



Avaya IP Office™ Platform Feature Description

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Part 1: Introduction

Chapter 1: Introduction

Purpose

This document contains IP Office high-level feature descriptions and provides details about feature characteristics, capabilities, capacities and interactions.

Change history

Issue	Release date	Summary of changes
Release 11.1 FP1	January 2021	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added new phone J189• Added Vantage 3.0 Phones The new models of K155 and K175 Vantage phones are now fully supported.• For Server Edition (Non Select) or (Select) mode the conversion to Subscription mode can be achieved by rerunning Initial Configuration menu.• Workplace Conferencing Controls For meet-me conferences and ad hoc conference have access to various conference controls.• Apple Push Notifications APNS uses Apple's CallKit API which is not useable in all locales, for example China, these users receive a notification displaying a menu to accept or decline the call.• Group No Answer Timeout• Paging Capacity
Release 11.1 SP1	June 2020	Updated CTI control

Table continues...

Issue	Release date	Summary of changes
Release 11.1	April 2020	<p>These changes take effect with Avaya Workplace Client Release 3.8.</p> <p>Rebranding:.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avaya Equinox® for IP Office to Avaya Workplace Client • Avaya Spaces to Avaya Spaces • Equinox® Meetings Online to Workplace Meetings <p>IP Office support for Avaya J159 IP Phone, an advanced SIP desk phone.</p> <p>Subscription mode.</p> <p>Avaya cloud authorization</p>
Release 11.0 FP4	February 2019	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated the What's new topic with the Release 11.0 FP4 features. • Updated Media Manager section to add new features supported in IP Office Release 11.0 FP4. • Added content on Fallback Twinning feature. • Updated the SIP features topic to add information on optional header P-Called-Party Id. • Updated the SIP features topic to add information on security enhancements for registration of SIP devices. • Added content on SIP and H.323 Registrars being disabled by default. • Updated Avaya Workplace Client topic to add content on Shared Control and Avaya Vantage™ support. • Updated Avaya one-X® Portal topic to add serviceability enhancements. • Added content on Conference Join feature.

Table continues...

Issue	Release date	Summary of changes
Release 11.0	May 2018	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated the What's new topic with the Release 11.0 features. • Removed references to IP Office Integrated Contact Reporter. • Removed references to IP Office Video SoftPhone as it is not supported in Release 11.0. • Added content about the following applications: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cloud Operations Manager - Avaya Workplace Client for IP Office - Avaya IP Office Web Client • Updated the Web Manager section to add content about Configuration Dashboard. • Updated Media Manager section to add new features supported in IP Office Release 11.0. • Updated the IP Office branch telephony section to add J169 and J179 phones. • Update the SIP Features section to add SIP Line Appearances.
Release 10.1	June 2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated relevant sections with R10.1 features. • Updated the What's new topic with the R10.1 features included in this book. • Removed the What's new chapter created for R10.
Release 10.0	July 2016	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moved Resources content into a separate chapter at the end of this document. • Updated Avaya Contact Center Select overview content. • Updated "New in this release" content and minor updates to feature information.

Chapter 2: Avaya IP Office™ Platform overview

The Avaya IP Office™ Platform is a cost-effective telephony system that supports a mobile, distributed workforce with voice and video on virtually any device. IP Office is an integrated, modular communications solution that scales up to 3000 extensions and 150 sites in a multisite network with resiliency. Match a deployment model to infrastructure needs from simple appliances to virtualized software in a data center with options in between. Improve customer experience and contact center agent efficiency with powerful, affordable multichannel functionality for voice, email and web chat. The solution combines collaboration software plus multichannel contact centers, networking, security and video.

IP Office provides a hybrid PBX with both Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) and IP telephony with trunk support, used in either mode or both concurrently. IP Office has data capabilities built-in, providing IP routing, switching and firewall protection, between LAN and WAN (LAN2).

In addition to basic telephony services and voicemail, IP Office offers both hard phone and soft phone options. Soft phone applications are designed to provide flexibility for remote workers and to allow workers to access telephony services, such as making and receiving calls, voicemail, and call forwarding from their computer or mobile device.

Related links

[IP Office editions](#) on page 12

IP Office editions

IP Office also offers advanced features such as audio and video conferencing and voice over IP to meet the evolving needs of small, medium, and large enterprises.

IP Office is available in many deployment models based on the size of the enterprise and the features required using one or all the following elements:

- IP Office 500 V2 (IP500 V2) control unit.
- Dedicated server PC running a Linux-based suite of IP Office software.
- Virtual servers running the Linux-based suite of IP Office software.

Edition	Platform	Business size (users)	Addresses business needs
Basic Edition	IP500 V2	Less than 25	Simple telephony and messaging capabilities only. SIP trunks but no IP telephones or applications.
Essential Edition	IP500 V2	20 – 99	Simple telephony and messaging capabilities plus IP telephony.
Preferred Edition	Multiple servers can be networked to support different locations.	21– 250	Essential Edition capabilities plus unified communications and advanced voicemail (Voicemail Pro).
Server Edition		100 – 2000	Software based Preferred Edition.
IP Office Select	Uses a Linux-based primary server to which additional servers can be added including virtualized servers and IP500 V2.	100 – 3000	Server Edition with increased scale and resiliency.
IP Office Subscription	IP500 V2	21– 250	Preferred Edition using per-user per-month subscriptions rather than permanent licenses.
	Linux Server, IP500 V2 and Linux Expansion	100 – 3000	IP Office Select using per-user per-month subscriptions rather than permanent licenses.

Related links

[Avaya IP Office™ Platform overview](#) on page 12

Chapter 3: What new

The following sections describe the major changes and new features supported in the latest release of IP Office.

Related links

[What was new in IP Office R11.1](#) on page 14

[What was new in IP Office R11.1 Service Pack 1](#) on page 15

[What's new in IP Office R11.1 Feature Pack 1](#) on page 16

What was new in IP Office R11.1

The following new features are supported in IP Office R11.1:

IP Office Media Manager enhancements

The following features have been added to IP Office Media Manager:

- NAS Archiving
- Alarms and Notifications
- Audit Retain Period (Days)

Avaya Workplace Client shared control

Avaya Workplace Client can now be used in shared control mode with desk phones. The shared control feature is available even when the Avaya Workplace Client client and desk phones are registered on different systems within the same network.

Avaya J159

IP Office support for Avaya J159 IP Phone is an advanced SIP desk phone.

Subscription Based Licensing

Systems can now be installed in IP Office Subscription mode. This mode uses subscription based licensing, that is, licenses paid for on a per-user per-month basis.

Apple push notifications

Apple Push Notification service (APNs) is a platform notification service created by Apple Inc. This service allows iOS users of Avaya Workplace Client to receive notification of new calls, voicemail messages, and other events. They receive these notifications regardless when the Avaya Workplace Client is idle in the background or is in quit state. However, if Avaya Workplace Client is

on suspension, then Avaya Workplace Client automatically starts when a new call or instant message notification arrives.

Unlike the rest of the world, due to the restriction of CallKit in Chinese applications, Avaya Workplace Client does not display incoming call screen using CallKit. However, an incoming call notification is displayed.

Avaya cloud authorization

Using Avaya cloud authorization, you can configure the Avaya Workplace Client connection using your Google, Office 365, Salesforce account, Avaya native spaces email account, or Enterprise Account (SSO).

You can configure the Avaya Workplace Client settings automatically using your email address or the automatic configuration web address.

Consent Directive

This field is used to control the addition of a consent value to the system's SMDR output and CTI call logging outputs.

Subscription Based Licensing

Systems can now be installed in IP Office Subscription mode. This mode uses subscription based licensing, that is, licenses paid for on a per-user per-month basis.

End of Windows 7 Support

Microsoft has ended support for this operating system (other than security updates for those with extended support agreements). Therefore, support of IP Office applications on this operating system has ended.

Related links

[What new](#) on page 14

What was new in IP Office R11.1 Service Pack 1

The following new features are supported in IP Office R11.1 SP1. These are in addition to those new features in the original release.

911-View/Emergency View Button

IP Office R11.1 SP1 adds support for an emergency call view button. This function allows you to view details of emergency calls in progress or previously made from the system.

Vantage Connect Expansion Module Application

IP Office R11.1 SP1 adds support for the Vantage Connect Expansion Module Application (with Vantage firmware 2.2 SP3). The application displays a list of programmable button features configured for the user.

The application can be run on the same Vantage phone as the user's Vantage Connect application, or on another Vantage phone. For full details and a list of supported programmable button features, refer to the *SIP Telephone Installation Notes* manual.

Call Pickup Group Member – Status Indication

IP Office R11.1 SP1 adds support for status indication on **Call Pickup Group Member** programmable buttons. The button LED flashes when a call to any member of the group, including non-group calls, is waiting to be picked up.

On suitable phones, pressing the button displays a list of any currently ringing group members and can be used to select which to pickup.

Avaya Cloud Services URL Change

The URL for Avaya Cloud Services have changed from `accounts.zang.io` to `accounts.avayacloud.com`. The URL field is now editable, however the previous URL remains supported for existing systems. New systems will default to the new URL.

Subscription Remote Worker Option

On subscription based systems, the **Remote Worker** option is now supported for all user subscriptions.

Retain Configuration on by Default

On existing systems, when rerunning the initial configuration utility, the **Retain Configuration** option is now enabled by default.

Support for AWS and Hyper-V Virtual Server Images

IP Office R11.1 SP1 is available for installation from AWS and Hyper-V virtual server images in addition to the existing VMware image support.

Support for Powered By IP Office

IP Office R11.1 SP1 is supported through the Powered By IP Office program.

Avaya Workplace Client CTI Control

The Avaya Workplace Client clients now supported as client using CTI control from other IP Office applications. That is: SoftConsole, one-X Portal for IP Office, Avaya Contact Center Select and IPOCC.

Related links

[What new](#) on page 14

What's new in IP Office R11.1 Feature Pack 1

The following new features are supported in IP Office R11.1 FP1. These are in addition to those new features in the original release and subsequent service packs.

The following new features and major changes have been applied in IP Office R11.1 FP1:

Avaya J189

IP Office now supports the Avaya J189 IP Phone.

Vantage 3 Phones

The new models of K155 and K175 Vantage phones are now fully supported. These phones, generically referred to as Vantage 3 phones, include a Vantage dialer application as part of their firmware.

They do not use the same firmware as the previous phones. Nor do they support either Vantage Connect or Workplace as the previous models of Vantage phones do.

IP Office Subscription Mode System Support

The web based Customer Operations Manager (COM) service is now available to support customer premises systems that are using IP Office Subscription mode. The COM service runs in the same cloud that is providing the customer systems with their subscriptions.

Through COM, support staff from the system reseller or provider can perform a range of actions:

- View the system details including the status of systems and system alarms.
- Backup and restore using automatic daily backups and manually run backups
- Upgrade systems.
- Apply customization files for SIP trunk templates and phone settings (special file and phone screen saver/background image files).
- Access system logs that are automatically collected from the systems by COM.
- COM can be used as a proxy for remote access to systems using the standard IP Office administration tools; IP Office Web Manager, System Monitor and System Status.
- If further access is required, COM can also be used to proxy HTTPS, SSH and RDP connections to servers and services on the same network as the customer IP Office system. For example, for support access to ASBCE, IP DECT base stations, etc.

WebLM Enhancement

Previously the WebLM service run on IP Office primary servers has only been officially supported for the licensing of IP Office servers. It is now supported for the licensing of other Avaya servers and services being used by the same IP Office server. for example ACCS. Note that currently ASBCE is not included in this feature.

IP Office Web Manager Security Settings

Previously IP Office Web Manager has only been able to display and administer a sub-set of IP Office system security settings. The application can now display and administer the full set of IP Office system security settings.

Voicemail Pro Offline Call Flow Editing via Web Manager

For remote IP Office system to which the Voicemail Pro client cannot directly connect, IP Office Web Manager can now download/upload the voicemail call flow. A downloaded call flow can be edited in the Voicemail Pro client in offline mode. IP Office Web Manager can then upload the edited call flow back to the remote server.

UCM EASG Support

The EASG support service available on other Linux-based IP Office servers can now also be enabled on UCM modules.

Group No Answer Timeout

The previous hunt group control Voicemail Answer Time has been replaced by a new fallback control Group No Answer Time. The new setting works with the Group No Answer Destination setting. That destination can be set to voicemail, an extension number or short code.

The feature allows more flexible redirection of unanswered hunt group calls in scenarios where IP Office administrators had previously used virtual user entries.

Visual Voice Menu Timeout

On phones which support the visual voice menu, a 10-minute idle timeout is now used to help ensure the freeing of voicemail access channels.

Paging Capacity

For large Linux-based servers, the maximum supported paging group capacity for IP Office Select and IP Office Subscription systems has been increased from 256 to 512 parties.

Workplace Conferencing Controls

The Workplace clients can now access a range of IP Office conference controls.

- The clients display the list of conference participants and provide controls for adding new participants.
- For meet-me conferences, the conference moderators can apply various conference controls such as lecture mode, mute and drop.
- For ad-hoc conferences, all internal parties are treated as moderators and can access mute, unmute and drop controls for other parties in the conference.

Workplace Call Notifications for non-Call Kit Locales

Avaya Push Notification (introduced from R11.1) uses Apple's CallKit API which is not useable in all locales, for example China. For R11.1 FP1, the clients support an alternate method of call notification that does not require CallKit. For affected locales, the user receives a notification and hears up to 30 seconds of ring tone. Clicking on the notification displays a menu to accept or decline the call.

Virtual Server Support: Hyper-V and Azure

The IP Office R11.1 FP1 software image is now available as Hyper-V and Azure images for the installation of new virtual IP Office servers on those platforms. This is in addition to the existing VMware and AWS images.

Security Enhancements

A wide range of security enhancements have been added as normal for all new releases. Those that will be most obvious to system administrators are:

- The default minimum length for passwords, for service user accounts and for users, has been increased to 9 characters.
- Service user passwords no longer allow use of the service user name in the password.
- IP Office administration applications:
 - now show the user details of the last log in, including failed logins, using their user name.
 - now display a security banner message if configured on the server.

- apply a timeout to idle connections. By default the timeouts used are set to 10 minutes.
- On new and defaulted systems, the links between IP Office, Voicemail Pro and one-X Portal services now default to secure ports and using TLS 1.2 minimum.
- Changes to the voicemail service password are now enforced to 31-characters.
 - For new installs with no password set, a 31-character password is automatically created on the first connection between the IP Office and voicemail services.
 - Existing systems with shorter passwords can continue using those passwords but are forced to 31-characters on any future password change.

Related links

[What new](#) on page 14

Part 2: Features

Chapter 4: Features

Call handling features

IP Office provides a comprehensive set of telephony features to enable fast and efficient responses to phone calls. Features such as Caller ID Display and Call Tagging allow users to see who is calling and who they are calling before they pick the call up. Client information can be displayed on a user's PC.

Wireless handsets and twinning offer employees mobility around the office. For those employees working away from the office, comprehensive and easy to use call forwarding features, Softphone and a remote access service allow them to stay in contact and access centralized resources at all times.

Users can handle incoming calls efficiently using either direct dialling (DDI/DID) or dedicated operators. For out of hours calls, IP Office provides voicemail and optional Auto-Attendant services. TDM-specific and TDM phone-specific features are not supported on Linux.

Basic call handling

Automatic Callback

A user can set an automatic callback two ways:

- When calling an extension that is busy, request a call when the extension becomes free.
- When calling an extension that only rings, request a call when the extension is next used.

Depending on the type of phone a user has, request a call back when free by dialing a short code if an internal busy tone is heard, selecting an option from an interactive menu or pressing a programmed DSS/BLF key. A user can also set a callback when free or a callback when next used using a short code without attempting a call.

This feature is available across both multisite and small community networks.

Register a ringback using Avaya one-X® Portal

Starting with Release 10.1, Avaya one-X® Portal web client provides a “Register a ringback” control on Calls gadget in cases where a user is busy on another call, and the call does not go through to Voicemail. On pressing this control a ringback is registered on IP Office for the called user. When the called user becomes available ringback proceeds as normal. The Directory gadget also similarly provides a control to allow a ringback to be placed against any user with Presence status “Busy-On Call”. It is also possible to cancel a ringback using the same control. The

Directory gadget control is limited to system users only and does not apply to personal contacts or hunt group contacts.

Distinctive ringing

The system uses various ringing sequences to indicate call types. For example, internal and external calls can have different rings, called distinctive ringing.

On analog phones, the distinctive ringing sequences are adjustable. On digital and IP phones, distinctive ringing is fixed as follows:

- Internal call: Repeated single-ring
- External call: Repeated double-ring
- Ringback call: Single ring followed by two short rings

Ringing sequences work with the following call types:

- Calls returning from park
- Calls returning from hold
- Transferring calls
- Call back when free calls
- Voicemail ringback calls

This feature is available across both multisite and small community networks.

Call screening

Users can screen for important calls and decide to answer a call or let it go to voice mail.

Users can screen incoming calls while the phone is in an idle state and listen to incoming calls transferred to voicemail. When an incoming call arrives at a phone and is directed to and answered by the voicemail system, the user automatically hears the caller on his or her phone speaker, but the caller cannot hear the user. Users can decide whether to answer the call or drop from the call and let the voicemail system continue to handle the call. A user cannot screen a call while he or she is on another call.

Forwarding

Users can forward calls to another extension or external number including mobile devices.

Users can forward calls in a number of ways and if the call is not answered at the forward destination it will go to voicemail if enabled for the user and call supervision is available. Once the numbers have been entered, the user can toggle the forwarding to be active or not as required without having to reenter the numbers.

If the user is a member of a hunt group, some types of hunt group calls can also forward unconditionally. Users can select if forwarding is applied to external calls only, or all calls. Call forwarding is processed after do not disturb and follow-me conditions are tested.

Coverage to Operator

Administrators can configure an operator or a group of operators to provide coverage for external calls that would otherwise go to voicemail.

Unanswered calls are routed to an operator or a group of operators. For example, local government offices prefer to provide a personal service rather than voicemail.

Follow Me

Follow Me enables all the features that a user has set on their phone to follow them to another phone. Forwarding only forwards calls only, not phone settings.

When users are away from their desk at another work area, they can forward call settings from their main phone for calls that follow the user including Forward On Busy or No Answer.

User can set Follow Me either from their primary phone (Follow Me To) or from the phone where they want calls to be received (Follow Me From). Several people can have their phones forwarded to a one destination and if the phone has a display it will indicate who the call is for.

Forward Hunt Group

Users can forward a hunt group to forward calls for a group. For example, in a sales or support environments where a number of people may be out of the office using mobile phones, this feature allows them to participate in the hunt group as if they are in the office.

Calls for a hunt group that the user belongs to can also follow forward unconditional. The hunt group must be set for either sequential or rotary ring type and if the call is not answered at the forward destination it will follow the hunt group call handling instead of going to voicemail.

Forward On Busy

If enabled, this forward occurs when a user is busy and another call is routed to them, but the system does not forward calls for a hunt group that they may be a member of.

Users are considered to be busy when they are on a call, but depending on call waiting settings and key and lamp features, this may not be the case.

Forward On No Answer

If a call rings for a user but the user doesn't answer it within the configured answer time, the system forwards the call that has been indicating call waiting if enabled.

Forward Unconditional

The system forwards all calls for the user to a number, but if a call is not answered within the configured answer time, the system sends the call to voicemail if enabled.

Unconditional Forward To Voicemail

Users can divert all calls to voicemail even when a user's voicemail is not activated.

Hold

Users can place calls on hold with optional hold music. A held call is presented back to the extension after a time out, set by the system administrator, so that held calls cannot be forgotten.

Toggle Calls

The system cycles each call that the user has on hold to their extension, presenting them one at a time to the user.

Hold Call Waiting

Combine hold and answer to hold an existing call and answer a waiting call through a one button press.

Park

As an alternative to placing calls on hold, users can park calls to be picked by another user.

Park is available on the user's phone, Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office, Phone Manager and SoftConsole.

The system parks a call using a park slot number which can be announced over a paging system. The designated user can go to any phone and take the call by dialing the park slot number.

Phone Manager has 4 predefined Park buttons. On digital phones with DSS/BLF keys, it is possible to program park keys to indicate when there is a call in a particular park slot and allow calls to be parked or retrieved.

Administrators can determine how long a call remains parked before it is presented to the extension that originally parked the call.

Personalized ringing

Users can change the sound or tone of a phone's ring.

On many digital phones, users can personalize the ringer sound. Changing the ringer sound does not alter the ring sequence used for distinctive ringing. This feature is local to the phone and not supported on all types of phones.

Tones

The system generates the correct tones for the geography. These tones are generated for all extension types: analog, digital and IP.

Supported tones are:

- Normal, alternate, and secondary
- Busy
- Unobtainable
- Re-order
- Conferencing

Transfer

Users can transfer a call in progress to either an internal extension or an external public number. The system places the caller on hold while it performs the transfer.

If the transferring user hangs up before the destination user answers, the system automatically transfers the call, called an unsupervised or blind transfer. Alternatively, a user can wait for the destination to be answered and announce the transfer before hanging up to complete the transfer, called a supervised transfer.

Unless restricted by the administrator, the system does not differentiate between internal or external call transfers.

Ring tone on transfer

The transfer enquiry calls are presented to the recipient with an internal ring tone. If the user transferring the call completes the call when the call is still ringing, the ring tone changes as per the call being transferred. Customers have the choice of not using this configurable option and continue to operate as in Release 10 and prior releases.

Advanced call handling

Absence text

Users can set absence text on their phone to inform other internal users of their current status and likely availability.

Absence text is also available for users of standard analog phones, but it can only be displayed on selected display phones, Phone Manager and SoftConsole. Most supported feature phones give the option of adding text.

When a user has an absence text message set, call processing is not affected to the user and they still have the choice of using features like do not disturb and forwarding. Telephones that support the interactive setting of absence text also display it on the users own phone for the benefit of people who come to their desk. There are 10 predefined strings and 1 custom string for absence text:

1. On vacation until
2. Will be back
3. At lunch until
4. Meeting until
5. Please call
6. Don't disturb until
7. With visitors until
8. With customer until

9. Back soon
10. Back tomorrow
11. Custom

All message text include the option to add a time, for example, message 4 plus 10:00 displays **Meeting until 10:00**. Text strings are localized to the system language.

This feature is available across both multisite and small community networks.

Call recording

Users can record a call and save the recording to the a voicemail mailbox, a group mailbox or the voice recording library.

When a caller provides detailed information like an address or phone number, the caller hears a warning message or tone that the call is being recorded in some countries. Where call recording is required for quality assurance, administrators can configure IP Office to automatically record a percentage of calls for later review.

Any call on any phone type can be recorded. Where notification of recording needs to be played, the system ignores voicemail port licensing if an insufficient number of voicemail channels have been licensed.

Note:

On IP phones, a VCM channel is used for the duration of the recording.

Call tagging

Call tagging displays a text message to provide additional information about the call on a user's phone or soft client when a call is presented to it.

Users tag calls when transferring calls from Soft Console to provide caller information they are not able to announce the call.

Users can add a tag to a call automatically using CTI and Voicemail Pro based on the incoming call route.

Note:

On some phones, displaying the tag may mean that it is not possible to display the usual call source and target information.

Call waiting

Users may not want callers to receive busy tone if they are on another call. Instead, callers hear a normal ring tone. Users hear an alert that there is a call waiting.

Users can decide to finish or hold the current call and answer the one that is waiting. The amount of information that is available about the call that is waiting depends on the type of phone the user has, or if they are using Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office or a soft client.

Because the call waiting tone can be disruptive, for example during conference calls. Users can turn the feature on or off and even suspend it for a single call.

Coaching intrusion

Designated users can join an existing conversation on internal or external calls. This features also allows a user to interrupt a call to without the caller hearing the conversation.

Administrators and supervisors designate users with the Can Intrude setting. Users can join calls on any extension on the system, however, administrators can also designate users with the Cannot be Intruded setting, which prevents others from intruding on their calls.

On Essential and Preferred Edition systems, Silent Intrusion or Whisper Page can be effective in a scenario where a user intrudes into a call to whisper that a very important customer is waiting. The user hears the whisper while talking to the caller but the caller will not be able to hear the whisper.

Used in call center scenarios and with other applications between employees. Supports the interruption or inclusion of a supervisor on a live call to talk to an agent without the far-end caller listening to the conversation. This is useful when the agent needs coaching support/training or when the supervisor needs to intrude to give instructions to an agent. The caller may still talk to the agent, but the caller will not hear what the supervisor is saying. The agent will be able to hear both the caller and the supervisor.

The feature enables users on a call to “intrude” and listen depending on the configuration of the end users if Coaching Intrusion or Whisper Page is used. Coaching Intrusion and Whisper Page cannot be done on and idle user. It may be done for internal calls or with external calls. This feature is enable through the IP Office Manager for each user. Only authorized users can use the coach/whisper feature. The default setting is off.

Conferencing

Users can place calls on hold and a create a conference using either the telephone or desktop applications. Additional conference members may be added, however a single conference may not have more than 64 members (with IP500 V2 only and more on Server Edition).

For ad-hoc conferencing, the system requires as many digital trunks/VoIP channels as external participants (as well as Preferred Edition for Meet-Me conferences). The system supports 128 conferencing channels on the IP500 V2, allowing multiple conferences of any size from 3 to 64 parties. The system support 42 3-party conferences, 2 64-party conferences or any combination in between. The ad hoc conference and Meet-Me conferences have conference controls to make your conference line your own.

Meet-Me capabilities require Preferred Edition for direct dial into a conference bridge with PIN code security. In an SCN network, only one centralized Preferred Edition license is required to host Meet-Me conferences at any of the sites. Conference IDs are also shared across the SCN sites.

The following conference channel capacities are available:

Table 1: Conferencing channel capacities

Platform	Non-Select	Select	Avaya Contact Center Select	IP Office Contact Center
HP DL120 Dell R210	128	128	414	414
HP DL360	256	256	825	825
Dell R620	256	512	825	825
OVA	256	512	825	825
IP500V2	128	128	128	128

To initiate a conference, users dial the direct number allocated to the conference bridge, type in the PIN (require Preferred Edition and Voicemail Pro) if required. For ad-hoc conferences with a few participants, users can easily set up immediate conferences by calling all parties and bringing them to the conference bridge. With Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office, the originator of the conference can keep control: the Caller ID number (and the associated name if recognized) of each participant is displayed. If required, they can selectively hang-up a specific participant. The system plays a single beep on entry and a double beep on exit. The owner of the conference may use their extension number as the conference ID. The owner of the conference has control of the conference with the ability to mute and drop calls of participants. All participants will hear the system Music on Hold (MOH) until the owner joins, and will hear MOH when the owner drops. Note that any internal party has the option to view and drop participants (not just the conference originator).

Users can record a personalized greeting for a conference (requires Preferred Edition and Voicemail Pro).

Users can record the conference using Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office, digital or IP display phone or a short code (requires Preferred Edition and Voicemail Pro). To prevent unauthorized access to the conference bridge, PIN codes, Caller ID number screening as well as time and date profiles can be set-up using Voicemail Pro. One user can manage the conferencing bridge facility from any location.

Conferencing has the following restrictions:

- Only two calls connecting through analog trunks are permitted in any single conference.
- Each external caller requires a digital trunk/VoIP channel (for example 1 T1 allows 23/24 external parties, 1 E1 allows 30 parties and a fully licensed VCM-64 allows 64 parties).
- There are no limits on the mix of internal and external calls in conference, but if all internal participants disconnect from the conference bridge, the external participants can be disconnected automatically by the system for added security (configurable system setting).
- System features such as call intrusion, call recording and silent monitoring all use conference resources, as does automatic recording if enabled. When any of these features are active the number of slots available for conference parties is reduced. For example, a conference call between 3 parties and being recorded will use 4 conference slots.

Conference Join

Conference Join feature allows two separate conferences to be joined into one single conference that contains all the previous participants of both the earlier conferences. Once the conferences have been joined it is not possible to revert to the two separate conferences again.

Dial On Pickup

By taking the phone off hook, users can automatically dial a specified extension.

Use this feature in unmanned reception areas or for door entry systems to allow visitors to easily gain assistance. This feature is also known as “Hotline”.

Delayed Dial On Pickup

If a phone is off-hook or the phone speaker is enabled and nothing is dialed for a configured time period in seconds, a defined extension is automatically dialed.

Use this feature in unmanned reception areas or for door-entry systems to allow visitors to easily gain assistance – visitors who know the desired number have the option to dial it, while other visitors can be routed to assistance after a short time-out. This feature can also be used as an emergency alert in a health care environment, for example, when a handset is lifted but no digits are dialed.

Do Not Disturb

Users can temporarily stop incoming calls ringing at a their phones.

This feature prevents users from receiving hunt group calls and gives direct callers either voicemail, if enabled, or a busy signal. Users can enable and disable Do Not Disturb (DND) from their phone, Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office or soft client.

Users can allow some calls to bypass the DND setting and ring the phone. For example a manager can add their assistant’s extension number to the DND exceptions list. Users can manage the exceptions list with Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office, Web Self Admin, or a few soft clients. Both internal and external numbers can be on the exception list.

Emergency 911 call

When an emergency call is dialed, the system overrides any call barring that would otherwise apply to the user making the call.

Hunt Group Enable/Disable

User can temporarily join or leave individual hunt groups, for example, to assist during call peaks.

Supervisors or administrators don’t usually take calls but at times of high call traffic they can join a group to take calls and when the peak is over, leave the group to resume their regular tasks. Administrators configure users as members of hunt groups. A user can not arbitrarily join a hunt group that they have not been identified as a member of.

Inclusion

Selected users can intrude on calls that are already in progress.

When the intruding user joins a call, all parties hear a tone. The speech path is enabled between the intruding party and the called user; the other party is forced onto hold and will not hear the conversation. On completion of the intrusion, the called party speech path is reconnected to the original connected party. Administrators enable or disable Inclusion on a per user basis through the Manager.

Off Hook Station

Off-Hook Station is designed for users who want their analog phone to operate like digital or IP feature phone, to isolate the user's phone idle state from the Hook state. This is a useful feature when using Avaya one-X[®] Mobile or SoftConsole to control the phone state when using a headset on an analog phone and with call control and dialing from Avaya one-X[®] Mobile, or SoftConsole.

Pickup

Users can answer a call presented to another extension.

Call pickup scenarios include:

- Pick up any call ringing on another extension.
- Pick up a hunt group call ringing on another extension, where the user must be a member of that hunt group.
- Pick up a ringing call at a specified extension.
- Pick up any call ringing on another extension that is a member of the hunt group specified.

This feature is available across both multisite and small community networks.

User Privacy

Certain users need to be assured of confidential communication. These users must be protected from other users being able to see who is calling them and must be able to prevent their calls being picked-up. The Privacy Override Group field in user records, if enabled, bars other users from seeing call details or picking up the calls

User button privacy

When a User button is pressed to see who is connected to the user or to answer an alerting call, the system checks the Privacy Override Group configuration setting of the user. If the group is not configured or the user is in the list (Enabled/Disabled status is not checked), then DSS status will be shown.

Pickup protection

When a user tries to pick up another user's call then the Privacy Override Group setting is checked on the targeted user. If the group is not configured or the user is in the list then the pickup is allowed. The Enabled/Disabled status in group is not checked.

Reclaim Call

Users can recover, or reclaim, the last call at their phone that is ringing or is connected elsewhere.

If users miss a call that goes to voicemail or call coverage, they can get the call back while it is still being presented or connected through the system. This is a version of the Acquire Call feature that only applies to the last call at an extension.

Relay On/Off/Pulse

The system has 2 independent switch outputs for controlling external equipment such as door entry systems.

Control switches using allocated handsets to open, close or pulse switches as required. Users can also control switches with Receptionist, SoftConsole and Voicemail Pro.

Restrict Network Interconnect

The Restrict Network Interconnect feature bars calls from being connected between private and public trunk interface groups.

India Toll Bypass Prevention

Indian telecom regulation states that the VoIP call should not be mixed with PSTN call if the call origination location and call targeting location are in different toll areas.

The India Toll Bypass Prevention feature ensures that the system is compliant with this regulation and allow calls to and from IP phones to connect to local PSTN public trunks only if the IP phone's location is the same as the system location. The feature is enabled by default for the India locale and disabled by default for all other locales. This feature is available for Branch and SCN deployments on IP500 V2 in Essential, Preferred and Select editions. No additional licenses are required.

Voice quality monitoring

Call administration features

Coverage to Operator

Administrators can configure an operator or a group of operators to provide coverage for external calls that would otherwise go to voicemail.

Unanswered calls are routed to an operator or a group of operators. For example, local government offices prefer to provide a personal service rather than voicemail.

Dial Emergency

Dial Emergency is a short code and permits specific numbers to be dialed regardless of call barring or a logged out phone.

Dial plan

IP Office has a very flexible numbering scheme for extensions, hunt groups and feature commands. While the system has default numbering for feature codes and extensions, they can all be redefined. Default extensions and hunt groups have 3 digit numbers starting at 200 but these can be changed from 2 to 9 digits through the IP Office Manager. There is a default set of feature access short codes, but these can be changed to whatever the end user requires, within limits. This is useful for example if IP Office is replacing a system where DND was accessed by dialing *21, it is possible to change the short code to mimic the code of the replaced system.

In certain countries IP Office can support a secondary dial tone when an access digit is dialed, though this limits some functionality like Alternate Route Selection (ARS). IP Office can also be configured to work without line access digits, by analyzing digits as they are dialed and determining if they are for an internal number or should be sent out on a line - this is valuable in SOHO installations where users will not necessarily be used to dialing an access digit for an outside line.

Direct Inward Dialing

Direct Inward Dialing (DID/DDI) relies on the local phone exchange passing all or part of the dialed number to IP Office.

Call routing software routes the call to an individual phone or a group of phones. Use this feature to reduce the workload on a receptionist by giving staff members or departments individual numbers for direct calls. Typically, the extension or group number is the same as the digits supplied from the network, but IP Office can convert the number to another number as needed within limits.

In North America, T1 circuits are required for DID.

Maximum call length

Maximum call length allows the system to control the maximum duration of any call based on the dialed number. Use this feature to control calls to cellular networks or data calls made over the public network to ISPs.

Paging

Supervisors and administrators can broadcast audio messages to digital and IP phones with loudspeakers without having to install a separate paging system. Paging can be to individual phones or groups of phones.

Implementation engineers can configure analog extension ports to an external overhead paging system, usually through an adapter, so that a port can be included in a paging group to permit mixed phone and overhead paging.

Some digital and IP phones can answer a page by pressing a key while the page is going on, this terminates the page and turns it into a normal call.

Paging limits

Server Type	Paging Group Maximum size (Select and Non-Select)
Dell R620	512
Dell R630	512
Dell R640	512
OVA	512
DL360G7	128
HP120G7/Dell R210 II	128
IP500 V2	64

- Paging groups that include users on a V2 Expansion are limited to 64 members.
- For paging groups that include SRTP endpoints, reduce the maximum size by 50%.

Relay On/Off/Pulse

The system has 2 independent switch outputs for controlling external equipment such as door entry systems.

Control switches using allocated handsets to open, close or pulse switches as required. Users can also control switches with Receptionist, SoftConsole and Voicemail Pro.

Transferable dial out privilege

Administrators and supervisors can grant outside line access to restricted phones, for example phones in public areas or conference rooms, to control external calls.

A privileged user, such as a supervisor, can transfer an outside line (secondary dial tone) to a user that does not have external dial out privileges.

Contact Center features

Account codes

Through the call records, supervisors and administrators can group calls by account code for the purpose of call costing and tracking. Supervisors and administrators can also restrict outgoing calls by requiring users to enter valid account codes.

The system stores a list of valid account code numbers. When making a call or during the call, a user can enter the account code they want associated with that call. The system checks the account code against the list of valid codes and requests the user to reenter the code if it is not valid. For incoming calls, the Caller ID can be used to match it with an account code from the list of valid codes and report the account code with the call for billing.

Supervisors and administrators can designate users to use a forced account code requiring them to enter a valid account code before making external calls. Using short codes it is possible to identify certain numbers or call types as requiring a valid account code before permitting the call to proceed, for example long distance or international numbers. Analog phone users can only enter account codes before making a call or in response to an audible system prompt to enter a code when making the call.

Account codes can also be entered through the Avaya one-X™ Portal for IP Office and Phone Manager. A system wide setting determines whether Phone Manager will display a list of account codes from which the user can select the code required or will hide the account code list.

In all the cases above, the account code entered is included with the call details in the IP Office's call record output. (SMDR).

Acquire Call

The Acquire Call feature allows users to take over a call connected to another extension. This feature is also known as Call Steal.

Administrators can set Acquire Call as a short code or assign it to a button on a digital or IP phone with programmable buttons. This feature is affected by intrusion control settings: the user acquiring a call must be set to be able to intrude and the user whose call is being acquired must be set so it can be intruded.

Acquire Call works in two ways:

Without a number	Allows a user to reclaim a call that was ringing on their phone but has now gone elsewhere, for example to voicemail or a Forward No Answer destination. The Intrude settings are not checked. The user can reclaim the call even if it has been answered. If the last call to ring this user is no longer ringing or connected on the system, the feature will fail.
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With a number Where the number is the phone number of a user who currently has the call to be acquired. If the user has a call ringing or waiting Acquire Call will act like the Call Pickup Extension short code and the user executing Acquire Call will be connected to the oldest ringing/waiting call. If the user has a connected call with no call waiting and the Intrude settings of the two users allow it, the call will be connected to the user executing the Acquire Call and the other user will be disconnected. If the user does not have a call the feature will fail.

Hold music

Administrators can access up to 32 sources for music on hold. On Linux systems up to four USB sources are supported.

A music source can be a locally stored single WAV file (default) or a local directory of WAV files. You can configure playback to start every time from the beginning of the file or directory, or to start from where it left off the last time.

Alternate music sources can be located on Server Edition Primary, Secondary, and expansion systems. Server Edition also supports centralized music on hold, where the Primary Server streams music to the Secondary Server and all expansion servers.

Agent login

Contact center agents must log in before they can make or receive calls.

Administrators and supervisors can set a login idle period to determine how long an extension can be idle before the user is automatically logged out, ensuring that an extension is not left logged in with calls going unanswered.

Monitor calls

Users can monitor another user's call by listening in.

This feature is not available by default; implementation engineers must enable it during system configuration. This feature includes an option to have a tone indicate when monitoring is in use. The user is only able to listen; they cannot speak during the conversation.

Outbound calling

Depending on the type of business, calls need to be treated in a specific way, such as recorded against a project or client through the use of account codes.

A business may have several sites linked through a private network but certain users, like customer service agents, may need to be able to call colleagues in other offices when the network is busy, while other users wait for a line to come free. Least cost routes can automatically translate the internal number to a direct dial call over the public network while other users wait.

Authorization codes

Authorization codes allow a user to go to another extension on the system and make calls using their personal toll restrictions; this may grant the user greater or fewer privileges than the normal owner of the extension they use.

Authorization codes are independent of account codes, so the user has to enter both if the required by the system configuration. All entered codes are logged in SMDR.

Call barring

Supervisors and administrators can prevent or allow calls to certain numbers such as international numbers or premium rate numbers for individual users or on a system-wide basis.

The system supports call barring at many levels. Short codes can be used at the system or individual user level to block the external routing of specific numbers or types of numbers.

Typically the barring short codes are set to return busy tone, however they could route the call to an alternate number or to a Voicemail service that returns a 'barred dialing message'.

Users can allocate short codes to a user rights template. The users can then apply the template to the users whose calls need restriction. Administrators can also bar the forwarding of calls to external numbers on a per user basis.

Idle line preference

Idle line preference allows the user to select a specific external line for companies that prefer to work in key system mode.

Going off hook selects the first idle line appearance and the user connects to an outside line.

Override call barring

Override Barring can allow numbers dialed from the directory, using redial, call log, button programming, short codes, and numbers manually entered to external numbers present in the public directory (System Directory, LDAP, HTTP) even though a barred short code has been matched against dialed digits.

Private Call

Users can set Private Call status using short codes or a programmed button.

Private calls cannot be recorded, intruded on, bridged into or monitored.

Inbound calling

Hunt groups

A hunt group is a collection of users, typically users handling similar types of calls, for example a sales department. An incoming caller wishing to speak to someone in a group can call one number and the call can be answered by any number of extensions that are members of the hunt group.

There are four ways a hunt group can process calls:

Sequential	One extension at a time sequentially, always starting at the top of the list.
Collective	All extensions in the hunt group simultaneously.
Rotary	Start with the extension in the list immediately following the extension that answered the last hunt group call.
Longest Waiting	Start with the extension that has been free for the longest time period.

Announcements

Use voicemail in conjunction with hunt groups to:

- Record all group related messages.
- Play an announcement when the hunt group is in Night Service or Out of Service mode.
- Play announcements while a call is held in a queue.

A broadcast option is available for internal voicemail. This feature changes the voicemail box operation so that the message notification will only be turned off for each hunt group member when they retrieve their own copy of the message. Hunt group announcements are separated from hunt group queuing and can be used when queuing is off. Hunt group announcements are supported by Embedded Voicemail and Voicemail Pro. Administrators and supervisors can set times for the first announcement, second announcement, and between repeated announcements.

Hunt groups in a small community network can include members located on other systems within the network.

Assign Call On Agent Answer

Supervisors can set the Assign Call On Agent Answer hunt group option to enable CTI applications to correctly report the details for the call that is alerting and ensures that the call at the head of the queue is always answered first.

Night Service and Out of Service modes

Outside normal operation a hunt group can be put into two special modes: Night Service and Out of Service.

Night Service mode

Users can switch in or out of Night Service mode by dialing the appropriate short code. Calls are presented to a Night Service group. This can be controlled automatically by setting a time profile which defines the hours of operation of the main group or manually using a phone feature code. During Night Service mode, the original hunt group is temporarily disabled. You can design callers to the hunt group to do any of the following actions:

- Pass to a Night Service Fallback group passing calls to a manned extension or external number.
- Be played the Out of Hours greeting if set in voicemail.
- Receive a busy tone.

Out of Service mode

Users control Out of Service mode manually from a phone. While in this mode, calls are presented to the Out of Service group. Night service fallback using a time profile is not applied to a hunt group set to Out of Service.

Overflow groups

Supervisors can designate an overflow group to take calls if all extensions in the hunt group are busy or not answered.

Supervisors can also set overflow time to stipulate how long a call will queue before passing to the Overflow Group. Overflow time can be set for individual calls and for all calls in the group. The system can change the status of users who do not answer a hunt group call presented to them. The user status can be set to Busy Wrap-up, Busy Not Available or Logged Out. The change of status can be set per user and per hunt group.

Queuing

Queuing allows calls to a hunt group to be held in a queue when all extensions in the group extension List are busy. When an extension becomes free the queued call is then presented. The definition of queued calls now includes ringing calls and calls waiting to be presented for ringing. The queue limit can be set to control the maximum number of calls to wait against a hunt group.

While queuing, if Voicemail is operational, the caller will be played the announcements for this hunt group.

Queue threshold alert

Supervisors and administrators can set an alert to occur at a selected analog extension port when the number of calls queued against a hunt group exceeds a threshold.

Typically the alert is a loud ringer or other alerting device. The alert does not present a call.

Voicemail operation

The system supports voicemail for hunt groups in addition to individual user voicemail mailboxes. When a caller is directed to voicemail to leave a message, the system indicates the target user or hunt group mailbox. The mailbox of the originally targeted user or hunt group is used. This applies even if the call has been forwarded to another destination. It also includes scenarios where a hunt group call overflows or is in fallback to another group.

Previously the unanswered calls to a hunt group were sent to voicemail when reached the group's no answer time. From 11.1FP1 onwards the unanswered calls are forwarded to the group's fallback destination, by configuring to an extension number, system short code or voicemail. The configuration is done through the **Group > Fallback** tab.

- **Voicemail On** is configured through **Group No Answer Destination** through **Group > Fallback**.
- **Voicemail Answer Time** is configured through **Group No Answer Time** through **Group > Fallback**.

Incoming call routing

Intelligent call routing makes routing decisions based on any or all of the following criteria:

- Digits from the exchange such as DDI/DID or ISDN MSN
- Calling phone number or Caller ID or part of the number received such as an area code
- ISDN sub-address
- ISDN/PRI service type such as Voice Call or Data Call

For example, a DDI/DID call to a sales group can be handled differently depending on which part of the country the call is originating from.

Each incoming Call Route supports a secondary destination Night Service that can provide alternative routing for an incoming call based on time of day and day of week criteria, as well as calendar-based routing for specific dates.

Calls that cannot be routed to the configured destination are rerouted to a user-defined Fall Back destination. This can be particularly useful where calls are normally answered by an auto-attendant and a network fault occurs.

Where multiple call routes are set up to the same destination, a priority level can be associated with the call. The priority level determines a call's queue position in place of simple arrival time.

Note:

calls already ringing a free extension are not considered queuing and are not affected by a high priority call joining a queue (unless the option Assign Call On Agent Answer is selected for that hunt group).

Supervisors can configure a Priority Promotion Timer to increase the priority of calls which have been in the queue for more than a defined time and add an optional tag to calls on the Incoming Call Route, which can be displayed on the alerting phone.

Time profiles

Time profiles set the operational times for service. For example, a time profile could be set up to make Internet access available to staff only during lunch times.

Using time profiles it is also possible to define an alternative service to operate outside the operational hours of the main service. This option may be used to take advantage of alternative tariffs at off peak periods. Switching to this fallback service can also be controlled manually by dialing a secure short code from a handset. This can be particularly useful in allowing quick

restoration of service in the event of an ISP failure. This feature also applies to days of the week or specific calendar dates.

IP telephony features

Auto-create extensions

Implementation engineers can configure IP Office to create extension entries for new IP phones added onto the local area network.

In cases where the local area network is not secure this facility can be disabled, but simplifies installation.

Avaya cloud authorization

Using Avaya cloud authorization, you can configure the Avaya Workplace Client connection using your Google, Office 365, Salesforce account, Avaya native spaces email account, or Enterprise Account (SSO).

You can configure the Avaya Workplace Client settings automatically using your email address or the automatic configuration web address.

Enabling Avaya cloud authorization automatically uses your network login and password to access different enterprise systems with a single sign-on. Using Avaya cloud authorization, you do not need to separately login to each system or service in your organization.

Related links

[Configuring automatic synchronization](#) on page 40

Configuring automatic synchronization

About this task

Use this procedure if you have an Avaya Workplace Client account and want to sign in to Avaya Workplace Client. You can configure the Avaya Workplace Client settings automatically using your email address or the automatic configuration web address.

Use this procedure to enable automatic synchronization and Avayacloud authorization.

Before you begin

To enable synchronization, the customer domain must be verified.

Procedure

1. Select **System Settings > System > Avaya Cloud Services**.

2. Select **Enable Avaya Cloud Account** check box.
3. In the company domain, type the customer's verified domain.
4. Select **Enable User Synchronization**.
5. Set the **Enable Setting file URL sync** setting to set **Enable for current IP Office node** or **Enable for all IP Office nodes**.
6. Click **OK**.

Related links

[Avaya cloud authorization](#) on page 40

Direct media path

Direct media path allows the speech path between two IP extensions (after call setup) to be routed directly to each other. This allows the system to free up voice compression resources after establishing the end to end connection, allowing the resources to be used in the most efficient way.

Early media and PRACK support

IP Office supports in-band announcements such as:

- Branding from discount or bulk long distance providers
- Progress indications when extraordinary wait times are inherent in the call scenario, for example when trying to locate a cell phone
- Country-specific ring back and other progress tones
- Conferencing in the IP domain before call answer, for example, in call recording scenarios or for automatic dialers' conferencing in agents

Implementation engineers can configure SIP trunks to support early media by adding the **100rel to Supported** header in the **INVITE** parameter.

Fast start

Implementation engineers can configure fast start on an IP extension to reduce the protocol overhead allowing an audio path to be established more quickly.

Fax transport

IP Office supports Avaya proprietary and T.38 fax transport protocols.

Avaya proprietary fax transport protocol

Fax calls route over VoIP trunks between IP Office systems on an IP network using a proprietary Avaya transport protocol.

T.38 fax transport protocol

IP Office supports the T.38 protocol for fax messages transmission between IP Office and SIP trunks and SIP extensions.

Platforms	IP500 V2 with a VCM32 or VCM64 module. Linux based Server Edition servers.
Trunk types	SIP
Extensions	SIP
Transport layers	UDPTL with optional redundancy error correction
Versions	0–3
Call types	Voice calls with transition to fax relay on detection of fax tones and calls which are negotiated as fax-only.
Fax fallback	SIP Trunks and SIP Extensions can now configure the Fax Transport Support to T38 Fallback so that outgoing fax calls use T.38 fax, but when the called destination doesn't support T.38 and rejects the call, a re-invite is sent for fax transport over G.711. Incoming audio calls that detect fax tones also initiate fax transport using T.38 Fallback. This allows IP Office to support additional deployments where T.38 fax may not be universally available.

Inbound call directory name display

Administrators can select either the CLID or directory name as the default display for inbound calls.

Out of band DTMF

Implementation engineers can configure out of band DTMF on IP extensions to signal to the other end of a connection the digits to be regenerated by a local DTMF generator on behalf of the sending IP extension. This is useful when navigating external voicemail systems and auto-attendant systems.

PAI and privacy headers

PAI and privacy header defaults allow callers and calling parties to have anonymity while still providing necessary billing and traceability information, and emergency 911 information to the network. This feature satisfies the functionality with implementation guidelines outlined in the SIPconnect 1.1 Technical Recommendation.

Silence suppression

Silence suppression makes the best use of available bandwidth, such as the connection over which the caller is listening, not speaking. Silence suppression works by sending descriptions of the background noise, rather than the actual noise itself, during gaps in conversation, thereby reducing the number and frequency of voice packets sent on the network. Background noise is very important during a phone call. Without noise the call will feel very unnatural and give a perception of poor quality. Ensure that silence suppression configuration matches at both ends of the SCN trunk for correct operation and also for improved sound quality.

SIP features

SIP endpoints are supported on IP Office audio (voice) and T.38 fax communication using SIP terminal adapters. Users can use standards-compliant IP phones using the open SIP standard, offering a choice of endpoints including special purpose devices such as conference phones, hotel phones and terminal adapters.

IP Office supports Avaya 1100 and 1200 series phones using the SIP protocol. The phone user interface can vary when used on BCM with UNISTim. For example, with SIP, the 1100 and 1200 series IP phones only support a single call appearance although multiple calls are supported by the 1100 and 1200 series phones.

 **Note:**

These phones are only supported on IP500 V2 control units.

In pure SIP systems, IP Office expands the feature set beyond the SIP standard offering features on SIP endpoints delivering features consistently between SIP and Avaya digital and IP endpoints.

 **Note:**

In order to use a non-Avaya SIP endpoint with IP Office, obtain a Third-party IP Endpoint license from Avaya. This license supports endpoints based on the H.323 standard and is required for generic SIP endpoints on IP Office. Avaya IP Office SIP phones use the Avaya IP Endpoint license.

PSTN toll bypass

Toll bypass allows each system to leverage the trunk connections of the other system in the network to avoid international and long distance charges.

Standard call features

- Basic Call Completion
- Handling of busy called party
- DTMF and ring-back tone
- Hold and Retrieve
- Transfer
- Call Waiting presentation
- Called Number display
- Calling number and name display
- Abandoned call
- Single call appearance

Advanced call features

SIP endpoints support a number of extended features according to the SIP service samples, also referred to as “Sipping-19”. Features include:

- Calling line identification
- Hold/Consultation Hold
- Attended/Unattended Transfer
- Message waiting
- Do not disturb
- Conference Add
- From in Clear when privacy is requested
- User agent header (configurable) included to identify call in SIP trunks for troubleshooting
- Busy lamp keys with speed-dial, status indication, and pickup
- Self-labeling feature keys for softkey support including a Special feature key. The supported features are also available pressing a feature key plus the appropriate feature code. The feature codes are identical to the features codes from BCM

Feature activation key features

A large number of additional features are supported on IP Office using feature activation keys. These features include but are not limited to:

- Call forward: Unconditional/Busy/no Answer
- Follow me
- Park/Unpark
- Music on Hold

- Meet me conferencing
- Conference join
- Ring back when free
- Multiple call appearances

 **Note:**

Does not include bridged appearances or outside-line appearances.

CTI features

The new centralized CTI web service API provides a more open platform to allow third parties add value and build solutions. Support is provided for distributed (IP Office Server Edition and SCN) environment – not limited to nodal as per current TAPI. Centralized CTI web service API is dependent on Avaya one-X® Portal access for the users. Creating a new user in IP Office with the new API does not require a reboot. SIP endpoints support the following CTI-based features using the TAPI interface:

- Outgoing call (without remote activation of speakerphone/headset)
- Hang up
- Hold
- Attended/Unattended transfer
- Conferencing
- Voicemail collect
- Set forwarding/DND (IP Office based)
- Park/Ride (IP Office based)

Video conferencing

Video conferencing is supported in the following configurations:

- Local system
- Small community network
- Video-ready SIP trunk such as Avaya Aura®

All video communication is end-to-end; IP Office does not natively manage or perform video conferencing.

The softphone application handles video conferencing. IP Office video conference supports the following features using feature access codes:

- Make calls to all phones and trunk lines as audio only
- Receive audio calls
- Call forwarding
- Forward to voicemail recording audio streams, not video.
- Application sharing
- Accept several video calls in parallel to leverage the Multi-Conference Unit (MCU) functionality, for example, the Avaya 1040 system

Video requires high network bandwidth, depending on codec video quality it can be up to 1 Mbit/sec. IP Office supports with H.263 and H.264 codecs. During planning, a network assessment identifies the bandwidth requirements. Refer to product details for video requirements. Typical bandwidth requirements for HD video are:

- 1010: 1 Mbps for 720p/30fps
- 1040:
 - 768 Kbps for 720p 30fps
 - 1.1 Mbps for 720p 60fps
 - 1.7 Mbps for 1080p 30fps

Parameters for passing User to User Information (UUI)

IP Office passes on the received UUI information element back to the public network in case of a transit call. This feature is supported only on SIP trunks and the UUI information element is not passed internally to other elements in the solution such as IP Office Contact Center, , and so on. The UUI information is not mapped to any other trunks types such as ISDN or H.323. IP Office carries the UUI information using a proprietary IP Office field.

Two new parameters are added in the SIP Advanced tab, Identity group, called Add UUI header and Add UUI header to redirected calls. The Add UUI header to redirected calls field is dependent on the Add UUI header field and can be selected only when Add UUI header is selected. The default value for the field is false. These configuration items are a mergeable feature and applicable to Standard and Server Edition mode on all supported IP Office platforms.

SIP Line Appearances

Trunk line selection enables the familiar line appearance operation on Powered by Avaya (Release 3.0) or IP Office Essential Edition, Server Edition, and IP Office Select. The feature provides easier migration from familiar analog line appearances to SIP line appearances. Line appearance buttons for SIP URIs looks and operates in the same way as the analog trunk appearances. SIP trunk appearances is supported on all phones that support line appearances.

Route incoming SIP trunk calls based on an optional SIP header

This feature enables IP Office to route incoming SIP trunk calls based on optional SIP header P- Called-Party. IP Office reads the P-Called-Party ID header in the SIP message and routes the incoming SIP calls based on it. As P-Called-Party-ID is an optional header it is not parsed by default and it has to be explicitly configured. IP Office uses it for call routing only when the configuration option is selected and the header is present in the incoming SIP call. If the configuration item is checked and the header is not present IP Office uses the header configured in Call Routing Method for Incoming Call Route. P-Called-Party-ID is not used for SM trunks and SIP phones and IP Office does include this header in any outgoing messages.

Security enhancements for registration of SIP devices

This security enhancements enable administrators to allow or disallow registration of SIP devices in IP Office based on their User Agent strings. Administrators can use the configuration settings to add, modify, or remove SIP User Agent strings to SIP UA Blacklist, SIP UA Whitelist, and IP Whitelist. Subsequently, the **Allowed SIP User Agents** setting can be used to select which SIP User Agents are allowed for registering with IP Office. A default blacklist comes preconfigured with some known malicious user agent strings and can be updated as required. The lists can be configured using Web Manager and Manager.

SIP and H.323 Registrars disabled by default

For enhanced security with IP Office R 11.0 FP4, the H.323 and SIP Registrars are disabled by default. Whenever a new H.323 or SIP extension is added and the corresponding registrar is not enabled, IP Office system displays a warning message and prompts administrators to enable the Registrars. When resiliency support is enabled on an IP Office Line in systems having IP extensions and the systems do not have the corresponding registrars enabled, IP Office system displays a warning message and prompts administrators to enable the corresponding registrars.

Voice compression

IP Office supports a wide range of voice compression standards including G.711, G.729a and G.722. The method of compression can be either automatically established on a call-by-call basis or configured on an individual extension basis.

Voice compression

G.722 is supported on the following types of SIP phones:

- 9600 series
- 96x1 series
- B179 conference phones
- 1100/1200 IP phones
- Third-party SIP phones

 **Note:**

G.722 is not supported for 5600 and 1600 series phones.

IP Office Branch telephony

Telephony services

The Branch solution provides telephony services to centralized users and IP Office users.

IP Office users obtain telephony services from the local IP Office. The Branch solution supports all hard and softIP Office endpoints. For a list of IP Office endpoints, see “Phones” in *IP500/IP500 V2 Installation* (15-601042).

Centralized users register to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager and obtain telephony services from the Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Feature Server or Evolution Server in the enterprise core. Centralized users can use one of the following supported centralized endpoints:

- 9620 SIP
- 9630 SIP
- 9640 SIP
- 9650 SIP

- 9601 SIP
- 9608 SIP
- 9611G SIP
- 9621G SIP
- 9641G SIP
- 1120E
- 1140E
- 1220
- 1230
- Avaya B179
- Avaya J129 IP Phone
- Avaya J139 IP Phone
- Avaya J159 IP Phone
- Avaya J169 IP Phone
- Avaya J179 IP Phone
- Avaya J189 IP Phone
- Avaya Workplace Client for Windows

 **Note:**

Avaya Workplace Client and Avaya Vantage™ are not supported for centralized users on branch solution.

Survivability for centralized users

If WAN connectivity to the Avaya Aura® Session Manager is lost or if all deployed Avaya Aura® Session Manager servers are down, centralized users automatically get basic telephony services from the local IP Office with survivability or rainy day mode. The telephony features provided by the IP Office in rainy day mode are limited compared to the features that are normally provided to the centralized phone.

The following features are available on Centralized SIP phones when registered to IP Office in Rainy day mode:

- Make or receive calls to or from other endpoints in the branch and to or from any type of local PSTN trunk
- Caller ID
- Multiple call appearances but not bridged appearances
- Call hold and consultative hold
- Music on hold

- Attended call transfer
- Unattended call transfer
- Three-party ad-hoc conferencing done locally on the phone, as well as capability to dial into Meet-Me conferencing on IP Office up to 64-party conference
- Centralized voice mail coverage and access over PSTN, but no Message Waiting Indication (MWI)
- Automated Attendant
- Survivability mode indication on the phone screen
- Local telephone features: redial, mute, audio selection (speaker / headset / handset), Call Logs, Volume Control, local contacts, speed-dials, auto dials
- Station Message Detail Recording (SMDR) records stored on the IP Office for retrieval after WAN recovery
- Hunt groups

IP Office can be configured with Centralized hunt groups for which IP Office processing is in effect only in the Rainy day mode. The IP Office administrator must configure the hunt groups on the IP Office consistent with the configuration on the central Avaya Aura® Communication Manager for the Sunny day mode.

- Call Management

IP Office can be configured with short codes using the Barred feature to restrict in the Rainy day mode what calls the Centralized user can make. The IP Office administrator must configure this consistent with the Class of Restriction (CoR) configured on Communication Manager, which is applied to the same user in the Sunny day mode.

- Send call to mobile phone

IP Office can be configured with Mobile Twinning to send calls for the Centralized user in the Rainy day mode to a mobile number. The IP Office administrator must configure this on the IP Office consistent with the EC500 configuration on the central Communication Manager for the same Centralized user.

- Call forwarding

Local Call Forwarding on the phone in the Rainy day mode can be configured. The Call Forwarding set on Communication Manager in the Sunny day mode has no impact on the local behavior of the phone or on the IP Office behavior in the Rainy day mode. Also, the local Call Forwarding set on the phone works only in the Rainy day mode after failback.

- Authorization codes

IP Office can be configured to support authorization codes that Centralized users can use in the Rainy day mode. The IP Office administrator must configure authorization codes consistent with the authorization codes configured on Communication Manager, which are available to the same Centralized users in the Sunny day mode. Centralized SIP phone users in Sunny day will hear 3 beeps to indicate that an authorization code is required. In the Rainy day mode, the Centralized SIP phone users will hear 1 beep that repeats approximately every 5 seconds.

Messaging features

Messaging enables users to manage all of their messages, both emails and voicemails, in one place. Since the main messaging platform is typically email, IP Office enables users to manage voicemails through the email system in order to keep all messages synchronized through one user interface. IP Office offers two voicemail options: Embedded Voicemail and Voicemail Pro.

Voicemail in general provides a phone answering machine with a personalized greeting on every employee's desk and allows callers to leave spoken messages when the user cannot answer a phone call. Voicemail messages are retrieved either locally or remotely via any phone (users are prompted for a PIN if they are using any phone other than their allocated extension or a trusted location e.g. mobile phone).

The voicemail server is multilingual and can offer different prompts depending on the user's preferred language, independently of the default system setup. Similarly, external callers can hear prompts in their own language depending on their incoming call route (for example, based on caller ID).

Voicemail options available are:

- IP Office Essential Edition Embedded Voicemail enables some basic messaging through the ability to forward voicemail messages to the user's email inbox.
- IP Office Preferred Edition
 - Voicemail Pro - for single site use but use in an SCN from remote users
 - Distributed Voicemail Pro - for multisite use in an SCN
 - Centralized Modular Messaging - for use with Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

Related links

[Messaging feature comparison](#) on page 50

Messaging feature comparison

The following table summarizes the operational and functional differences between the messaging applications IP Office supports on the IP500 V2 control unit.

Capacities

Capacity	Voicemail Pro	Embedded Voicemail
Number of mailboxes	No Limit - Limited only by IP Office configuration.	Limited only by IP Office configuration.
Concurrent calls (ports)	Up to 40 dependent on license	6 simultaneous calls
Recording time	PC dependent (Requires 1 MB per minute)	2 ports: Up to 15 hours 4 ports: Up to 20 hours 6 ports: Up to 25 hours

Features

Feature	Voicemail Pro	Embedded Voicemail
Runs as a service	Yes	No
Multilingual support	Yes	Yes
Voicemail for individual users	Yes	Yes
Voicemail for virtual users	Yes	Yes
Voicemail for hunt groups	Yes	Yes
Group broadcast	Yes	No
Unified Messaging Service (UMS)	Option	No
Integration with Microsoft Exchange Server	Option	No
Capable to interact with Blackberry solution	Option ¹	No
Resilience and Backup	Option	No
Small Community Network operation	Yes	No
Centralized voicemail services	Yes	No
Distributed voicemail servers in an SCN	Yes	No
Voicemail Ringback	Internal and external	Yes
Voicemail Help TUI	Yes	No
Message Waiting Indication	Yes	Yes
Visual Voice (interactive menu on phone display)	Yes	Yes
Integration with Phone Manager Pro	Yes	No
Personalized greetings	Yes	Yes
Extended personal greetings	Yes ²	No
Continuous Loop Greeting	Yes	No
Forward to email	Yes	Yes
Copy to email	Yes	Yes
Listen to email (Text-To-Speech)	Yes ²	No
Send email notification	Yes	Yes
Save message	Yes	Yes
Delete message	Yes	Yes

Table continues...

¹ Requires UMS (enabled through the Power User, Office Worker and the Teleworker licenses) and MS Exchange Server 2007/2010 with a mobility solution (for example a Blackberry) - not provided by Avaya.

² Intuity mode only.

Feature	Voicemail Pro	Embedded Voicemail
Forward Message to another mailbox	Yes	Yes
Forward to multiple mailboxes	Yes	Yes
Forward with a header message	Yes	Yes
Repeat message	Yes	Yes
Rewind message	Yes	Yes
Fast forward message	Yes	Yes
Pause message	Yes	No
Skip message	Yes	Yes
Oldest message first/newest message first Message Playback Option	Yes	No
Set message priority	Yes ²	No
Set automatic message deletion time frame	Yes	No
Alphanumeric Data Collection	Yes ²	No
Callers Caller ID, time and date announced	Yes	Yes
Call Back Sender (if Caller ID available)	Yes	Yes
Remote Access to Mailbox	Yes	Yes
User Definable PIN Code	Yes	Yes
Known Caller ID PIN Code By-Pass	Yes	Yes
Breakout to Reception	Internal and external.	Internal and external.

In queue announcements

Feature	Voicemail Pro	Embedded Voicemail
Queue Entry Announcement	Yes	Yes
Queue Update Announcement	Yes	Yes
Queue Position Announcement	Yes	No
Time in Queue Announcement	Yes	No
Time in System Announcement	Yes	No
Estimated Time to Answer (ETA)	Yes	No
Exit Queue to alternative answer point	Yes	No

Auto-Attendant/Audiotex

Feature	Voicemail Pro	Embedded Voicemail
Multi-Level Tree Structure	Yes	Yes
Message Announcements	Yes	No
Whisper Announce	Yes	No
Alarm Calls	Yes	No
Assisted Transfers	Yes	No
Dial by Name	Yes	Yes
Direct Dial by Number	Yes	Yes

Other features

Feature	Voicemail Pro	Embedded Voicemail
Call Recording	Yes	No
Tamper proofed/verified Call Recording	Yes	No
Test Conditions	Yes	No
Personal Numbering	Yes	No
Speaking Clock	Yes	No
Campaign Manager	Yes	No
Voicemail Pro Manager	Yes	No
Customized voicemail	Yes	No
Intuity TUI emulation mode	Yes	No
Forward Emails to external systems (VPIM)	Yes	Yes
Third-party database Access (IVR)	Yes	No
Text-To-Speech within call flows	Yes	No
Support for Visual Basic Scripts	Yes	No

Related links

[Messaging features](#) on page 50

IP Office Branch messaging**Messaging**

The IP Office Branch solution supports IP Office voice mail systems and centralized voice mail systems.

The following centralized voice mail systems are supported:

- Avaya Aura® Messaging
- Avaya Modular Messaging
- Avaya CallPilot®: Only supported in distributed branch environments connected to CS 1000.

The following IP Office voice mail systems are supported:

- Embedded Voicemail: Default IP Office voice mail system
- Voicemail Pro: Available with IP Office Preferred and Advanced editions

For information about the configuration requirements of each voice mail system, see *Reference Configuration for Avaya IP Office in a Branch Environment* (15–604253).

In a stand-alone branch environment, the enterprise branch can only use an IP Office voice mail system.

In a distributed branch environment, the enterprise branch can choose an IP Office voice mail system or a centralized voice mail system for users. If the distributed environment is connected to CS 1000, users can also use Avaya CallPilot® as their voice mail system.

In a mixed or centralized branch environment, the enterprise branch can only use a centralized voice mail system.

Related links

[Messaging features](#) on page 50

Mobility features

Hot Desking

Hot desking allows users nonexclusive use of the a single extension.

Users log with their own identity so they can receive calls and can access their voicemail and other facilities. For example, sales personnel who visit the office infrequently can be provided with telephony and voicemail services without being permanently assigned a physical extension. When finished, they simply log out to make the extension available to others or if users log in at another phone, they are automatically logged out of the original extension.

Support for Hot desking on SIP function phones such as J129 and H175 are not available from IP Office Release 10.1. This includes Hot desking through CTI or the standard short codes; *35 and *36 by default. The SIP function phones on IP Office do not support clearing of user contacts and call history when a new user logs in to those phones through Hot desking. This can result in one user having visibility to another user's contacts and call history information.

Remote access features

IP Office's integral firewall, service quotas and timebands all apply to remote access calls. Remote access security can be supplemented by CHAP (encrypted passwords) to verify the end users, or PAP which does not support encryption. Timebands can control the hours within which the remote access service is available.

A trusted location can be set for dial in. These are locations that the system will allow either data access, for example, a user dialing in from home, or access to voicemail without a voicemail code for a user collecting their voicemail messages from a mobile. The trusted location is also the location the voicemail server will call to inform the user of a new message.

Conversely a specified location can be set which restricts remote access from only that location, this specified location can also be a designated dial back number thereby minimizing the threat of unauthorized remote access.

IP Office can also incorporate remote access dial back services so that if a user always remotely accesses the office from a single location, for example, their home, then after login verification, the system disconnects their call and dials them back. In addition to the added level of security dial back provides, it can also be an excellent method of consolidating remote access charges onto the central office phone bill.

In addition to remote access from phone adaptors, all ATM4 trunk cards (including the IP500 V2 Combination Card ATM) support switching of the first analog trunk to an integral V.32 modem for remote access.

Remote hot desking

Users can make and receive calls from any office as if using the phone on their own desk. Users have access to the centralized system and personal directory as well as their call logs (available on digital, analog and IP phones).

When a user logs in to a remote IP Office system, all their user settings are transferred to that system.

- The user's incoming calls are rerouted across the SCN.
- The user's outgoing calls use the settings of the remote IP Office.
- However some settings may become unusable or may operate differently. For example, if the user uses a time profile for some features, those feature will only work if a time profile of the same name also exists on the remote IP Office.

IP Office supports remote hot desking between IP Office systems within an SCN. The system on which the user configured is termed their "home" IP Office, all other systems are "remote" IP Offices. No additional licenses are required to support remote hot desking other than the Voice Networking license on each IP500 V2 within the SCN. A single number provides improved mobility and easy access to familiar features. For example consultants, managers, and lawyers can use their phone services at different offices on different days.

In some scenarios a hot desking user logged in at a remote system will want to dial a number using the system short codes of another system. This can be done using either short codes with the Break Out feature or a programmable button set to Break Out. This feature can be used by any user within the SCN but is of significant use to remote hot deskers.

*** Note:**

Remote hot desking is not supported for use with contact center. Features handled by the phone itself are not affected by hot desking, for example, call log and phone speed dials)

Remote Worker

Remote Worker allows the connection of supported IP phones and client applications remotely from IP Office, without requiring any VPN concentrator equipment with IP Office.

With the Remote Worker feature enabled, remote 9600 H.323 or SIP J100 IP Phones can connect to IP Office even if it is located behind a NAT router. The same applies to supported client applications, see [supported SIP endpoints](#) on page 56. The sets or applications are authenticated on IP Office in the same way as if in the private network. The IP Office determines that the user is located outside the private network and relays the VoIP RTP traffic to ensure it transverse the NAT router.

The following 9600 phones are supported:

- 9620, 9630, 9640, 9650

*** Note:**

The H.323 signaling and the media traffic is not encrypted however the proprietary binary format adds a basic level of encryption.

- 9608, 9611, 9621, 9641

*** Note:**

The H.323 signaling and media traffic may be encrypted using TLS and SRTP respectively.

The following SIP endpoints are supported:

- Avaya J100 Series IP Phones:
 - J129 (Standard SIP phone)
 - J139, J159, J169, J179, J189 (SIP Feature phones)
- Avaya Vantage™ 2.2 version: K165, K175 and K155
- Avaya Vantage™ 3.0 version and above: K175 and K155
- Avaya Workplace Client platforms:
 - Avaya Workplace Client for Windows
 - Avaya Workplace Client for Android

- Avaya Workplace Client for Mac
- Avaya Workplace Client for iOS
- B179
- B199
- Avaya Communicator for IP Office
- one-X Mobile iOS
- one-X Mobile Android

To reach the IP Office from the remote private network, remote IP phones or client applications need to be configured to point to the public IP address of the NAT router hosting IP Office. Configurable ports need to be forwarded to IP Office. IP Office requires a valid public IP address configured for the feature to function. The public IP address can be statically configured or dynamically discovered via a STUN server.

Administrators enable Remote Worker feature using IP Office Manager. To use the Remote Worker feature, you require the Essential Edition license. The Essential Edition license provides 4 remote workers.

Additional Remote Workers can be configured if those additional users are licensed and configured with either Teleworker or Power User user profiles

 **Note:**

On Server Edition systems, the Remote Worker is supported for all user profiles (Basic User, Office Worker and Power User)

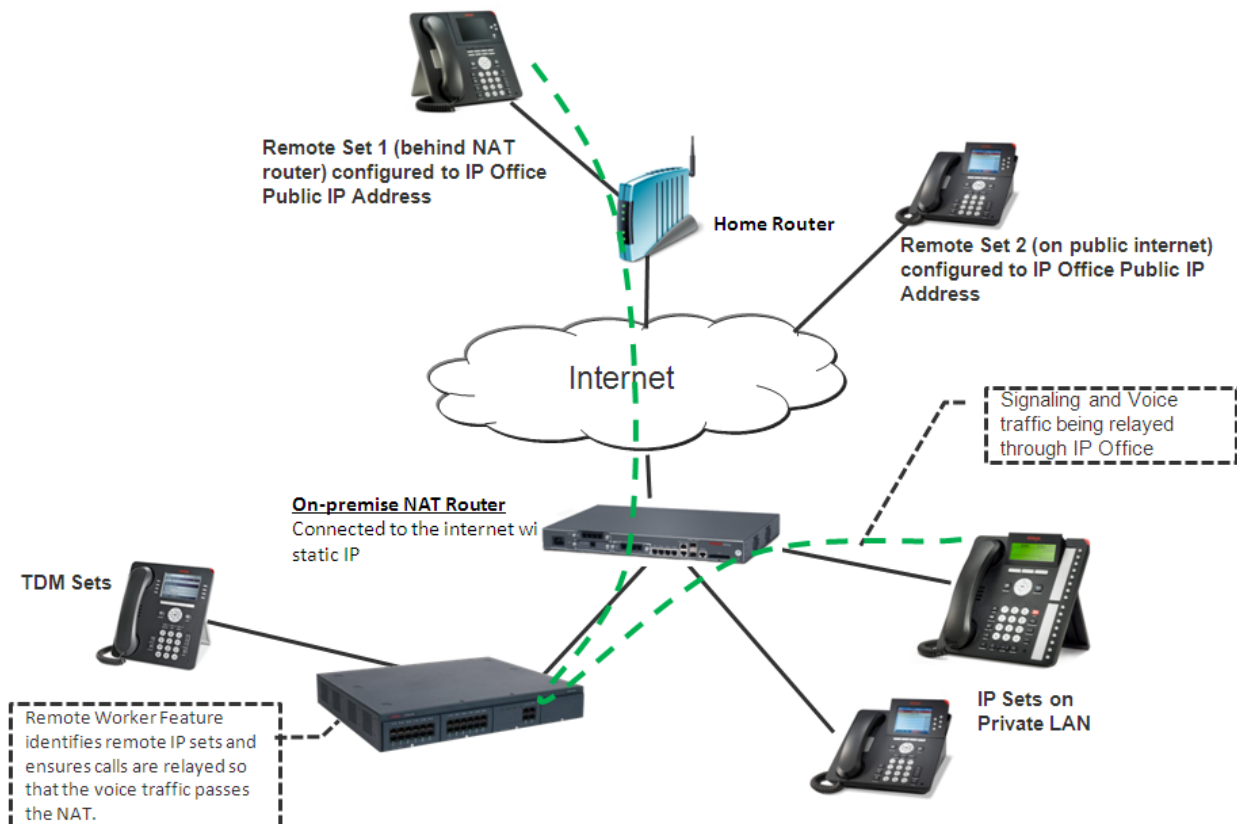


Figure 1: Remote Worker interactions

SIP phones using Avaya SBCE

The Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise (Avaya SBCE) sits on the edge of customer's network with both internal and external IP interfaces. Using these IP interfaces, Avaya SBCE functions as the gateway for SIP traffic into and out of the network. When used internally, SIP clients register to the IP Office directly. When used externally, the SIP clients connect to the Avaya SBCE. This is achieved using Split DNS, which automatically resolves the FQDNs to the internal IP address of the IP Office or the public IP address of the Avaya SBCE depending on where the clients are currently located. Apart from acting as a gateway, Avaya SBCE also provides protection against any external SIP-based attacks. For privacy over the public internet, the public side of the Avaya SBCE facing the remote workers must be configured to use the recommended values of TLS for signaling and SRTP for media encryption, as long as they are supported by the endpoints.

The following endpoints are supported as IP Office Remote Workers with Avaya SBCE.

- Avaya J100 Series IP Phones:
 - J129 (Standard SIP phone)
 - J139, J159, J169, J179, J189 (SIP Feature phones)
- Avaya Vantage™ 2.2 version: K165, K175 and K155
- Avaya Vantage™ 3.0 version and above K175 and K155

- Avaya Workplace Client platforms:
 - Avaya Workplace Client for Windows
 - Avaya Workplace Client for Android
 - Avaya Workplace Client for Mac
 - Avaya Workplace Client for iOS
- one-X Mobile iOS
- one-X Mobile Android
- Avaya Communicator for IP Office

Telecommuter mode

Users can make and receive calls and the retrieve voicemails from an external phone number as if they were in the office, with the server providing the call control.

The typical scenario is the remote worker that occasionally works from home or from a hotel room. This feature also provides billing convenience and potential cost savings for remote workers and mobile work force as all the calls are established by IP Office. There is no need to check bills or to pay for expensive hotel calls.

Twinning

Twinning allows a primary extension and a secondary number (extension or external) to operate together as a single phone.

Twinning allows calls to a user main extension number to alert at both that extension and a secondary extension. This feature is aimed primarily at users who have both a desk phone and a wireless extension. Calls from the secondary twinned extension are presented as if from the user's main extension. Presentation of call waiting and busy is based on whether either of the twinned extensions is in use.

When a call is presented to the primary phone the secondary will ring. If the primary phone does not ring, for example in Do Not Disturb, the secondary phone will not ring.

This is typically used in scenarios like workshops or warehouses where team supervisors may have a desk with a fixed phone but also have a wireless extension (e.g. DECT). When a call is made from either twinned phone, the call will appear to have come from the primary phone. Other users of the system need not know that the supervisor has two different phones. The supervisor's Coverage Timer and No Answer Time are started for the call and if the call is not answered within that time, the call will be delivered to available coverage buttons and then voicemail.

The following features are supported with twinning:

- Follow Me To
- Follow Me Here

- Forwarding
- Do Not Disturb (including exceptions)
- Context less hunt group actions: Membership/Service Status/Fallback Group configuration
- Voicemail On/Off/Access
- Call Log (Central Call Log for T3 and 1600 phones only)
- Redial (Central Call Log for T3 and 1600 phones only)
- Personal Directory Entries (for T3 and 1600 phones only)

Mobility features include:

- Mobile (external) Twinning
- Mobile Call Control
- Mobility Callback
- Avaya one-X Mobile Client Support

Fallback Twinning

IP Office redirects calls to the users twinned external phone numbers when the primary extensions are unreachable even when the Mobile Twinning is disabled. This feature provides a mechanism for failing over to an external device such as mobile and PSTN if a customer site supporting IP Office phones loses connectivity with the Cloud data center.

The following two short codes are available for disabling and enabling mobile Fallback Twinning:

- Set Fallback Twinning Off: To disable Fallback twinning
- Set Fallback Twinning On: To enable Fallback twinning

When Fallback Twinning feature is enabled:

- If Mobile Twinning is enabled – the only change will be to ignore the Mobile Dial Delay setting if the user's devices are unreachable.
- If Mobile Twinning is disabled – and if the user has no reachable devices, the normal evaluation of all Mobile Twinning conditions is performed, and if met, calls are redirected to the twinned mobile number immediately, that is, ignoring the Mobile Dial Delay setting.

Simplified Mobile Access

The standard behavior of the Mobile Call Control feature gives a Mobile Worker fresh dial-tone if a call recipient clears its call. This is intended operation as it prevents the Mobile Worker from dialing in again to make any further calls. Simplified Mobile Access introduces a new set of FNEs (FNE35, FNE36, and FNE 37) to clear the call on call completion; no dial-tone is provided after the call ends.

VPN Phone

VPN Phone is a full-featured IP telephony solution that provides secure communication over public ISP networks to IP Office at the company headquarters. VPN phones provide full telephony features available at the user's desktop to a remote location like a home-office. There is no restriction on VPN phone usage.

VPN Phone is a software-only feature on the standard 5610/5620/5621 or 4610/21 IP phones. In combination with one of these phones and the most popular VPN gateway products, the software extends enterprise telephony to remote locations. VPN functionality is supported on 9600 IP phones and does not require additional software.

VPN Phone works in the following situations:

- Virtual Office workers
- Remote workers
- Remote call center
- Business continuity support
- Very small locations that require a single phone only
- Temporary installations such as conferences, off-site meetings, and trade shows

 **Note:**

J100 phones with SIP do not support VPN phone.

VPN Phone has been tested with a number of VPN-gateways from major vendors like Cisco or Juniper as well as with smaller VPN-access devices from companies like Adtran, Kentrox, Netgear, and SonicWall. Refer to the support pages (support.avaya.com) for a list of available application notes on VPN-gateways tested with each line of phones.

Networking features

Alternate Route Selection

If a primary trunk is unavailable, then Alternate Route Selection (ARS) provides automatic fallback to an available trunk, for example, analog trunk fallback if a T1 or SIP trunk fails, or use PSTN for SCN fallback.

By configuring ARS, the system can route calls through the optimum carrier. You can also use time profiles to take advantage of less expensive rates or better quality at specific times of day.

Multiple carriers are supported. For example, local calls are to go through one carrier between specific hours and international calls through an alternative carrier. Carrier selection using two-

stage call set up through in-band DTMF is possible. It is possible to assign specific routes on a per user basis to only allow expensive routes to be used by critical staff.

Auto Connect

If a service is idle, that is no one is using the internet, Auto Connect allows the system to periodically connect to a service. This is ideal for mail polling to retrieve email from an internet service provider. An Auto Connect Time Profile controls the time period during which automatic calls are made, for example not at weekends or during the middle of the night.

Callback

Three types of call back are supported:

Link Control Protocol (LCP)	After authentication the incoming call is dropped and an outgoing call is made to a predefined number to reestablish the link.
Microsoft Callback Control Protocol (CP)	After authentication from both ends, the incoming call is dropped and an outgoing call to a predefined number made to reestablish the link.
Extended Callback Control Protocol (CBCP)	Similar to Callback CP however, the Microsoft application at the remote end will prompt for a phone number. An outgoing call will then be made to that number to reestablish the link.

Firewall

IP Office integrated firewall provides packet filtering of the most common IP protocols including File Transfer Protocol (FTP) and Internet browsing (HTTP). Each protocol passing through the firewall can be restricted/allowed access in four different ways:

Drop	No sessions using this protocol will be allowed through the firewall.
In	An incoming session can get through the firewall to allow traffic in both directions.
Out	An outgoing session can get through the firewall to allow traffic in both directions.
Bothway	An incoming or outgoing sessions can get through the firewall to allow traffic in both directions.

In cases where a protocol is not supported by default, the firewall can be customized to control packets based on their content.

IP Office allows the configuration of as many firewalls as needed through IP Office Manager. This permits different security regulations to be applied to individual dial-in users and data services.

Internet Access

IP Office provides shared, secure, high-speed access to the internet via exchange lines (Central Office), digital leased lines or IP VPN services.

IP Office handles internet security with an integrated firewall removing the need for a standalone firewall. System administrators can configure the firewall to accommodate a variety of situations and to control who can access external resources and when.

The firewall isolates private networks from the internet, ensuring that the network remains beyond the reach of hackers, while allowing service quotas to be set against a remote access service to ensure authorized users can gain access. Service Quotas place a time limit on outgoing calls to a particular IP Service so limiting costs.

Each service can be configured with an alternative fall back, for example, to connect to an ISP during working hours and at other times take advantage of varying call charges from an alternative ISP. Or, set up one service to connect during peak times and another to act as fallback during the cheaper period.

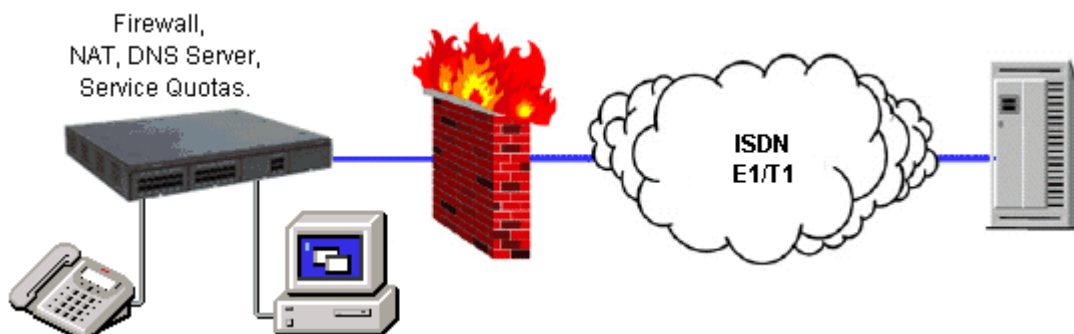


Figure 2: Internet access

Network Numbering Schemes

IP Office provides flexible network numbering options. The system can manipulate dialed digits adding or removing digits and access codes to fit into any numbering scheme. Two types of numbering schemes are commonly deployed: linked numbering and node numbering.

In linked numbering schemes each site within the network has a unique range of extension numbers and users simply dial the extension number of the called party. Often, linked numbering schemes are used in very small networks (less than 5 sites) with less than 500 extensions.

With node numbering schemes, each site is given a node ID and this is prefixed by the user when dialing extensions at other sites. In this way extension numbers can be replicated across sites

while still appearing unique across the network. Node numbering schemes are common in larger networks.

Linked numbering schemes and node numbering schemes are sometimes both used within the same network with node numbering used at the large offices and linked numbering employed at clusters of satellite offices.

Service Quotas

IP Office can be configured to limit the maximum number of minutes that a service, such as Internet Access, is available for each user. This is the sum total of calls made and does not include periods of inactivity. Once the quota has been used the service is no longer available. The quota can be either automatically refreshed daily, weekly or monthly or manually refreshed by dialing a secure feature code on a handset.

Time Profiles

Time Profiles can be used to define when a Service, Hunt Group, Least Cost Route, Conference Bridge or a user's dial-in facility are operational. For example, a time profile can be used to route hunt group calls to a manned extension or voicemail outside of office hours, or be used to apply different Least Cost Routes at varying times of day to take advantage of cheaper call rates. Multiple Time Entries can be created so that a Time Profile can be used to define specific hours in the day e.g. 09:00-12:00 and 13:00-17:00. Outside of a Time Profile, voice calls would be re-routed according to the configuration but any currently connected calls at the time the Time Profile changes would not get cut off as the change only affects the routing. Data calls will get cut off as the time profile goes out of service but a new data call will start immediately if specified. Time Profiles can also be based on specific calendar dates to make allowance for public holidays or other events.

Multisite networking

When connecting IP Office systems together over IP or packet-based networks, Small Community Networks (SCNs) enhance feature transparency. These networks can support up to a maximum of 1000 users across 32 sites.

IP Office supports the following features in an SCN environment:

Basic call setup (voice)	Supported by H.323 and SIP on IP trunks
Call Hold (local)	Supported by H.323 and SIP on IP trunks
Call Transfer (local)	Supported by H.323 and SIP on IP trunks

Called/Calling Name	Supported by H.323 and SIP on IP trunks
Called/Calling Number	Supported by H.323 and SIP on IP trunks
Busy Lamp Field (BLF)	
Camp-on	
Call Back When Free	
Paging	
Pickup	
Location based time zones	Different times zones for group of extensions based on locations. For 96xx, 16xx, 11xx/12xx, D100, and E129 phones
Centralized Personal Directory	For 1400, 1600, 9600 and T3 phones and Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office
Centralized System Directory	For 1400, 1600, 9600 and T3 phones and Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office
Centralized Call Log	For 1400, 1600, 9600 and T3 phones and Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office
Centralized Voicemail	Preferred Edition. Support for mailboxes, call recording, dial by name and auto attendants. Remote queuing on remote systems is also supported.
Distributed/Backup Voice Messaging	
Internal Directory	
Absence Text	
Anti-Tromboning	
Distributed Hunt Groups	Hunt groups can include users located on other IP Office systems within the network.
Remote Hot Desking	Users can hot desk between IP Office systems within the network. The system on which the user configured is termed their home IP Office; all other systems are remote IP Office systems.
Breakout Dialing	This feature allows the user to select an IP Office system in the network from a displayed list and then dial a subsequent number

as if dialing locally on the chosen system. This feature is triggered either by a programmable button or short code.

Resiliency

As an example, in an SCN configuration of System A and System B where the centralized voicemail is connected to System B, and a number of IP phones are connected to either System A or System B. If System B fails then:

- System A will automatically take over from System B and support IP phones, hunt groups, and DHCP if required.
- Voicemail Pro will reregister to System A.
- For users in an SCN, when they hot desk to another IP Office system, they retain their licensed profile setting as configured on their home system.
- All System B users' personal contacts and call logs will continue to be available (96x1, 9600, and 1600 phones).

For multisite networks, VCM modules are required in all systems being connected. The IP lines may be configured in a star or a meshed configuration. One of the advantages of a meshed configuration is that it removes the risk of a single point of failure within the network. Also the names and numbers (groups, line, services, etc.) on the separate IP Office systems should be unique to reduce potential maintenance confusion.

Each IP Office system broadcasts UDP messages on Port 50795. These broadcasts typically recur every 30 seconds but BLF updates are potentially more frequent. There are no updates if there is no activity and the overall level of traffic is very low - typically less than 1 kbps per system.

Multisite networking is supported between IP Office systems with differing software levels but network features will be based on the lowest level of software within the network. This option is intended to allow the phased upgrading of sites within a multisite network and it is still recommended that all systems within a network are upgraded to the same level where possible.

If larger networks are required Q.SIG can be used to link multiple SCNs together. Functionality between the communities is governed by the Q.SIG feature set.

Voice networking licenses

On IP500 V2 systems, multisite networking (with SCN) requires one or more additional licenses. Server Edition Expansion (V2) systems do not require voice networking licenses.

Q.SIG, H.323 and SCN capabilities are not enabled by default on IP500 V2. An additional license is required to enable this functionality with 4 simultaneous networking channels (no channel limit for Q.SIG). Additional channels can then be licensed in increments of 4. A Voice Networking license is still required to enable TDM Q.SIG, even though there is no limit to the number of TDM Q.SIG calls that can be made or received once licensed.

Networking services

Dial-Up Circuit Support

Where the amount of traffic does not justify the cost of a dedicated leased line, the system can provide data connectivity via ISDN dial-up circuits using its E1/T1 or Basic Rate trunks. Where

data speeds greater than a single channel are required (64K/56K), additional channels can be added to the call as and when they are needed.

DHCP Server

IP Office can manage your IP Network for you through its integral DHCP Server. IP Office can be configured to hold a pool of IP addresses for users on the Local Area Network. When a user powers up their PC, the system will allocate them an IP address for the duration of their session. The DHCP server also provides the user's PC with the address of the Domain Name Service (DNS) server and the Windows Name Service (WINS) server. Alternatively, for customers who have a separate DHCP Server, IP Office can be configured to obtain its address from that DHCP server or be set with its own static IP address. IP500 V2 has two independent DHCP servers, each one dedicated to Layer 3 switched LANs.

Domain Name Service (DNS) Proxy

Domain Name Service servers provide the translation of names such as www.avaya.com to the domain's IP address required to establish a connection. IP Office provides this service to PCs on the network by proxy.

LAN/WAN Services

The IP500 V2 supports a firewalled 2 port Layer 3 Ethernet Switch.

When computers on the LAN communicate they do not care where the destination is, they just send messages with the address of the destination. These messages are likely to be received at all other computers on the same network but only one - the target destination - will act on the message. Where the destination is on another network, the router is needed to be the "gateway" to the rest of the world and find the optimum route to send the message on to the destination. The router alleviates the need to establish and hold a call for the duration of a communication session (when messages or IP packets are being sent between source and destination) by automatically establishing a connection only when data is to be passed. Routers may be connected together using WAN (Wide Area Network) links that could be point-to-point leased lines, managed IP networks, Frame Relay networks or exchange lines (Central Office). The IP Office system supports all of these types of network connections.

IP Office has an integral router with support for bandwidth on demand that allows the negotiation of extra bandwidth dynamically over time. Where connection is over ISDN, IP Office initiates extra data connections between sites only when there is data to be sent or sufficient data to warrant additional channels. It then drops the extra channels when they are no longer needed. The calls are made automatically, without the users being aware of when calls begin or end. The rules for making calls, how long to keep calls up etc, are configurable within IP Office.

It is possible to have several different routing destinations or paths active at any time linking the office to other offices and the Internet simultaneously.

LAN to LAN Routing

All businesses now have a need for data routing whether it's a requirement to share resources such as email servers, file servers and internet gateways, or seamlessly transport data between

sites or network to and from their customers and suppliers. This is why each IP Office platform offers IP routing as standard.

Embedding a router within IP Office removes the costs, complexity and additional points of failure of external WAN multiplexers by allowing data and voice traffic to converge and share the network resources of IP Office. These network resources can range from dial up ISDN connections, point-to-point leased circuits, managed IP networks or Frame Relay as IP Office supports all these types of network connections.

Integral 10/100 Mbit Layer 3 Ethernet Switch

Layer 3 switching is particularly useful in situations where it is desirable to have a 'trusted' and 'unsecured' network, where the 'unsecured' network is uncontrolled and carries public traffic on it.

It is possible to set up a firewall between two LAN segments using the IP Office layer 3 switch. IP500 V2 supports a two-port Layer 3 Ethernet switch with the firewall between them. Both of these switched ports have their own IP addresses (LAN1 and LAN2) and in order for traffic to pass from one port to the other, a route is configured in the system's routing tables.

Leased Line Support

IP Office is capable of connecting to leased line services.

IP Office WAN services are supported over E1/T1 PRI trunks and BRI trunks. E1/T1 trunks can be configured to operate in a fractional mode for 'point to multi-point' applications i.e. a single 2M interface could be treated as 3 x 512K and 8 x 64K going to 11 different locations. When using T1 as a Leased Line it is possible to use the same circuit for switched circuit services. Not all types of leased line are available in all territories, check for availability.

Remote Access Server

IP Office provides Remote Access Server (RAS) functionality allowing external users to dial in to the local area network from modems, phone adaptors and routers.

Several of the previously described features and services can be applied to the dial-in users to create RAS capabilities. Dial-in users can be authenticated using either PAP or CHAP. Once authenticated the DHCP server can automatically assign the user an IP address to use while connected to the LAN. Individual time profiles and firewalls can be applied to the user restricting what they have access to and when they have access. For further security and accounting ease, IP Office can automatically call a user back. This keeps the cost of the phone call on the company phone bill removing the need to process individual expense claims.

SSL/VPN Remote Access

SSL/VPN remote access provides Avaya and Avaya partners with reliable remote access that enhances service delivery while reducing the cost associated with truck rolls. The solution enables partners of any size to create an infrastructure that automates management and maintenance of IP Office systems.

IP Office software includes an embedded SSL/VPN client. On the server side (should the partner decide to host the server side), the partner will need to install a server (VM) and install the Avaya

VPN Gateway (AVG) software. The Partner will establish the SSL/VPN Gateway configuration on the IP Office so that the IP Office can trigger a secure tunnel back to the Gateway.

A username/password is setup during the configuration step for security purposes. A second level of security is also provided with a server-side certificate authentication. A radius server will then validate the username/password upon connection request initiated from the IP Office. Once the credentials are validated, the secure remote access is established.

At a minimum, the partner needs to ensure that a broadband connection is available at the customer site. A partner deciding to host the server side can purchase (scale as you go) the SSL/VPN licenses based on how many simultaneous connections are required. The AVG software is installed on a VM server software (the partner can choose the server of their choice) and set up a radius server for username/password authentication. The same VM server can also act as a radius server or the partner can use a separate radius server or reuse an existing radius server based on their IT department's recommendations and security policy.

Partners wanting to host the server side gateway should refer to the Avaya enterprise portal for more detailed information about the Avaya VPN gateway solution (see <https://enterpriseportal.avaya.com/ptlWeb/gs/products/P0623/AllCollateral>).

SSL/VPN remote access provides the following functionality:

- Secure remote access at broadband speeds for enhanced support
- Simple configuration and deployment
- Scaling to accommodate future growth requirements
- Networking expertise not required at the customer site (No IT admin required at the customer site)
- No requirement to open holes in the firewall (Firewall-agnostic as the connection is initiated from the customers' site to the Gateway)
- Connection can be “Always-ON” or can be initiated via Dial-Up or Phone.
- Facilitation of remote configuration, management, monitoring, diagnostics, and upgrades.

Phone features

Alerting/ring tone for covered calls

Users can choose how the covered call will alert and set the alert noise to low in open floor plan offices.

Users can set the alert signal (ring tone) for incoming calls for covered phones to the following values:

- Ring (default)

- Abbreviated ring
- No ring

Buttons, keys and lamps

IP Office supports up to 10 buttons on each phone and 10 phones with the same line appearance.

The key and lamp features require a phone with buttons and indicators and on certain Avaya digital and IP phones. Key and lamp operation is not supported on analog phones. You can set a ring delay on each appearance button to allow time for the target number to answer before another extension rings, or set a visual alert only — without a ring.

Programmable buttons

Digital and IP phones have dedicated function buttons for mute, volume, hold, conference and transfer. On many digital and IP phones administrator users can program keys and buttons with a range of selected special functions.

These buttons are used for calling other extensions on the system or for other options such as speed dialing numbers and do not disturb. Many features use an indicator to show whether a feature is enabled. Implementation engineers can program buttons as part of the system configuration, although some phones allow users to program buttons and functions where given administration rights.

For more information see *Avaya IP Office™ Platform Short Code and Button Action Reference*.

Appearance buttons

Many Avaya digital and IP phones have programmable buttons. These buttons can be assigned to appearance functions that allow the handling of calls.

Use the programmable buttons available on Avaya digital and IP phones to represent individual calls. Answer, originate and join calls by pressing the appropriate appearance buttons. The appearance buttons on the phone indicate calls connected and calls waiting. This allows the user to handle multiple calls from a single phone.

Line appearance buttons

Line appearance indicate users making and answering calls on a specific external trunk.

Line appearance buttons show the use of a trunk line on the system and tracks the activity on the line. Only external calls can be answered or made on line appearances. Line appearances can be used with Analog, E1 PRI, T1 PRI and BRI trunks PSTN trunks. They cannot be used with E1R2, Q.SIG and IP trunks.

Call appearance buttons

Call appearance buttons allow a user to make, answer and switch between multiple calls by pressing the appropriate call appearance button for each call.

On digital and IP phones that have programmable buttons, you can be set them as call appearance buttons using IP Office Manager. The number of call appearance buttons set for a user determines the number of simultaneous calls they can make and answer. When call appearance buttons are used, a minimum of three call appearance buttons is recommended where possible, although some phones are restricted to two call appearance buttons by the number or design of their programmable buttons. Where possible, the status of the calls (ringing, connected or held) is indicated by the button indicator.

 **Note:**

Note that the use of call appearance buttons overrides call waiting features. It is only when all call appearances are in use that subsequent callers receive either busy tone, voicemail or follow a forward on busy action.

Bridged appearance buttons

Bridged appearance buttons allow the user to have an appearance button that matches another user's call appearance button.

A bridged appearance button allows a user to answer and make calls on behalf of another user. An audible indication of calls is presented to the bridged user where programmed. The button provides a visual indication of when the other user has calls presented, held or connected. A user can join and exchange calls using the paired call appearance and bridged appearance buttons.

For example, when one user's call appearance button shows a ringing call, the bridged appearance button on another user's phone also shows the ringing call and that user can use it to answer the call. Similarly, if a user uses the bridged appearance button to make a call, the call activity shows on the matching call appearance button. The user can join or takeover the call using their call appearance button.

Bridged appearance buttons allow paired "manager/secretary" style operation between two users, and are only supported for users who have call appearance buttons.

Call coverage buttons

Call coverage buttons allow unanswered calls to alert at other user extensions and be answered there before being forwarded or going to voicemail.

Call coverage buttons allow users to answer a colleague's unanswered call before it goes to voicemail. When a user has an unanswered call ringing, after a configurable delay, the call will also start alerting on any call coverage buttons associated with the user on other extensions. Another user can answer the call by pressing the call coverage button. If the call goes unanswered, the call is forwarded or goes to voicemail.

You can adjust the time a call rings before alerting on associated call coverage buttons.

Multiple Access Directory Number buttons

Multiple Access Directory Number (MADN) is a key and lamp style feature that permits a user to have multiple appearance of a directory number. Users can have up to thirty appearances of the

same directory number. To use MADN features in IP Office environment, the MADN number must be configured as one of the user's number.

MADN Single Call Arrangement (SCA)

- The directory number can be on 1 or more users.
- Calls alert on all buttons configured with the directory number and any user can answer the call on that button.
- A user can make an outgoing call when the directory number is Idle. The call party details will be the name and number of the selected button.
- When the directory number is in use, other users with the button appearance see the number as busy.
- Users can bridge into calls with privacy settings.

MADN Multiple Call Arrangement (MCA)

- The directory number can be on 1 or more users
- Calls alert on all buttons configured with that directory number and any user can answer the call on that button. After the call is answered, all other users see the number go Idle.
- When the directory number is Idle, the user can select the button to make an outgoing call. The calling party details will be the user's name and the directory number of the selected button.

Note:

The MADN feature is supported on button sets only and not on analog and DECT phones.

Busy lamp field indicators

Busy lamp field (BLF) indicators show when a button or associated feature is active.

Digital and IP phones have programmable buttons which can be assigned to various features. When those buttons include some form of BLF indicator, the button can also be used to indicate when the feature is active. For example, a button associated with another user will indicate when that user is active on a call. A button associated with a group will indicate when the group has calls waiting to be answered.

The directory entries in and the speed dial icons within the Phone Manager and SoftConsole applications also act as BLFs. When the icons are associated with internal users, the icons will change to indicate the current status of the users.

Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office shows these conditions:





Text or icon	State	Description
available	Available	You are available and can be called.
	Busy	You have a call in progress.

Table continues...

Text or icon	State	Description
	Do not disturb	You have enabled do not disturb on the phone system. Calls to you are redirected to voicemail if available. Otherwise, the callers receive a busy tone. The exception is calls from numbers that you have added to your list of do not disturb exceptions.
	Logged out	You have not logged into the extension on the phone system. Calls to you are redirected to voicemail if available. Otherwise, the callers receive a busy tone. You cannot make calls. However you can still use to alter your configuration settings.
	Ringing	The phone is ringing and you have an incoming call.
unknown	Unknown	Your presence on the phone system is unknown. The presence cannot be determined as the phone number is not an extension on the system.

External call lamps

Users can determine if covered calls are internal or external based on the indicator flash pattern.

Users can select the lamp flash pattern for external calls on bridged and call coverage appearance buttons.

Message waiting lamps

IP Office uses message waiting indication (MWI) to set a lamp or other indication on phones when a new message has been left for the user, either in a personal voice mailbox or in a group mailbox or call back message. After the system plays the message, it turns the lamp off.

All digital and IP phones have in-built message waiting lamps. Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office provides message waiting indication on screen.

For analog phones, IP Office provides a variety of analog message waiting indication (MWI) methods:

- 51 V stepped
- 81 V
- 101 V
- Line reversal

The system administrator or installer selects the MWI method using IP Office Manager during configuration to match the properties of the analog phones.

Note:

101V signaling is only available on IP500 phone cards and expansion modules.

Call history

IP Office keeps a record of calls made and received, including unanswered calls. Details are stored for both users (maximum 30 entries) and hunt groups (maximum 10 entries). The method of operation varies according to the phone type but in all cases the call records can be used for return calls.

Call history can display data for all calls, missed calls, inbound calls and outbound calls. Entries in the call history can be used for return calls, sorted and added to the local directory or speed dials. Call log data is retained even after power down and a system reset. A centralized call log is supported in the SCN when using hotdesking maintaining consistency between desktop phones and user productivity applications. Call log entries can be added to the personal directory.

Caller ID

If the service provider supplies a caller ID, IP Office can pass it to the answering phone or application and includes it in any call log or history supported by the phone or application. If the caller ID matches a number in the directory, IP Office displays the matching directory name.

If IP Office Phone Manager or TAPI service links to a database, IP Office performs an automatic query on the supplied Caller ID and displays the caller's record to the user before the call is answered.

For outgoing calls, IP Office can insert a system wide caller ID or set a flag to have caller ID withheld. For users with a direct dial number routed to their extension, IP Office uses that number as their caller ID for outgoing calls. Alternatively, IP Office can use short codes to specify the caller ID that should be sent with outgoing calls.

Note:

Sending and receiving the caller ID is subject to the service provider supporting that service. The service provider may also restrict which numbers can be used for outgoing caller ID.

Centralized Personal Directory

The Personal Directory is a list of up to 100 numbers and associated names stored centrally in the system for a specific user. A directory entry can be used to label an incoming call on a caller display telephone or on a PC application. The directory also gives a system wide list of frequently used numbers for speed dialing.

For example "Mr. Smith" can be displayed when a known Caller ID is received. A user can also select **Mr. Smith** in the Directory List in Phone Manager, or on a display phone to speed dial this number. All entries may be added, deleted or modified by Manager, a telephone, or an external service. The personal directory data is sent/updated whenever the user is logged in a SCN.

Language

Avaya digital and IP phone menus and displays are available in many languages and usually the system default setting will be applicable to all phones, however it is possible to have language set on an extension by extension basis, this will also change the language of menus for IP Office Voicemail.

On Hook Dialing

Avaya digital and IP telephones allow the user to make calls by just dialing the number on the keypad, without having to lift the handset or pressing a speaker button. Usually the call progress can be monitored using the speaker in the phone. On phones that support hands free usage, the conversation can be had without having to lift the handset.

Self-Administration

The IP Office administrator may give select users the ability to change some of the phone settings themselves. The range of changes that the user can make depends on the phone.

Visual voice

Users can access and control voice messages through the digital or IP phone display. Visual Voice works on Preferred or Essential Edition, and can only be used with large display LCD sets only from the 1400, 1600, 2400, 5400, 4600, 5600, 9500, and Avaya J100 Series IP Phones. (1403, 1603, 1603SW, 2402, 5402, 4601, 4602SW, 5601, 5602SW do not support Visual Voice).

On phones that have a display but do not support visual voice, mailbox access using voice prompts and direct to voicemail transfer during a call is supported (does not include T3 and T3 IP phones).

Visual voice allows users to perform the following tasks:

- Access new, old and saved messages for personal and hunt group mailboxes
- Next and previous message
- Fast forward and rewind
- Pause message
- Save, delete and copy a message to other users of the system
- Change default greeting
- Change password

Features

- Change email settings (Preferred Edition only)

Part 3: Applications

Chapter 5: Applications

User applications

The following sections provide an overview of the applications intended for end users.

IP Office Self-Administration

IP Office Self-Administration is a set of menus that can be accessed via web browser. They are supported in all IP Office modes except Basic Edition.

The menus allow user to view and change basic telephony options such as their call forwarding numbers and 'do not disturb' status. On systems that are using Media Manager, the user can also access call recordings.

The system administrator is able to configure which users can access self-administration. In addition, for each user they can configure which self-administration options that user is able to access.

Avaya Workplace Client

Avaya Workplace Client is a SIP-based Unified Communications (UC) client that provides users with real time collaboration capabilities and enables business users to easily manage their day-to-day communications from a single interface. IP Office supports the following operating systems:

- Desktop:
 - Windows
 - macOS
- Mobile phone:
 - Android: From a mobile phone, tablet, or an Avaya Vantage™ device
 - iOS

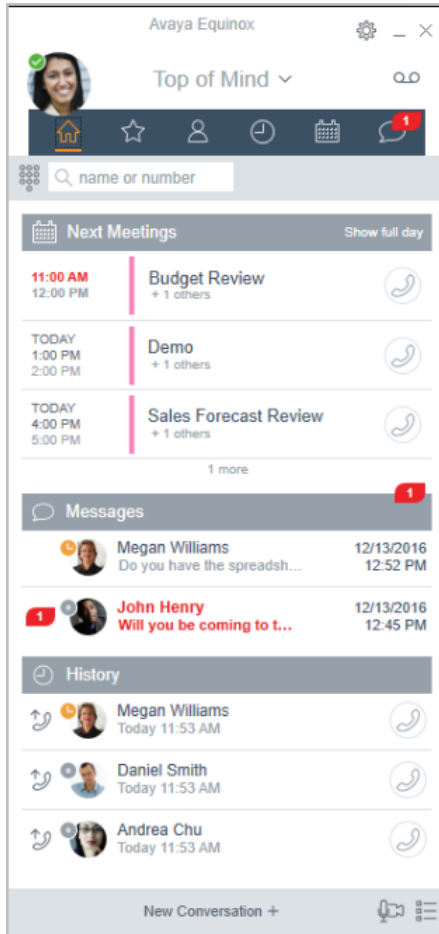
 **Note:**

From Avaya Vantage™ Release 2.1, the K155 devices support the Avaya Workplace Client.

From Avaya Vantage™ Release 2.2, the K175 devices support the Avaya Workplace Client.

Avaya Workplace Client is a common cross-platform client. The client capabilities vary depending on the platform it is registered with. The supported features in Avaya Workplace Client for IP Office are:

- Top of Mind Home Screen
 - Next meetings showing local calendar schedule or Exchange Web Service/Office 365
 - Local Call History
 - Messages
 - Start Meetings/Launch Spaces dashboard
- Top of Mind Lite Option for Mobile phones
- IP Office directory and local contacts
- Messaging through Avaya Spaces
- Presence through IP Office server
- Centralized call log.
- Dialpad with Redial
- Desktop integration with Microsoft Outlook and Browsers
- Softphone client audio and video calls
- Shared control of an associated IP Office deskphone.



Avaya Workplace Client registers with IP Office server as a SIP softphone for audio and video calling, and telephony features. The following features are supported:

- Point to point audio and video calls (make, receive, and end)
- Multiple call handling (incoming and outgoing)
- Hold and retrieve (audio and video calls)
- Transfer (blind and consultative)
- Consult conferencing
- Escalate audio to video call
- Share control with supported desk phones in the Avaya Workplace Client desktop.
- CTI Control- Avaya Workplace Client for IP Office can be controlled through other applications such as Avaya Contact Center Select, IP Office Contact Center, IP Office SoftConsole, one-X Portal, Call assistance or Outlook plugin.

CTI is supported with Avaya Workplace Client for Windows only.

- Apple push notification service- platform notification service created by Apple Inc. With this service, third-party application developers can send notification events to applications installed on Apple devices when the application is idle in the background or is in quit state.
- Avaya Workplace Client on Avaya Vantage™
- Presence and directory integration with Avaya Workplace Client on Avaya Vantage™
- Enter DTMFs during a call

Avaya Workplace Client on Avaya Vantage™ supports the following features:

- Making outgoing calls.
- Handling incoming calls.
- Putting call on hold and resuming the call.
- Muting and unmuting a call.
- Transferring a call.
- Escalating an audio call to video call and de-escalating video call to audio call.
- Entering DTMF digits using the keypad.
- Access your local contacts
- Access your IP Office contacts by using IP Office directory.
- Manage your presence status and presence status messages.

Avaya Workplace Client for IP Office limitations:

- Branch worker — Avaya Workplace Client for IP Office does not support failover between Avaya Aura® core and IP Office Branch.
- For Instant Messaging, Avaya Workplace Client for IP Office requires either Avaya Spaces or Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office.
- CTI control- Avaya IP Office CTI applications supports mute/unmute control, however it will not visually appear in Avaya Workplace Client.

IP Office does not support video call controls over CTI.

- The Avaya Workplace Client accesses Workplace Meetings Online using HTTPS, from within the Workplace Meetings tab of the client. The Avaya Workplace Client can access local on-premise Equinox Conferencing in the same way using HTTPS, that is, if the access URL is configured under Workplace Meetings. However, if the Avaya Workplace Client accesses local on-premise Equinox Conferencing through SIP trunks, audio and video will be available but not sharing or conference roster. The same applies for accessing Scopio over SIP trunks too. Even when Avaya Workplace Client accesses local on-premise IP Office Meet Me Conferencing, audio will be available but not sharing or conference roster.
- Apple Push Notification service (APNs) is a platform notification service created by Apple Inc. This service allows iOS users of Avaya Workplace Client to receive notification of new calls, voicemail messages, and other events. They receive these notifications regardless when the Avaya Workplace Client is idle in the background or is in quit state. However, if Avaya Workplace Client is on suspension, then Avaya Workplace Client automatically starts when a new call or instant message notification arrives.

Unlike the rest of the world, due to the restriction of CallKit in Chinese applications, Avaya Workplace Client does not display incoming call screen using CallKit. However, an incoming call notification is displayed.

Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office

Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office provides users control of their telephone from a networked PC. Use this application with any extension; analog, digital or any IP telephone, wired or wireless, that is available as part of the Office Worker, Power User or Teleworker user licenses.

Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office is a server-based application that the user accesses via web browser.

For Telecommuter mode, One-X applications require answer supervision and disconnect detection for proper functioning. As a result, the one-X applications will not work with trunks that do not support answer supervision and disconnect detection.

Note:

one-X applications function on trunk types such as PRI, BRI, and SIP, however, they will not function on E1R2, T1 RBS and analog loop start trunks.

System administrators can control if Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office can be accessed over a secure protocol only, recommended for hosted deployments to provide “secure only” access. The other option is to allow users to access the client over a secure and unsecure protocol (HTTP/HTTPS). The client application forces users to change their passwords and voicemail passcodes to meet the complexity settings configured by the administrator.

Through gadgets, Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office provides the following features:

- Call information
- Call and conference control
- Presence and instant messaging notifications, monitoring and archiving
- Contact import and export
- XMPP groups displayed in the **System Directory** tab
- Support for User Avatar on Avaya one-X® Portal web client **System Directory** tab
- Dial to user's own bridge and invite other users to join
- Conference call and other meeting scheduling including port reservations, email support and automatic report creation — available within the Outlook interface
- One-click web conferencing hosting and single sign-on joining web conferences as a participant
- Display number of **Logged in Sessions** on Avaya one-X® Portal administrator dashboard under User Details section. This shows the number of clients a user is currently logged in. Detailed information on the Logged in sessions is displayed on the Avaya one-X® Portal under Health/Active sessions tab.

- Option to block client versions under configuration.
- Option to clear all sessions for a user.
- Option to track repeated failed login attempts.

Avaya IP Office Web Client

Avaya IP Office Web Client is a WebRTC application that provides various communication capabilities. The client takes advantage of WebRTC Gateway resiliency improvements delivered in R11.0 and is supported on Server Edition and IP500V2/IP500V2A. Users must have Office Worker or Power User license to use the Avaya IP Office Web Client features. The client is supported in the following environments:

- Google Chrome browsers on Windows OS
- Google Chrome browsers on macOS
- Standalone client on Windows OS

Avaya IP Office Web Client provides the following features:

- Point to point audio and video calls
- Access to Voicemail access
- Call logs
- Conferencing:
 - Ad-hoc Conference by merging calls
 - Starting or joining an IP Office Meet Me Conference
 - Accessing IP Office Web Collaboration
- Point-to-point Instant Messaging and Presence by integrating with Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office
- Click-to-call using Google Chrome extension
- Single-Sign-On (SSO) support for Avaya one-X® Portal for IP Office and IP Office Web Collaboration
- System Directory and Favorites (Personal Directory)

SoftConsole

SoftConsole is the PC-based Windows receptionist application for IP Office. It can be purchased with the Receptionist user license.

SoftConsole provides enterprise receptionists and operators with call information and call actions to simplify call handling and instant messaging. With SoftConsole, users see the status of other users and adjust basic telephony settings of other users, such as forwarding numbers. Avaya recommends using phones that support Auto Answer. Users can use instant messaging features provided by Avaya one-X® Portal, if available.

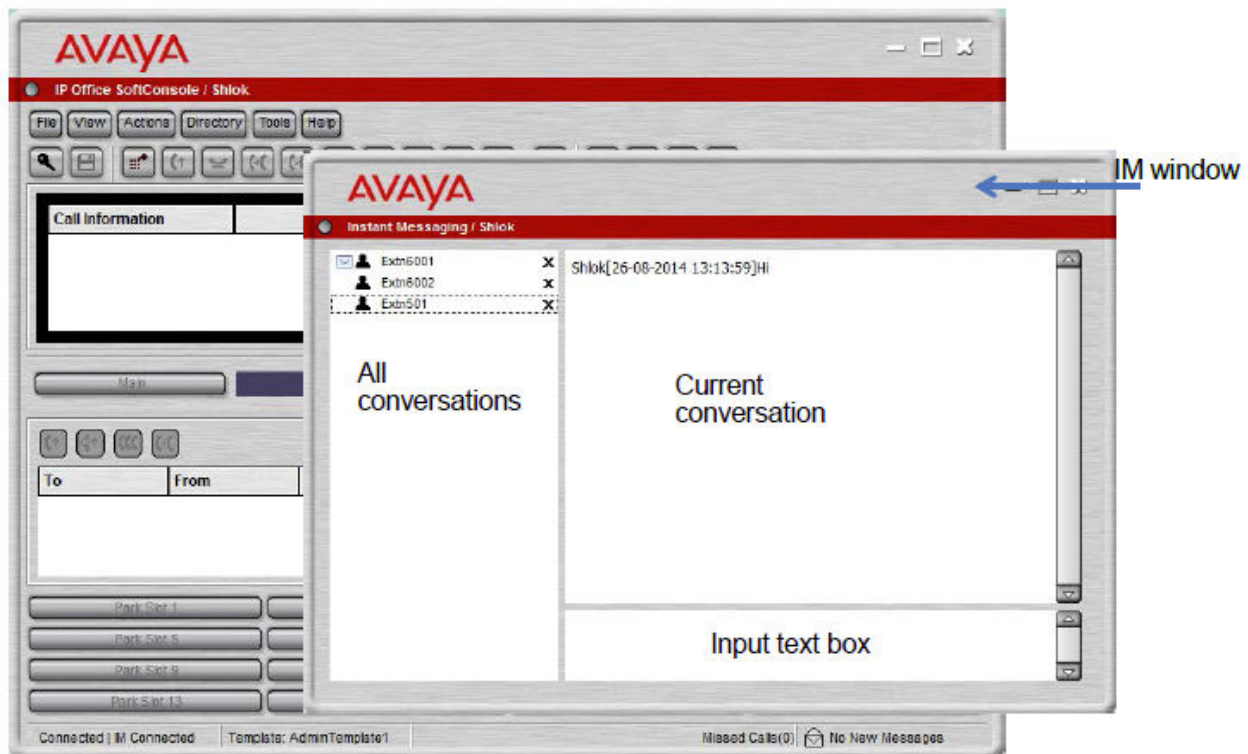


Figure 3: SoftConsole instant messaging window

WebSocket communication allows SoftConsole clients to communicate with IP Office and Avaya one-X® Portal. The WebSocket protocol is bidirectional between the client and the server. As the communication is done over port 80 or 443 (same port used for HTTP), there are no issues with firewall traversal. In a hosted environment, WebSocket communication provides security.

SoftConsole can be minimized in the Windows system tray when not in use, but will pop up on the screen when a call is received. Sound and media files can be associated with calls. If this feature is used, the PC requires a sound card and speakers.

SoftConsole supports the following features:

- Answering calls
- Making outgoing calls
- Supervised and unsupervised transfers
- Transfer calls to voicemail
- Hold and park calls
- Monitoring queues and answering queue calls
- Using and viewing conference rooms
- Conferencing held calls
- Adding users to a conference

- Adding text to a call
- Door release
- Intrude
- Sending text messages
- Paging
- Recording calls
- Sending email
- Using dial pad
- Multiple language support, users can select language

Avaya one-X[®] Mobile

Avaya one-X[®] Mobile is an application that mobile users use to connect to IP Office.

Avaya one-X[®] Mobile works in call-back telephony mode. For example, when a user initiates a call from the client, IP Office initiates a call to the caller's mobile device and then dials the destination. This mode offers cost savings to users in countries where incoming voice calls are free or for users who have a cheaper unlimited voice plan as compared with a data plan.

The one-X Mobile Preferred mobility client also works in Voice over IP (VoIP) mode. In the VoIP mode, the client makes calls over Wi-Fi/3G/4G data networks. The client, using its underlying SIP stack, registers with IP Office over the data network and functions as an office extension.

Users in countries where incoming calls are charged will see a significant cost savings in the VoIP mode especially when on Wi-Fi networks. The availability of both call-back and VoIP modes on the mobility client will enable users to toggle between the modes based on their network connections. This will empower end-users to make a choice of the appropriate mode based on their voice and data plan as well as the availability and quality of their data connection (Wi-Fi/3G/4G). For example,

- The user can choose the call-back mode when he or she doesn't have Wi-Fi access and the 3G data connection is not providing good quality for voice.
- The user can choose the VoIP mode when he or she has access to a mobile hotspot where a Wi-Fi data connection is available or when the 3G or 4G data connection is good.

One one-X Mobile Preferred mobility client supports VoIP mode on both iOS and Android devices. VoIP mode is available with the Power User profile. Users with Mobile Worker profiles can only use call-back mode. VoIP mode does not require an IP endpoint license. The following features are available:

- Ring-tone selection
- High bandwidth or narrowband codec selection based on the network connection available
- Bluetooth headset audio control on VoIP calls

- Conference screen
- Contact phone number selection
- Voicemail priority indicator
- Swipe support for instant messaging on home screen
- Group action support
- Emoticons
- CLID lookup in contacts for calls
- Send voicemail as WAV in email
- Enable or disable mobile twinning (simultaneous ring)
- Enable or disable DND (send all calls)
- Call log combined with voicemails in the event history
- Call monitoring to see and interact with all calls
- VoIP mode dial plan
- Transfer calls as a third-party call controller (3PCC)

Avaya Communicator for IP Office

Avaya Communicator for IP Office is a collaboration software client that delivers an innovative interface for real time communications for Windows and on the iPad. It enables users to handle phone calls, instant messages, conferencing, web collaboration, presence, enterprise contacts and e-mail, all from a single interface. Avaya Communicator for IP Office delivers the intuitive graphic design of spotlights, media menu, notification bar, and contact cards.

Avaya Communicator for IP Office communicates with both IP Office and Avaya one-X® Portal to provide communication and collaboration features. Telephony features such as make/receive calls, hold/unhold, mute/unmute, DTMF, MWI, etc. are provided by IP500V2/IP500V2A and UC features such as IM, presence, and enterprise contacts are provided by the Avaya one-X® Portal server.

If Avaya one-X® Portal server is unavailable, either due to licensing restriction or connectivity issues, the Avaya Communicator for IP Office client will work in a telephony-only mode providing only telephony features. Interoperability with Avaya Session Border Controller for Enterprise allows the Avaya Communicator for IP Office client to be used by users with the Remote Worker profile and register with IP Office without requiring a VPN connection.

Avaya Communicator for IP Office provides the following features:

- Add participants using dial-pad or drag and drop
- Mute and unmute all or a subset of participants
- Lock and unlock the conference

- Place conference in lecture mode
- Enable and disable entry and exit tones
- Drop all or some participants from the conference
- End the conference
- Enable and disable continuation to allow the conference continue after the moderator drops
- Promote participants to moderator
- Create ad-hoc conferences by merging P2P calls
- Authorization and account codes (Windows only)
- Hold timeout reminder (Windows only)
- Compact user experience
- TSL/SRTP support
- Contact filtering
- Web conferencing integration
- Unsupervised transfer
- Auto-answer
- Simultaneous mode
- Password change
- Account codes
- Auto configuration (iOS only)
- Bluetooth and headset device support and selection (iOS only)
- Interoperability with Scopia (Radvision XT5000)

 **Note:**

Avaya Communicator for IP Office does not support recording and active speaker indicator.

Avaya Communicator for IP Office for iPad

Avaya Communicator for IP Office for iPad integrates voice, video, presence, instant messaging, directories into one unified interface over Wi-Fi or 3G cellular and VPN connections.

Avaya Communicator for IP Office is a software-only solution that can be easily downloaded from the Apple iTunes Store supporting iPad2, iPad3, iPad4, iPad Mini (with and without retina display), iPad Air both Wi-Fi and 3G models and the following iOS versions: 6.1.x, 7.0.x, 7.1.x, and 8.0.x.

 **Note:**

Avaya Communicator for IP Office is not supported on iOS 6.0.x.

With Avaya Communicator for IP Office, IP Office users can use iPad devices for:

- Easy access to the real-time communications tools they rely on every day (phone, presence, IM, etc.)
- Blending real-time communications and business processes, such as mobile sales
- Taking advantage of Wi-Fi and 3G connectivity for cost-saving VoIP
- Secure signaling over TLS and secure media exchange over SRTP in cloud environments
- As a web conferencing moderator, the ability to share white board and documents
- Changing passwords
- Auto-answer support
- Unsupervised transfers
- Auto configuration services using a configuration profile hosted on a web server by email address or URL
- Bluetooth and headset device support and selection
- System directory search
- Add/delete members from a team (XMPP Group)
- Search the system directory and add to a team or personal contact
- Radvision XT5000 support for point-to-point video calls

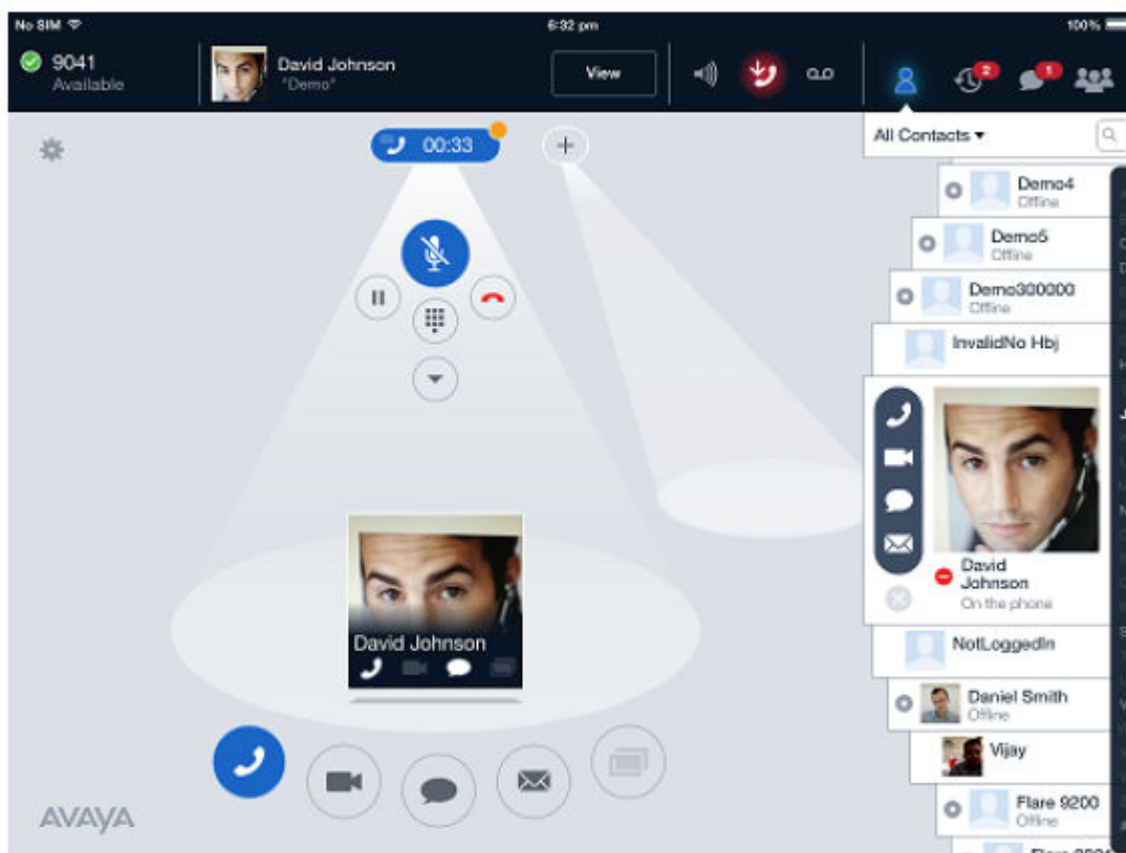


Figure 4: Avaya Communicator for IP Office for iPad

Avaya Communicator for IP Office for Windows

Avaya Communicator for IP Office for Windows integrates voice, presence, instant messaging and directories into one unified offering for Windows laptops and desktops over a LAN connection.

Avaya Communicator for IP Office provides the following features:

- Compact mode occupying less screen real estate

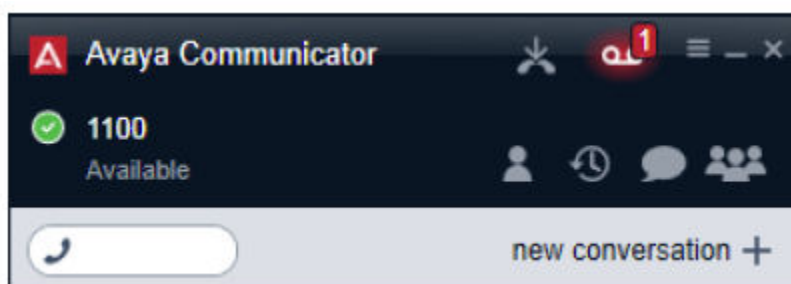


Figure 5: Avaya Communicator for IP Office for Windows compact view

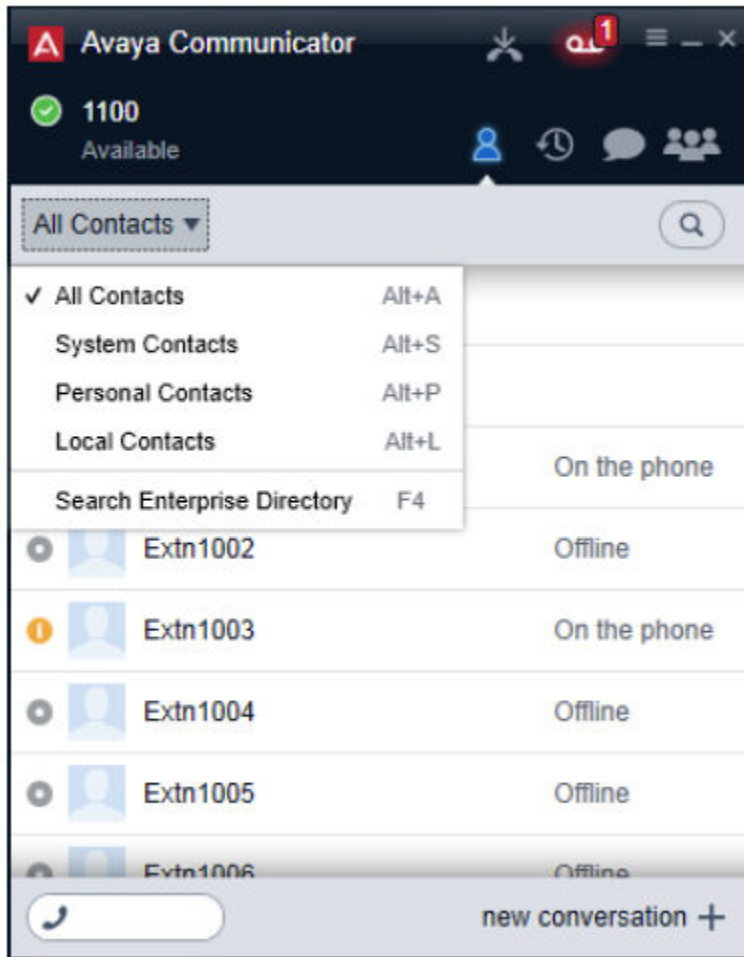


Figure 6: Avaya Communicator for IP Office for Windows full view

- Secure signaling over TLS and secure media exchange over SRTP for cloud environments
- Contact filtering according to criteria and choosing to view only system, local, or personal contacts
- Web conferencing integration
- Unsupervised transfers
- Auto-answer
- Simultaneous mode for interfaces to one-X Portal, Outlook and Salesforce
- Password changing
- Account codes

Administration applications

The following sections provide an overview of the installation and administration related applications.

IP Office Manager

Use the Manager to manage IP Office standalone systems or systems in a small community network (SCN). Manager tracks system configuration changes, manages upgrades, and configuration imports and exports.

IP Office has a built-in audit trail that tracks changes to the system configuration, and who has made them. Manager can display the audit trail to assist with problem resolution. The audit trail records the last 15 changes in the configuration and records the following elements:

- Configuration Changed - For configuration changes, the log will report at a high level on all configuration categories (users, hunt group...) that have been changed.
- Configuration Erased
- Configuration merged
- Reboot - user instigated reboot
- Upgrade
- Cold Start
- Warm Start
- Write at HH:MM - This is when the administrator saved the configuration via the schedule option
- Write with Immediate Reboot
- Write with Reboot When Free

IP Office Manager is also used for maintenance functions such as:

- Upgrade to the IP Office system software
- Ability to send software over an IP network link to a system and have it validated before committing to the upgrade
- Backwards compatibility with systems from Release 2.1 onwards to allow a single management application
- Importing and Exporting IP Office configuration information in ACSII-CSV files.

Server Edition Manager

Server Edition Manager supports complete centralized administration for Server Edition Primary, Server Edition Secondary, and Server Edition Expansion Systems. Manager also provides IP Office telephony and Unified Communications features.

Manager enables management of all the components within the solution for activities such as:

- Single point of configuration for IP Office and voicemail
- Simple initial installation wizard
- Overview of the system with inventory and status
- Common settings consolidated to the Server Edition Primary
- Integrated Voicemail Proclient, System Status Application, and Linux Platform settings access
- Supports online, offline administration, and configuring a complete solution
- Template operations
- Centralized configuration and template storage
- Administrator account management utility
- Retains existing IP Office expertise
- Context sensitive help

Even though Manager is a Windows application, Manager can be installed directly from the Web administration portal of Server Edition Primary server. This enables you to use any Windows personal computer that has any IP Office Manager that is pre-installed immediately.

The configuration of an existing non-Server Edition system can be converted to a Server Edition configuration, and in turn for Server Edition (Non Select) or (Select) mode the conversion to Subscription mode can be achieved by rerunning **Initial Configuration** menu.

Using Manager, the administrator can create templates for many management items such as users, extensions, Hunt Groups, and Lines. The administrator can then create any new item using the default settings or the template. You can create multiple users and extensions using one template.

Call Routing Support:

- Full IP Office ARS and dial plan support
- Default routing simplifies configuration
- Solution wide auto line group numbering
- Common incoming call routes provide resilience
- Resilient Hunt Groups

Offline Operation:

- Complete solution can be created and/or managed offline if required
- Can still manage when some devices offline

- On/offline configuration sync options to harmonize as required

Solution Management:

- Complete solution view with status and inventory
- Users and Hunt Groups are solution wide
- Centralized User Rights, feature short codes, Time Profiles, Incoming Call Routes, and Account Codes
- Permits advanced per-device configuration if desired
- All configurations stored on primary server
- Solution wide system directory
- Easy management of central and per-device licenses

Resilience management:

- You can manage every device locally for 'rainy day' events
- You can manage the solution through a secondary server when the primary server fails or in a split WAN setup
- On/Offline configuration sync options to harmonize as required

Add or Remove Devices:

- Single process for addition or removal of device
- Built-in Initial Configuration Utility (ICU) to simplify adding a new device
- Common configuration items from primary server is auto populated
- Can configure before you install a new device

Validation :

- Configuration validation on read and any change.
- Solution wide validations

Template:

- Create a local and centralized template from an existing Line, Extension, User, Hunt Group, Time Profile, Firewall Profile, IP Route and Service entries
- Recreate multiple Extension and Users from one template

Remote access:

- Supports access from service through SSL VPN

Security:

- Single Sign On to all except one-X Portal administration

Web Manager

Web Manager is a browser-based management tool designed to simplify the installation and maintenance process and provides access to most, but not all, IP Office configuration settings.

Web Manager eliminates the need to have windows operating system because it can run on any device that supports standard browsers.

Granular access:

Web Manager provides service users with access to entire configuration objects if the service user has the configuration access. However, large customers who have multiple service users roles or customers having deployments in the cloud environment need to have granular configuration access for different service users. Hosting partners will be able to build an account for customer or re-seller with limited permissions. These permissions shall restrict the customer or re-seller from performing activities that affects service of the system.

Configuration dashboard:

The Dashboard is a simplified version of the existing IP Office Web Manager and is presented to the administrators when a fresh single-node IP Office system is installed. The Dashboard consists of minimum required set of configuration fields to set up the system. The full setup can be performed anytime afterwards.

System Status Application (SSA)

The System Status Application (SSA) is a diagnostic tool for system managers and administrators to monitor and check the status of IP Office systems locally or remotely. SSA shows both the current state of an IP Office system and details of any problems that have occurred. The information reported is a combination of real-time events, historical events, status and configuration data to assist fault finding and diagnosis. SSA provides real-time status, historic utilization and alarm information for ports, modules and expansion cards on the system. SSA connects to all variants of IP Office using an IP connection that can be remote or local. Modem connections at 14.4kbps or above are supported for remote diagnostics.

SSA provides information on the following:

Alarms	SSA displays all alarms which are recorded within IP Office for each device in error. The number, date and time of the occurrence is recorded. The last 50 alarms are stored within IP Office to avoid need for local PC.
Call Details	Information on incoming and outgoing calls, including call length, call ID and routing information.
Extensions	SSA details all extensions (including device type and port location) on the IP Office system. Information on the current status of a device is also displayed. SSA shows IP Extensions that were registered but no longer available and IP extensions that are configured but have not been registered after last re-boot. This helps to spot phones that are Idle, disconnected, or are misconfigured. SSA also shows quarantined phones and blacklisted extensions and IP addresses.

Trunks	IP Office trunks and connections (VoIP, analog and digital) and their current status are displayed. For VoIP trunks, QoS information is also displayed (e.g. round trip delay, jitter and packet loss).
System Resources	IP Office includes central resources that are utilized to perform various functions. Diagnosing these resources is often critical to the successful operation of the system. This includes details on resources for VCM, Voicemail and conferencing.
QoS Monitoring	QoS Parameters from connected calls, such as jitter and roundtrip delay, are monitored.

SSA can be launched independently or from IP Office Manager and there can be up to two (2) SSA clients connected to an IP Office unit at one time.

Note: SSA is not a configuration tool for IP Office systems.

SysMonitor

Use SysMonitor to troubleshoot IP Office from both local (LAN) and remote locations (WAN).

Select the protocols and interfaces to monitor and diagnose through a graphical interface. Capture traces directly to the screen or as a log file for later analysis. Color code different traces to improve the clarity in large files. The utility also captures system alarms and displays the activity log of the last 20 alarms that have occurred.

Customer Operations Manager

Customer Operations Manager is an administration tool that allows a simplified way of multi-customer management with a focus on cloud-based systems. The tool enables management of IP Office Server Edition systems and provides the following capabilities:

- Single Unified Management portal capable of managing up to 3000 IP Office systems.
- Dashboard that displays error conditions, ongoing system activities, and system health
- Grouping of systems based on versions and tags for accessing similar systems at the click of a button
- Displays all connected systems such as Primary, Secondary, Expansions, and open applications
- Ability to centrally manage IP Office software upgrades and patching across multiple system and versions
- Role-based administration: Customer Operations Manager has its own service users with access to complete or selective customers IP Office.

- Provides facility to launch Native IP Office Management applications. Users need to log in to the applications separately after the application is launched.
- Alarms for Configuration, Services, Trunks, Link, and Security by Severity type
- Alarms for status of IP Office systems indicating whether they are online or offline
- Alarms indicating status of various applications

Solution Management Application

IP Office Manager and Web Manager use the Solution Management Application (SMA) to access the system configuration.

SMA resides on the primary or secondary server. Settings are available for remote access and Server Edition Central Access. Central Access communicates with the primary or secondary server rather than to each node individually. Avaya requires Central Access for a hosted environment and recommends it for non-hosted environments with more than 32 nodes.

SNMP Management Console

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is an industry standard designed to allow the management of data equipment from different vendors using a single Network Manager application. The Network Manager periodically polls equipment to solicit a response, if no response is received an alarm is raised. In addition to responding to polls, IP Office monitors the state of its Extensions, Trunk cards, Expansion Modules and Media cards so that if an error is detected IP Office will notify the Network Manager.

As the IP Office platform comprises many applications, the core software notifies SNMP events from both Voicemail Pro and Embedded Voicemail to warn of approaching storage capacity limits.

IP Office sends email notifications directly to the email server; no additional PC client is needed.

On customer sites where SNMP management is not available, IP Office can email events using up to 3 email addresses each containing a different set of alarms.

The following system event categories can be chosen for email notification, if installed on the system:

- Generic
- Trunk lines
- Embedded Voicemail Card
- VCM
- Expansion modules
- Applications
- License

- Phone change
- CSU Loop-Back

IP Office has been tested against CastleRock's SNMPc-EE™ and HP's Network Node Manager (part of the OpenView application suite).

IP Office Branch applications

Centralized management

With the distributed, mixed, and centralized deployment models, you can use Avaya Aura® System Manager to centrally manage all components in the solution. System Manager manages the centralized applications and services included in the solution, IP Office systems in the branch, as well as centralized users and IP Office users. For certain capabilities that cannot be managed centrally, System Manager launches IP Office Manager in the appropriate mode where you can remotely administer individual IP Office systems.

Centralized management of components through Avaya Aura® System Manager is optional. For example, you can choose to directly manage IP Office systems through IP Office Manager.

With the stand-alone IP Office branch option, centralized management is not available. You must manage all IP Office systems directly through IP Office Manager.

Centralized licensing

With a distributed, mixed, or centralized deployment connected to the Avaya Aura® network, you can access centralized licensing capabilities through the System Manager Avaya WebLM server. With centralized licensing, a single license file is generated in the Product Licensing and Delivery System (PLDS) for multiple branches.

To use centralized licensing, the enterprise must obtain a WebLM licence from PLDS for each IP Office branch. Centralized licensing is not available in stand-alone IP Office branch environments.

Voice mail systems

The IP Office Branch solution supports IP Office voice mail systems and centralized voice mail systems.

The IP Office Embedded Voicemail system is included with the IP Office Essential Edition, and the IP Office Voicemail Pro system is included with the IP Office Preferred and Advanced Editions.

The Branch solution supports the following three centralized voice mail systems as additional components within the solution:

- Avaya Aura® Messaging
- Avaya Modular Messaging
- Avaya CallPilot®: Only supported in distributed branch environments connected to CS 1000.

Avaya Aura® Session Manager

Avaya Aura® Session Manager handles call admission control, call re-direction, digit analysis, dial plan management, internal network call accounting feeds, toll by-pass, inter-office routing and international least cost routing. All administration and management of the enterprise-wide private global dial plan network is handled by this communications appliance, and managed as a single enterprise with Avaya Aura® System Manager.

Session Manager plays a different role for centralized users and IP Office users in deployment environments connected to Avaya Aura®. For IP Office users, Avaya Aura® Session Manager acts as a SIP proxy to route SIP sessions to and from the SIP connections to the IP Office. For centralized users, Avaya Aura® Session Manager is also the main interface that handles user registration and call routing.

Avaya Aura® Communication Manager

Centralized users register to Avaya Aura® Session Manager and obtain telephony services from the Avaya Aura® Communication Manager Feature Server or Evolution Server in the enterprise core. Avaya Aura® Communication Manager does not provide any functionality to IP Office users.

Contact center applications

The following sections provide an overview of the contact center applications.

For general information about:

- IP Office Contact Center, see *Avaya IP Office Contact Center Feature Description*.
- Avaya Contact Center Select, see *Avaya Contact Center Select Solution Description*.

 **Note:**

Ensure to configure Avaya Workplace Client for Windows to hidden mode while using ACCS and IPOCC for CTI.

IP Office Contact Center overview

* Note:

IP Office Contact Center goes End of Sale for new systems in September 2019.

Avaya is the market leader in call center technology, and IP Office Contact Center can take your business to a new level. IP Office Contact Center provides integrated contact center capabilities specifically designed for businesses supporting between 5 and 250 contact center agents and supervisors.

IP Office Contact Center provides the following features and characteristics:

- All-in-one customer service solution that delivers consistent service to customers across multiple media channels and locations. IP Office Contact Center includes a user interface (UI) on Microsoft Windows and a web interface supported on various browsers.
- Fast implementation with minimum disruption to the business. IP Office Contact Center also includes an automatic synchronization feature for configuration. This feature can be enabled and disabled as needed during implementation.
- Access to Agent UI functionality, including call control, from a Salesforce (SFDC) plug-in or SAP CRM connector.
- Email and chat capabilities on the Windows and Web UI.
- Inbound and outbound voice calls with telephony and dialer capabilities.
- Skills-based routing.
- Address book access so agents can quickly find the contact information they need to make calls and send emails.
- Real time and historical reporting for all media channels.
- Interactive Voice Response (IVR) and Task Flow Editor scripts.
- User profile and agent group privilege configuration to determine which features are available to users of the interface. Administrators must assign privileges and create agent groups.
- Access to a web-based administration portal. You can use the administration portal to perform configuration, maintenance, monitoring, and management tasks. You can also upload certificates, collect logs, and download email archives and the IP Office Contact Center User Interface for Windows. Advanced administration tasks must be performed in the IP Office Contact Center User Interface for Windows. You cannot perform administration tasks with the IP Office Contact Center Web User Interface.
- Access to a wallboard that displays IP Office Contact Center statistics. For more information about Wallboard, see *Using Avaya IP Office Contact Center Wallboard*.
- Option to easily integrate chat functionality into a web page. For more information, see *Avaya IP Office Contact Center Email and Chat Services Task Based Guide*.
- Optional integration with call recording applications, such as IP Office Media Manager. Calls are recorded with Voicemail Pro and the details of the complete recording are stored in the

database of the call recording application. You can search for and manage recordings using a web browser.

- Media Resource Control Protocol (MRCP) integration, which provides support for text to speech (TTS) and automatic speech recognition.

Avaya Contact Center Select overview

Avaya Contact Center Select is a context-sensitive, collaborative, voice and multimedia contact center solution that allows small to midsize enterprises to anticipate, accelerate, and enhance customer interactions. Avaya Contact Center Select uses the Avaya IP Office telephone system to provide a real-time telephony platform.

Avaya Contact Center Select uses industry-standard SIP and CTI interfaces to integrate with IP Office. This integration gives Avaya Contact Center Select access to and control of a wide range of IP Office phones and features. Customers integrating Avaya Contact Center Select with IP Office gain skill-based routing, call treatments, reporting, unified agent management, and the graphical Orchestration Designer utility.

Avaya Agent Desktop is a single-interface client application used by Avaya Contact Center Select agents to assist customers. Avaya Contact Center Select agents use Agent Desktop software to respond to customer voice and multimedia contacts. Agent Desktop supports a range of IP Office phones and a wide variety of multimedia contact types.

By default, Avaya Contact Center Select connections and Web Services use secure TLS communication. The Avaya Contact Center Select Certificate Management tool makes it easier to manage security certificates.

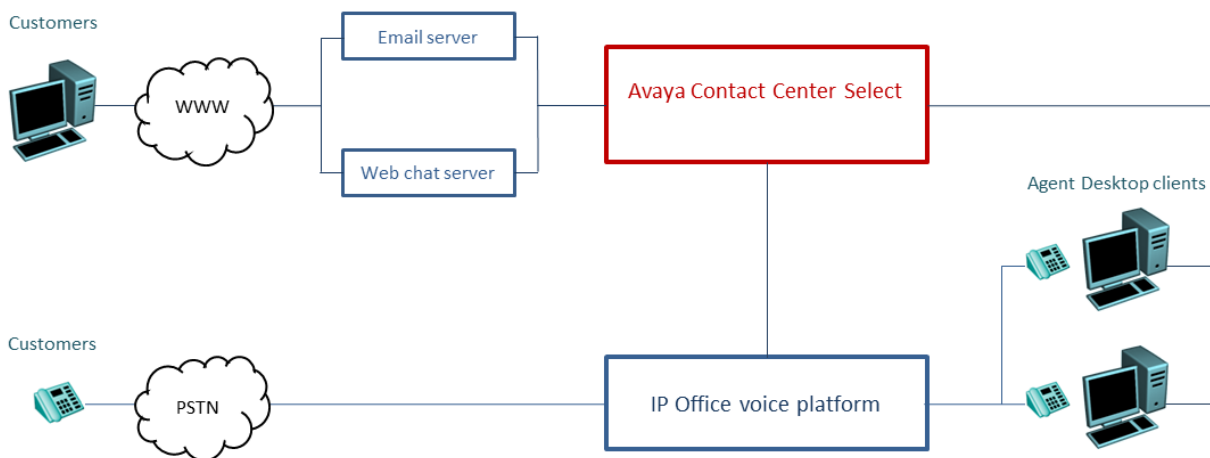


Figure 7: Typical contact center solution using voice and multimedia Avaya Contact Center Select and the Avaya IP Office voice phone system

Avaya Contact Center Select provides a feature-rich voice and multimedia solution with integrated routing and reporting for small to midsize enterprises. Avaya Contact Center Select provides unified contact center and IP Office phone user account management for agents and supervisors. Voice-enabled agents and supervisors created in Avaya Contact Center Select are automatically added to IP Office. Avaya Contact Center Select synchronizes user (agent and supervisor) information between Avaya Contact Center Select and IP Office.

Part 4: Miscellaneous

Chapter 6: Resources

Documentation

See the following related documents at the Avaya Support website at support.avaya.com and at the IP Office Knowledge Base at <https://ipofficekb.avaya.com>.

Document number	Title	Use this document to:	Audience
Overview			
16-604278	<i>Avaya IP Office™ Platform Start Here First</i>	See a list of all the documents related to the solution.	Everyone
Not numbered	<i>Avaya IP Office™ Platform Solution Description</i>	Understand the solution at a high-level.	Everyone
Reference			
Not numbered	<i>Avaya IP Office™ Platform Short Code and Button Action Reference</i>	Understand short codes and buttons action details.	Administrators
Not numbered	<i>Avaya IP Office™ Platform Security Guidelines</i>	Understand Avaya IP Office™ Platform security details.	Implementation engineers Administrators

Finding documents on the Avaya Support website

Procedure

1. Go to <https://support.avaya.com>.
2. At the top of the screen, type your username and password and click **Login**.
3. Click **Support by Product > Documents**.
4. In **Enter your Product Here**, type the product name and then select the product from the list.
5. In **Choose Release**, select the appropriate release number.

The **Choose Release** field is not available if there is only one release for the product.

6. In the **Content Type** filter, click a document type, or click **Select All** to see a list of all available documents.

For example, for user guides, click **User Guides** in the **Content Type** filter. The list only displays the documents for the selected category.

7. Click **Enter**.

Training

Avaya training and credentials are designed to ensure our Business Partners have the capabilities and skills to successfully sell, implement, and support Avaya solutions and exceed customer expectations. The following credentials are available:

- Avaya Certified Sales Specialist (APSS)
- Avaya Implementation Professional Specialist (AIPS)
- Avaya Certified Support Specialist (ACSS)

Credential maps are available on the Avaya Learning website at <http://avaya-learning.com/>.

The following courses are also available on the Avaya Learning website. After logging in to the website, enter the course code or the course title in the **Search** field.

Course code	Course title
2S00012W	APSS – Small and MidMarket Communications – IP Office™ Platform and Select Overview
4601W	Avaya IP Office™ Platform — Components
4602W	Avaya IP Office™ Platform — Editions
2S00015O	Small and Midmarket Communications — IP Office — Endpoints
10S00005E	Knowledge Access: Avaya IP Office™ Platform Implementation
5S00004E	Knowledge Access: Avaya IP Office™ Platform Support

Included in all Knowledge Collection Access offers above is a separate area called IP Office Supplemental Knowledge. This floor in the Virtual Campus contains self-directed learning objects, which cover IP Office delta information. This material can be consumed by technicians experienced in IP Office.

Viewing Avaya Mentor videos

Avaya Mentor videos provide technical content on how to install, configure, and troubleshoot Avaya products.

About this task

Videos are available on the Avaya Support website, listed under the video document type, and on the Avaya-run channel on YouTube.

- To find videos on the Avaya Support website, go to <https://support.avaya.com/> and do one of the following:
 - In **Search**, type `Avaya Mentor Videos`, click **Clear All** and select **Video** in the **Content Type**.
 - In **Search**, type the product name. On the Search Results page, click **Clear All** and select **Video** in the **Content Type**.

The **Video** content type is displayed only when videos are available for that product.

In the right pane, the page displays a list of available videos.

- To find the Avaya Mentor videos on YouTube, go to www.youtube.com/AvayaMentor and do one of the following:
 - Enter a key word or key words in the **Search Channel** to search for a specific product or topic.
 - Scroll down Playlists, and click a topic name to see the list of videos available for the topic. For example, Contact Centers.

 **Note:**

Videos are not available for all products.

Additional IP Office resources

You can find information at the following additional resource websites.

Avaya

<https://www.avaya.com> is the official Avaya website. The front page also provides access to individual Avaya websites for different countries.

Avaya Sales & Partner Portal

<https://sales.avaya.com> is the official website for all Avaya Business Partners. The site requires registration for a user name and password. Once accessed, the portal can be customized for specific products and information types that you wish to see and be notified about by email.

Avaya IP Office Knowledge Base

<https://ipofficekb.avaya.com> provides access to an online, regularly updated version of the IP Office Knowledge Base.

Avaya maintenance, lifecycle and warranty information

Avaya support services complement standard Avaya maintenance, lifecycle and warranty policies that are posted on <https://support.avaya.com>. For more information, send email to support@avaya.com.

International Avaya User Group

<https://www.iaug.org> is the official discussion forum for Avaya product users.

Support

Go to the Avaya Support website at <https://support.avaya.com> for the most up-to-date documentation, product notices, and knowledge articles. You can also search for release notes, downloads, and resolutions to issues. Use the online service request system to create a service request. Chat with live agents to get answers to questions, or request an agent to connect you to a support team if an issue requires additional expertise.

Using the Avaya InSite Knowledge Base

The Avaya InSite Knowledge Base is a web-based search engine that provides:

- Up-to-date troubleshooting procedures and technical tips
- Information about service packs
- Access to customer and technical documentation
- Information about training and certification programs
- Links to other pertinent information

If you are an authorized Avaya Partner or a current Avaya customer with a support contract, you can access the Knowledge Base without extra cost. You must have a login account and a valid Sold-To number.

Use the Avaya InSite Knowledge Base for any potential solutions to problems.

1. Go to <http://www.avaya.com/support>.
2. Log on to the Avaya website with a valid Avaya user ID and password.
The system displays the Avaya Support page.
3. Click **Support by Product > Product-specific Support**.
4. In **Enter Product Name**, enter the product, and press `Enter`.
5. Select the product from the list, and select a release.
6. Click the **Technical Solutions** tab to see articles.
7. Select relevant articles.

Accessing Avaya DevConnect Application Notes

The Avaya DevConnect program conducts testing with service providers to establish compatibility with Avaya products.

Procedure

1. Go to http://www.devconnectprogram.com/site/global/compliance_testing/application_notes/index.gsp.

2. Sign in or register.

3. Click a timeframe to search within.

A list of all the application notes for that timeframe appears.

4. In the **Search** field, type `IP Office` and press **Enter**.

A list of relevant Application Notes appear.

Chapter 7: Standards

Regulatory standards

Quality of Service standards

Every customer will have different expectations and different budgets to work to. Some will be willing to upgrade their networks to use the best possible equipment and practices. To others the additional expense may be viewed as unnecessary. Examples of standards based Quality of Service protocols include:

- 802.1Q (Layer 2)
- DiffServ (Layer 3)
- Port Range (Layer 4)
- 802.1X (MD-5)

Voice compression codecs

The bandwidth used varies depending on the compression method chosen. IP Office supports standards listed below. These will occupy approximately 10K and 13K of bandwidth respectively. Use the following chart to choose the most appropriate compression algorithm for your available bandwidth.

Audio Codec	RTP Voice Data Payload (bytes)	Packets per second	LAN (bps)	% overhead LAN	WAN (bps)	% overhead WAN	Algorithmic delay (ms)
G.723.1 (6.3K)	24	33.33	20,800	225%	9,867	54%	80
G.729a	20	50	29,600	270%	13,200	65%	40
G.711 (64K)	160	50	85,600	34%	69,200	8%	20
G.722 (64K)	160	50	85,600	34%	69,200	8%	20

VoIP standards

IP Office supports the following protocols and standards:

- H.323 V2 (1998)** Packet-based multimedia communications systems.
- Q.931** ISDN user-network interface layer 3 specification for basic call control.
- H.225.0 (1998)** Call signaling protocols and media stream packetization for packet-based multimedia communication systems.

H.245 (1998) Control protocol for multimedia communication.

SIP Session Initiation Protocol

T.38 Fax standard

Internet standards (In addition to TCP/UDP/IP.)

Standard	Description
RFC 1889	Real Time Protocol (RTP) and Real Time Control Protocol (RTCP)
RFC 2507, 2508, 2509	Header compression
RFC 2474	DiffServ, Type of Service field configurable
RFC 1990	PPP fragmentation
RFC 1490	Encapsulation for Frame Relay
RFC 2686	Multiclass Extensions to Multilink PPP
RFC 3261	SIP
RFC 3489	STUN

Analog trunk standards

IP Office analog trunk cards conform to the standards:

TIA/EIA-646-B Loop Start

GR-188-CORE and GR-31-CORE Incoming Caller line identification (ICLID)

ANSI T1.401 and TIA/EIA-646-B Ground Start (not available in all localities)

Database interface standards

IP Office supports the ActiveX Data Object (ADO) interface standard.

PCI Security Standard Council standards

Leading credit card companies defined standards in the PCI Security Standard Council and one of these standards is not recording credit card numbers given by the customer.

Networking protocol standards

Protocol	RFC	Description
Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP)	RFC1661	WAN protocol that allows interworking with a wide range of third-party routers. PPP is used over leased line circuits where a single channel is used to connect the two locations together. For example, a single channel maybe a 64K channel on a dial-up circuit or a 256K leased line etc.
Link Control Protocol (LCP)	RFC1570	In PPP, LCP establishes, configures and tests data-link Internet connections.
Multi-Link Point-to-Point Protocol (ML-PPP)	RFC1990	Allows additional calls to be made where bandwidth greater than a single channel is required. The maximum number of channels available to data can be set on a service-by-service basis. When the available bandwidth reaches a user defined limit additional channels can be automatically added. Similarly, when traffic falls then the number of channels in use can be automatically reduced. If there is no data traffic on any of the channels in use then all lines can be cleared. Since most carriers have a minimum charge for calls, the period that a channel has to be idle before clearing is configurable. Through these mechanisms call costs can be effectively controlled while ensuring that bandwidth is available as and when it is needed.
Internet Protocol Control Protocol (IPCP)	RFC1332	A Network Control Protocol (NCP) for establishing and configuring IP over a PPP.
Internet Protocol Header Compression (IPHC)	-	Reduces the header size of the data packet to gain bandwidth efficiency over WANs, but adds to transmission latency.
Password Authentication Protocol (PAP)	RFC1334	A method of authenticating the remote end of a connection using unencrypted passwords.
Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP)	RFC1889	RTP defines a standardized packet format for delivering audio and video over IP networks.
Real-time Transport Control Protocol (RTCP)		RTCP works with RTP to send control packets to call participants to provide feedback on the quality of service.
Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)	RFC1994	Allows an incoming data call to be authenticated using encrypted passwords. The system also provides the option to periodically reaffirm the authenticity of the caller during the data call.
Compression Control Protocol (CCP)	RFC1962	Configures, enables and disables data compression algorithms on both ends of the PPP link. Also used for signal a failure.

Table continues...

Protocol	RFC	Description
Light-weight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)	RFC4510	Allows the telephone number directory (names and telephone numbers) held in IP Office to be synchronized with the information on an LDAP server (limited to 5000 entries). Although targeted for interoperability with Windows 2000 Server Active Directory, the feature is sufficiently configurable to interoperate with any server that supports LDAP version 2 or higher.
Microsoft Point-to-Point Compression (MPPC)	RFC2118	Data compression method for greater throughput on slow speed WAN links.
Bandwidth Allocation Control Protocol (BACP)	RFC2125	Allows the negotiation with the remote end of the data call to request additional calls to be made to improve aggregate data throughput.
User Datagram Protocol (UDP)	RFC768	A simple connectionless transmission model with a minimum of protocol mechanism used to allow applications to send messages (datagrams) to other hosts on an IP network without prior communications to set up special transmission channels or data paths.
Internet Protocol (IP)	RFC791	A set of rules governing the format of data sent over the Internet or other network.
Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)	RFC793	A connection is established and maintained until the application at each end have finished engaging messages.
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	RFC1533	Dynamically distributes network configuration parameters on an IP network such as IP addresses for interfaces and services.
Network Address Translation (NAT)	RFC1631	<p>A mechanism that allows the use of different IP address on a private network behind a router with a public IP Address. When connecting to the Internet, ISPs typically want a customer to use an IP address they have allocated. Using NAT this is easily accommodated, eradicating the need for the customer to change their network numbering scheme and providing additional security to the internal users as their address is hidden to the public.</p> <p>Typically, a company maps its internal network addresses to a global external IP address and unmaps the global IP address on incoming packets back into internal IP addresses. This helps ensure security since each outgoing or incoming request must go through a translation process. This also offers the opportunity to qualify or authenticate the request or match it to a previous request. NAT also conserves the number of global IP addresses that a company needs.</p>

Table continues...

Protocol	RFC	Description
Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP)	RFC951	Automatically assigns an IP address to network devices from a configuration server on an IP network.
Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)	RFC1350	A simple protocol to transfer files implemented on top of the UDP using port number 69.
Network Time Protocol (NTP)	RFC868	Provides clock synchronization between computer systems over packet-switched, variable latency data networks.
Proxy Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)	-	Support for Proxy Address Resolution Protocol allows IP Office to respond on behalf of the IP address of a device connected to it when receiving an ARP request.
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv1)	RFC1157 RFC1155 RFC1212 RFC1215	Simple Network Management Protocol. (STD15) Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP based internets. (STD16) Concise MIB Definitions. (STD16) A convention for defining traps for use with SNMP
Management Information Base (MIB-II)	RFC1213	Management Information base for network management of TCP/IP based internets: MIB-II. (STD17)
ENTITY MIB	RFC2737	Entity MIB (Version 2)
Routing Information Protocol (RIP)	RFC1058 RFC2453 RFC1722	Distance vector protocol that allows routers to determine the shortest route to a destination network. It does this by measuring the number of intermediary routers that need to be traversed to reach the destination network. If more than one route exists to the same destination the shortest route is used. If a fault occurs on the shortest route it will be remarked as being infinite and any alternative route will become the new shortest route. This behavior can be used to add resilience into a data network. Where a customer has an existing data network comprising of third party routers, IP Office added to the network can provide back up using its routing and dial-up capability. RIP enabled routers share their knowledge of the network with each other by advertising and listening to routing table changes. IP Office Supports both the RIP I and RIP II standards.

Table continues...

Protocol	RFC	Description
Internet Protocol Security (IPSec)	RFC2401	Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol
	RFC2402	IP Authentication Header
	RFC2403	The Use of HMAC-MD5-96 within ESP and AH
	RFC2404	The Use of HMAC-SHA-1-96 within ESP and AH
	RFC2405	The ESP DES-CBC Cipher Algorithm with Explicit IV
	RFC2406	IP Encapsulation Security Payload. (ESP)
	RFC2407	The Internet IP Security Domain of Interpolation for ISAKMP
	RFC2408	Internet Security Association and Key Management Protocol
	RFC2409	The Internet Key Exchange
	RFC2410	The NULL Encryption Algorithm and its Use with IPSec
	RFC2411	IP Security Document Roadmap
Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (L2TP)	RFC2661 RFC3193	<p>PPP authentication using PAP or CHAP takes place between directly connected routers only. When using a public IP Network to connect sites this authentication takes place between the customers router and the service provide router that it is connected to. In some circumstances it is desirable to authenticate between the customer owned routers, jumping over all the intermediary routers of the service provider's network. Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol allow this to happen by facilitating a two stage authentication, firstly with the service provider router then the customer router on the remote network.</p> <p>IPSec tunnels allow a company to pass data between locations over unsecured IP networks such as the public internet. The company data is secured using 3DES encryption making it unintelligible to other parties that might be 'eaves dropping' on the traffic. Tunneling can be applied to link offices together or provide workers access to the office over the internet. All IP Office systems support up to a total of 256K worth of encrypted traffic to multiple locations. Initially, inter-working is supported only between IP Offices that are connected either directly on a WAN port or via the LAN using a third-party router. IPSec is optional and enabled on IP Office through a License Key.</p>
Differentiated Services (DiffServ)	RFC2474	Networking architecture that specifies a simple, scalable and coarse-grained mechanism for classifying and managing network traffic and providing quality of service (QoS) on IP networks.
Frame Relay Encapsulation	RFC 1490	Multi protocol Interconnect over Frame Relay

Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) standards

Rec. E.164 [2]	ITU-T Recommendation E.164: The international public telecommunication numbering plan
RFC 2833 [7]	RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals
RFC 3261 [8]	SIP: Session Initiation Protocol
RFC 3263 [10]	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP): Locating SIP Servers
RFC 3264 [11]	An Offer/Answer Model with Session Description Protocol (SDP)
RFC 3323 [14]	A Privacy Mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
RFC 3489 [18]	STUN - Simple Traversal of User Datagram Protocol (UDP) Through Network Address Translators (NATs)
RFC 3824 [24]	Using E.164 numbers with the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
RFC 1889	RTP
RFC 1890	RTP Audio
RFC 4566	SDP
RFC 3265	Event Notification
RFC 3515	SIP Refer
RFC 3842	Message Waiting
RFC 3310	Authentication
RFC 2976	INFO
RFC 3323	Privacy for SIP (PAI) and draft-ietf-sip-privacy-04 (RPID)
RFC 3325	Private Extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Asserted Identity within Trusted Networks
RFC 3581	An Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Symmetric Response Routing
RFC 3311	The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) UPDATE Method

Glossary list

Automatic Route Selection	A feature of some telephone systems in which the system automatically chooses the most cost-effective way to send a toll call.
Busy Hour Call Completions	A measure of dynamic traffic calls that can be completed in an average busy hour.
Communication Manager	A key component of Avaya Aura®. It delivers rich voice and video capabilities and provides a resilient, distributed network for media gateways and analog, digital, and IP-based communication devices. It includes advanced mobility features, built-in conference calling, contact center applications and E911 capabilities.
Computer Supported Telecommunications Application (CSTA)	A standard interface for Computer Telephony Integration (CTI) applications, such as voice mail and auto-attendant, to interact with telephony equipment.
Digital Communications Protocol	A proprietary protocol that is used to transmit both digitized voice and digitized data over the same communications link. A Digital Communications Protocol (DCP) link consists of two 64-kbps information (I) channels, and one 8-kbps signaling (S) channel. The DCP protocol supports two information-bearing channels and two telephones or data modules.
Directory Enabled Management	An interface that uses Avaya Directory Server to facilitate administration of Modular Messaging from a centralized location.
Distributed Communications System	A proprietary inter-networking protocol from Avaya with which you can configure two or more Avaya-based private communication networks to operate as one, large network.
Domain Name System (DNS)	An Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standard for ASCII strings to represent IP addresses. The DNS is a distributed internal directory service used mostly to translate between domain names and IP addresses. Avaya 9600 Series IP Telephones can use DNS to resolve names into IP addresses. In DHCP, TFTP, and HTTP files, DNS names can be used whenever IP addresses are available as long as a valid DNS server is identified first.

Dynamic Data Exchange (DDE)	An interprocess communication (IPC) method.
Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)	An Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) protocol used to automate IP address allocation and management.
Ethernet Routing Switch (ERS)	The Avaya stackable chassis system that provides high-performance, convergence-ready, secure, and resilient Ethernet switching connectivity.
Expansion Interface	A port circuit pack in a port network (PN) that provides the interface between a time-division multiplex (TDM) bus or a packet bus on the PN and a fiber-optic link. Expansion interface (EI) carries circuit-switched data, packet-switched data, network control, timing control, and digital signal-1 (DS1) control. EI in an expansion port network (EPN) also communicates with the master maintenance circuit pack to provide the environmental status and the alarm status of the EPN to the switch processing element (SPE).
Expansion port network	In Intuity Audix Server configurations, a port network (PN) that is connected to the time-division multiplex (TDM) bus and the packet bus of a processor port network (PPN). Control is achieved by indirect connection of the EPN to the PPN by way of a port network link (PNL).
Extension to Cellular access number	The phone number dialed to connect to the Avaya server that is running Communication Manager. The Extension to Cellular access number initiates the process of enabling or disabling Extension to Cellular or changing the station security code.
Federal Communications Commission (FCC)	A United States federal agency that regulates communications such as wire-line communications and the Internet.
Global Technical Services	An Avaya team that answers customer calls about products in Avaya Integrated Management.
Internet Protocol	A connectionless protocol that operates at Layer 3 of the Open Systems Interconnect (OSI) model. Internet Protocol (IP) is used for Internet addressing and routing packets over multiple networks to a final destination. IP works in conjunction with Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), and is identified as TCP/IP.
Local Survivable Processor	A configuration of the S8300 media server in which the server acts as an alternate server or gatekeeper for IP entities such as IP telephones and G700 media gateways. These IP entities use the Local Survivable Processor (LSP) when the IP entities lose connectivity with the primary server.

Media gateway	An application-enabling hardware element that is part of a family of such elements. This family includes intra-switch connectivity, control interfaces, port interfaces, and cabinets. Avaya media gateways support both bearer traffic and signaling traffic that is routed between packet-switched networks and circuit-switched networks to deliver data, voice, fax, and messaging capabilities. Media gateways provide protocol conversion, such as IP to ATM to TDM, conferencing, presence, such as on-hook or off-hook, connectivity to private networks and public networks, such as IP, ATM, TDM, and networking, such as QSIG, DCS, ISDN. Media gateways support optional form factors.
Network Address Port Translation	A network routing technique. Network Address Port Translation (NAPT) is used to access systems on the same subnet as an IP Office.
Network Routing Policy	An application for centrally managing SIP routing for Session Manager instances. A routing policy describes how a call is routed: where it comes from, where it's going, what its dial pattern is, what time of day it is routed, and its cost for a particular route.
OFCOM	The United Kingdom Office of Communication for the regulation of telecommunications.
Product Information Presentation System	The Product Information Presentation System (PIPS) reports provide data from the Product Information Expert (PIE), a data mining tool that extracts Avaya customer switch and adjunct configuration information and stores it in a database.
Product Licensing and Delivery System (PLDS)	The Avaya licensing and download website and management system. Avaya Business Partners and customers use this site to obtain ISO image files and other software downloads.
Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN)	A telephone network that includes many communication technologies such as microwave transmission, satellites, and undersea cables.
Remote Feature Activation	A Web-based Avaya application to remotely activate features and increase capacities on the system of a customer by delivering a new license file.
System Manager	A common management framework for Avaya Aura® that provides centralized management functions for provisioning and administration to reduce management complexity. System Manager can also function as a self-signed Root Certificate Authority (CA) or as an intermediate CA. System Manager enables the Simple Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) application to sign certificates for Avaya deskphones.
System Status Application	An IP Office application that shows the status of things such as outgoing calls.

Telecommuter	The configuration where Communication Manager establishes the voice connection to a circuit-switched telephone. Requires two connections: a TCP/IP connection for signaling control and a circuit-switched connection for voice.
Telephony Application Program Interface (TAPI)	A Microsoft® Windows API that enables computers running Windows to use telephony services. TAPI is used for data, FAX, and voice communications. Applications can use TAPI to control telephony functions, such as dial, answer, and hang up.
Telephony Service Provider Interface (TSPI)	A Microsoft-defined interface to the telephony service provider (TSP). Microsoft® Windows comes with an H.323 TSP, an IP conference TSP, a kernel-mode device driver TSP, and a unimodem TSP.

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