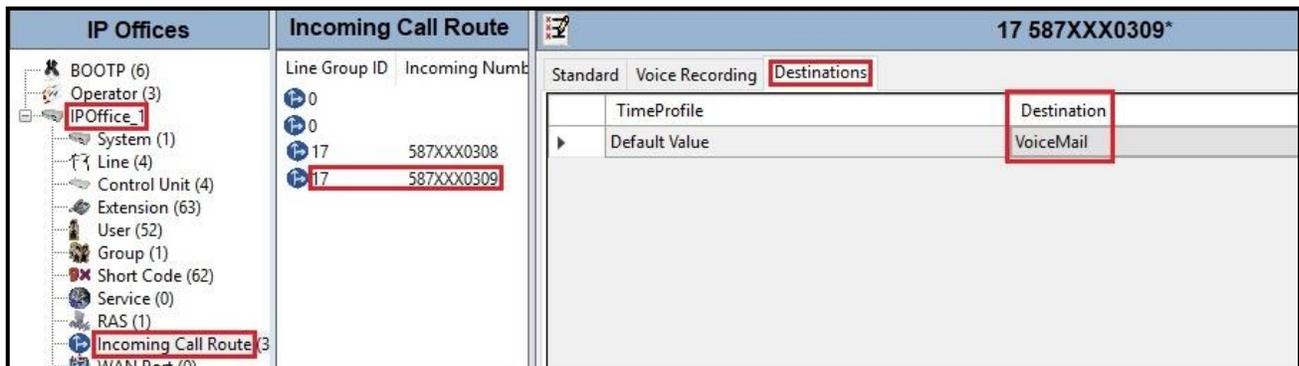


Figure 27 – Incoming Call Route for Destination VoiceMail

5.10. Save Configuration

Navigate to File → Save Configuration in the menu bar at the top of the screen to save the configuration performed in the preceding section.

6. TELUS SIP Trunk Configuration

TELUS is responsible for the configuration of TELUS IP Trunking Service Release 2. The customer must provide the IP address used to reach the Avaya IP Office LAN2 port at the enterprise. TELUS will provide the customer necessary information to configure the SIP connection between Avaya IP Office and TELUS. The provided information from TELUS includes:

- IP address and port number used for signaling or media servers through any security devices
- DID numbers
- TELUS SIP Trunk Specification (If applicable)

7. Verification Steps

The following steps may be used to verify the configuration:

- Use the Avaya IP Office System Status application to verify the state of the SIP connection. Launch the application from **Start** → **Programs** → **IP Office** → **System Status** on the PC where Avaya IP Office Manager was installed. Select the SIP Line of interest from the left pane. On the **Status** tab in the right pane, verify the **Current State** for each channel (The following screen-shot shows 2 active calls at the present time).

The screenshot displays the Avaya IP Office System Status application. The main window title is "IP Office System Status". The left sidebar shows a navigation tree with categories like System, Alarms (6), Extensions (26), Trunks (5), Active Calls, Resources, Voicemail, IP Networking, and Locations. The "Trunks" category is expanded, showing lines 1 through 19, with line 17 selected. The main content area is titled "SIP Trunk Summary" and shows the following details:

- Line Service State: In Service
- Peer Domain Name: IPINET5.com
- Resolved Address: 192.168.158.100
- Line Number: 17
- Number of Administered Channels: 50
- Number of Channels in Use: 2
- Administered Compression: G711 Mu, G729 A
- Enable Faststart: Off
- Silence Suppression: Off
- Media Stream: RTP
- Layer 4 Protocol: UDP
- SIP Trunk Channel Licenses: 128
- SIP Trunk Channel Licenses in Use: 2 (indicated by a green progress circle at 2%)
- SIP Device Features: REFER (Incoming and Outgoing), UPDATE (Incoming and Outgoing)

Below the summary is a table with the following columns: Channel Number, URI G..., Call Ref, Current State, Time in State, Remote Media Address, Codec, Connection Type, Caller ID or Dialed Digits, Other Party on Call, Direction of Call, Round Trip Delay, Receive Jitter, Receive Packet Los..., Transmit Jitter, and Transmit Packet Los... The table contains three rows of data:

Channel Number	URI G...	Call Ref	Current State	Time in State	Remote Media Address	Codec	Connection Type	Caller ID or Dialed Digits	Other Party on Call	Direction of Call	Round Trip Delay	Receive Jitter	Receive Packet Los...	Transmit Jitter	Transmit Packet Los...
1	1	15	Connected	00:00:44	192.168.158....	G711...	VCM	613771749...	Extn 201, 0308	Incoming	83ms	4.9ms	1.17%		
2	0	16	Connected	00:00:05	192.168.158....	G711...	RTP Relay		Extn 0309, 0309	Outgoing					
3			Idle	23:04:41											

Figure 28 – SIP Trunk status

- Use the Avaya IP Office System Status application to verify that no alarms are active on the SIP line. Launch the application from **Start → Programs → IP Office → System Status** on the PC where Avaya IP Office Manager was installed. Select **Alarm → Trunks** to verify that no alarms are active on the SIP line.

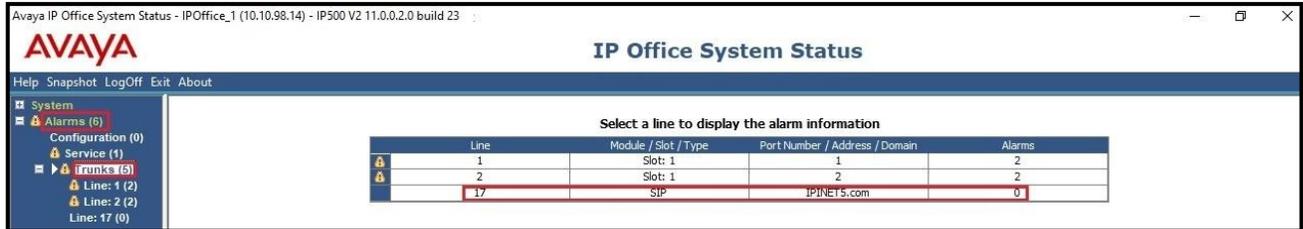


Figure 29 – SIP Trunk alarm

- Verify that a phone connected to the PSTN can successfully place a call to Avaya IP Office with two-way audio.
- Verify that a phone connected to Avaya IP Office can successfully place a call to the PSTN with two-way audio.
- Use a network sniffing tool (e.g., Wireshark) to monitor the SIP signaling between the enterprise and TELUS. The sniffer traces are captured at the LAN2 port interface of the Avaya IP Office.

8. Conclusion

TELUS passed compliance testing excepting the limitation in **Section 2.2**. These Application Notes describe the procedures required to configure the SIP connections between Avaya IP Office and the TELUS system as shown in **Figure 1**.

9. Additional References

- [1] Administering Avaya IP Office Platform with Manager, Release 11.0, Issue 17a, August 2018.
- [2] Deploying IP Office Essential Edition IP Office™ Platform 11.0, 15-601042 Issue 33j - (Thursday, September 13, 2018).
- [3] Avaya IP Office™ Platform Release 11.0 – Release Notes / Technical Bulletin General Availability

Product documentation for Avaya products may be found at: <http://support.avaya.com>

Product documentation for TELUS SIP Trunking may be found at <http://www.TELUS.com/business/voice-networks/ip-trunking/>

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